UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

(Mark One)

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended: December 31, 2019

□ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from: _____ to: ____

Commission File Number 001-37817

CONDUENT INCORPORATED

(Exact Name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

	New York		81-2983623		
(State or other juris	(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)				
100 Campus Drive,	Suite 200, Florham Park	New Jersey	07932		
	(Address of principal executive offices)		(Zip Code)		
	(844) 663-2 (Registrant's telephone number				
	Securities registered pursuant to	Section 12(b) of the Act:			
Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)		Name of each exchange on which registered		
Common Stock, \$0.01 par value	CNDT		NASDAQ Global Select Market		
	Securities registered pursuant to Se	ction 12(g) of the Act: No	one		
Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-k	nown seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 4	05 of the Securities Act	t. Yes x No o		
Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not requ	uired to file reports pursuant to Section 13 o	r Section 15(d) of the A	ct. Yes o No x		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		• • •	the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 ch filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o		
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant ha preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period tha			e submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the		
Indicate by a check mark whether the registrant company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer,			ed filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth owth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.		

	-			 	-	-	
Large accelerated filer	X	Accelerated filer	Non-accelerated filer	Small reporting company		Emerging growth company	

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. o

Indicate by a check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes 🗆 No 🗵

The aggregate market value of the voting and non-voting common stock of the registrant held by non-affiliates as of June 30, 2019 was \$2,012,432,097.

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the Registrant's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date:

Class	Outstanding at January 31, 2020
Common Stock, \$0.01 par value	211,886,566

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Part III of this Form 10-K incorporates by reference certain portions of the Registrant's Notice of 2020 Annual Meeting of Shareholders and Proxy Statement (to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Regulation 14A no later than 120 days after the close of the fiscal year covered by this report on Form 10-K).

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

From time to time, we and our representatives may provide information, whether orally or in writing, including certain statements in this Annual Report on Form 10-K (Form 10-K), which are deemed to be "forward-looking" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (the "Litigation Reform Act"). These forward-looking statements and other information are based on our beliefs as well as assumptions made by us using information currently available.

The words "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "will," "aim," "should," "continue to," and similar expressions, as they relate to us, are intended to identify forwardlooking statements. These statements reflect our current views with respect to future events and are subject to certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those expressed or implied herein as anticipated, believed, estimated, expected or intended or using other similar expressions.

In accordance with the provisions of the Litigation Reform Act, we are making investors aware that such forward-looking statements, because they relate to future events, are by their very nature subject to many important factors and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated by the forward-looking statements contained in this Form 10-K, any exhibits to this Form 10-K and other public statements we make.

Important factors and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in our forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to: government appropriations and termination rights contained in our government contracts; risk and impact of potential godwill and other asset impairments; our ability to renew commercial and government contracts, including contracts awarded through competitive bidding processes; our ability to recover capital and other investments in connection with our contracts; our ability to attract and retain necessary technical personnel and qualified subcontractors; our ability to deliver on our contractual obligations properly and on time; competitive pressures; our significant indebtedness; changes in interest in outsourced business process services; our ability to obtain adequate pricing for our services and to improve our cost structure; risk and impact of geopolitical events, natural disasters and other factors (such as pandemics, including coronavirus) in a particular country or region on our workforce, customers and vendors; claims of infringement of third-party intellectual property rights; the failure to comply with laws relating to individually identifiable information, and personal health information and laws relating to processing certain financial transactions, including payment card transactions and debit or credit card transactions; breaches of our information systems or security systems or any service interruptions; our ability to estimate the scope of work or the costs of performance in our contracts; our continuing emphasis on and shift toward technology-led digital transactions; customer decision-making cycles and lead time for customer commitments; our ability to collect our receivables, including those for unbilled services; a decline in revenues from, or a loss of, or a reduction in business from or failure of significant clients; fluctuations in our non-recurring revenue; our failure to maintain a satisfactory credit rating; our ability to attract and retain key employees; increases in the cost of telephone and data services or significant interruptions in such services; our failure to develop new service offerings; our ability to modernize our information technology infrastructure and consolidate data centers; our ability to comply with data security standards; our ability to receive dividends or other payments from our subsidiaries; changes in tax and other laws and regulations; changes in government regulation and economic, strategic, political and social conditions; and other factors that are set forth in the "Risk Factors" section, the "Legal Proceedings" section, the "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" section and other sections of this Form 10-K, as well as in our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and Current Reports on Form 8-K. We do not intend to update these forward-looking statements, except as required by law.

CONDUENT INCORPORATED FORM 10-K December 31, 2019

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Page
Part I		
Item 1.	Business	3
Item 1A.	Risk Factors	14
Item 1B.	Unresolved Staff Comments	26
Item 2.	Properties	26
Item 3.	Legal Proceedings	26
Item 4.	Mine Safety Disclosures	26
Part II		
Item 5.	Market for the Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities	27
Item 6.	Selected Financial Data	28
Item 7.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	30
Item 7A.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	45
Item 8.	Financial Statements and Supplementary Data	46
Item 9.	Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure	92
Item 9A.	Controls and Procedures	92
Item 9B.	Other Information	93
Part III		
Item 10.	Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance	93
Item 11.	Executive Compensation	94
Item 12.	Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters	94
Item 13.	Certain Relationships, Related Transactions and Director Independence	94
Item 14.	Principal Auditor Fees and Services	94
Part IV		
Item 15.	Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules	94
Item 16.	Form 10-K Summary	95
Exhibit Index		96
Signatures		100

PART I

ITEM 1. BUSINESS

In this Form 10-K, unless the content otherwise dictates, "Conduent", the "Company", "we" or "our" mean Conduent Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries.

Our Business

As one of the largest business process services companies in the world, Conduent delivers mission-critical services and solutions on behalf of businesses and governments – creating exceptional outcomes for our clients and the millions of people who count on them. Through people, process, expertise in transaction-intensive processing and technology such as analytics and automation, Conduent's services and solutions create value by improving efficiencies, reducing costs and enabling revenue growth. A majority of Fortune 100 companies and over 500 government entities depend on Conduent every day to manage their business processes and essential interactions with their end-users.

Conduent's commercial portfolio includes leading solutions in attractive markets such as end-user customer experience management, transaction processing services, commercial healthcare and human resource and learning services. For example, Conduent is a leading provider of medical bill review. In 2019, Conduent processed over 28 million medical bills and saved customers over \$17 billion.

Conduent serves a vast range of the public sector including market leading transportation and government solutions. For example, Conduent's systems support 11 million traveler transactions per day via electronic tolling and process over 40% of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) payments on behalf of government entities.

We create value for our clients through efficient global service delivery combined with a personalized and seamless experience for the end-user. We apply our expertise, technology and innovation to continually modernize our offerings for improved customer and constituent satisfaction and loyalty, increased process efficiency and rapid response to changing market dynamics.

Conduent Incorporated is a New York corporation, organized in 2016. Our common stock began trading on January 3, 2017, on the New York Stock Exchange, under the ticker "CNDT". In December 2019, Conduent changed the listing of its publicly traded common stock from the New York Stock Exchange to the NASDAQ Global Select Market (NASDAQ), where it remains listed under the ticker "CNDT".

With approximately 67,000 employees globally as of December 31, 2019, we provide differentiated services to clients spanning medium and large businesses and governments around the world.

In the third quarter of 2019, management and the Board of Directors jointly commenced a strategic and operational review of the Company and each line of business. Each of the lines of business were evaluated across multiple factors including competitive positioning, financial performance, investment needs, market scarcity and execution risk, among others. The Company's transformation plan and perspective on allocating capital amongst its business units changed as a result of this review.



Our Transformation

We continue to focus on transformation and optimization throughout the business. We have seen tremendous optimization from our real estate consolidation efforts. Going forward, we intend to transform the business through an intense focus on Growth, Quality, and Efficiency – utilizing a programmatic, project management approach. We are intent on hiring and organizing top-talent, instituting and instilling processes and investing in and upgrading our technology. We are using a deliberate process that identifies the biggest gaps and then prioritizes actions to ensure success.

- Growth: In 2019, we hired a Chief Revenue Officer and re-organized our sales team. We centralized the sales executives from the business delivery operations. Previously, the
 sales and delivery organizations were co-mingled. We believe isolating sales executives to a single organization with a sole purpose of selling will enable the team to benefit
 from increased focus and shared sales knowledge transfer. Additionally, we simplified our go-to-market strategy to align our focus on solution-based selling. We are taking a
 very client-centric approach to strengthen our relationships, better understand our clients' businesses and proactively respond to or pre-empt our clients' needs. We are
 examining the entire "sales to service continuum" to improve our performance and have launched a client retention program. We are measuring success in "Growth" through
 revenue retention and new business signings, among other metrics.
- Quality: In 2019, we continued to improve processes and procedures to address our technology infrastructure and our client delivery. We hired new executive leadership in the technology organization and continued the consolidation process of our data centers. We are also establishing a new and a more centralized command center to boost proactive management and monitoring of infrastructure incidents. We believe these changes will provide stability and a streamlined delivery of services to our clients and their end-users. In addition to optimizing the quality and stability of our service delivery, we continue to invest to upgrade our solutions to enable exceptional outcomes for our clients and their end-users as we work to standardize the service delivery processes. We are measuring success in "Quality" by service level agreement performance, severity 1 outages, and client satisfaction.
- Efficiency: We continue to find ways to reduce costs via increased efficiencies. We are implementing standardized processes and a singular operating model across the
 business, which we believe will eliminate silos and improve our leadership across the company. We believe greater efficiencies will be driven through simplified, standardized
 processes and a motivated workforce. We continue to find efficiencies from the ongoing consolidation of our data centers and real estate footprint. We are making steady
 progress in reshaping our culture and are investing in associate engagement programs as well as improvements to our work environments across our global locations. We are
 measuring success in "Efficiency" by associate retention and adjusted earnings before interest, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) margin, among other metrics.

Our Market Opportunity

We estimate our addressable market size in the global business process service industry at over \$200 billion in 2019, according to third party industry reports, and we are a leader across several segments of this large, diverse and growing market. Providing business process services is complex and multi-faceted with services that span many industries.

Ongoing competitive pressures and increasing demand for further productivity gains have motivated businesses to outsource elements of their day-to-day operations to accelerate performance and innovation. As a result, our clients have become more focused on their core businesses and the range of outsourced activities has expanded greatly. Increasing globalization has also required many companies to optimize cost structures to retain competitiveness and business process services have become a key component of this strategy.

The ongoing shift to next-generation software and automation technologies is driving greater demand for, and expectation of, efficiency and personalization by the constituents and customers of the businesses and governments we serve. Addressing these business and operational challenges is necessary for business process services companies to capitalize on these trends. In addition, business process services have the potential to meaningfully enhance productivity for businesses and governments and satisfaction for their customers and constituents.

Segments

We organize, manage and report our businesses through three reportable segments (Commercial Industries, Government Services and Transportation), Other operations and Shared IT / Infrastructure & Corporate Costs.

Our <u>Commercial Industries</u> is our largest segment, with \$2.4 billion in revenues in 2019, representing 53.4% of our total revenues. Across the Commercial Industries segment, we operate on our clients' behalf to deliver mission-critical solutions and services to reduce costs, improve efficiencies and enable revenue growth for our clients and their consumers and employees.

Our <u>Government Services</u> segment revenue for 2019 was \$1.3 billion, representing 28.3% of our total revenues. This segment provides government-centric business process services to U.S. federal, state and local governments for public assistance program administration, transaction processing and payment services. Our solutions in this segment help governments respond to changing rules for eligibility and increasing citizen expectations.

Our <u>Transportation</u> segment revenue for 2019 was \$0.8 billion, representing 17.5% of our total revenues. This segment provides systems and support, as well as revenuegenerating services, to government clients in 25 countries. On behalf of government agencies and authorities in the transportation industry, we deliver mission-critical mobility and payment solutions that improve automation, interoperability and decision-making to streamline operations, increase revenue and reduce congestion while creating safer communities and seamless travel experiences for consumers.

<u>Other</u> represents our divestitures, our Student Loan business, which the Company exited in the third quarter of 2018. In 2019, Other accounted for \$38 million or 0.8% of total revenues, which was mainly from the portfolio of select standalone customer care contracts sold in February 2019. Refer to Note 4 – Divestiture to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding this sale.

Shared IT / Infrastructure & Corporate Costs includes both normal ongoing IT infrastructure costs and costs related to modernization of a significant portion of our infrastructure with new systems and processes and consolidation of our data centers as part of our transformation initiatives. It also includes costs related to corporate overhead functions and shared real estate costs. These costs are not allocated to the reportable segments. We expect that our transformation initiatives will provide greater strategic and operational flexibility and efficiency and better control of our systems and processes. There is a risk, however, that our modernization efforts and data center consolidations could materially and adversely disrupt our operations. Refer to Part I, Item 1A – Risk Factors of this Form 10-K for additional information.

We present segment financial information in Note 3 – Segment Reporting to our Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part II, Item 8 of this Form 10-K, which is incorporated herein by reference.

Our Service Offerings

Our portfolio of business process services includes a combination of industry-specific and cross-industry services. We have subject matter experts who are responsible for implementing each of these services, delivering service excellence to clients, ensuring best practices to improve cost competitiveness, innovating our next generation offerings and supporting worldwide sales.

Commercial Industries

Our solutions and services include end-user customer experience, transaction processing, commercial healthcare and human resource and learning services.

End-User Customer Experience (EUCE)

We offer a range of services that help our clients support their end-users. This includes in-bound and out-bound call support for both simple and complex transactions, technical support and patient assistance. We also provide multi-channel communication support (both print and digital) across a range of industries.

Transaction Processing Solutions (TP)

- We help our clients improve communications with their customers and constituents, whether it is on paper, on-line or through other communication channels. By supporting our clients' customer communication processes, we help our clients deliver a better experience to their customers and operate with improved efficiency and greater effectiveness.
- We offer a broad array of flexible transaction processing services that include data entry, scanning, image processing, enrollment processing, claims processing, high volume offsite print and mail services and file indexing. Our multi-channel communication capabilities (including secure print, email, text and web) enable the delivery of personalized and targeted communications that are designed to elicit the desired response from customers or other end-users (e.g., on-time bill payment and increased marketing response rates). Our service offerings utilize both proprietary and commercially available third-party technologies, combined with our expertise, to ensure continued quality and innovation for our clients.
- We also serve clients by managing their critical finance, accounting and procurement processes. Our services include general accounting and reporting, billing and accounts receivable and purchasing, accounts payable and expense management services. We also offer wholesale and retail lockbox services and process auto and mortgage loans in the United States. With a global, dedicated team, we manage the core, end-to-end process areas of finance, accounting and procurement for some of the world's most recognized brands.

Commercial Healthcare Services (CH)

On behalf of the healthcare industry, we deliver administration, clinical support and medical management solutions across the health ecosystem to reduce costs, increase compliance and enhance utilization, while improving health outcomes and experience for members and patients. Our solutions span: trials, sales, access, adherence and long-term differentiation solutions to pharmaceutical clients; case management, performance management and patient safety for hospital clients; medical bill review, care integration, subrogation and payment integrity solutions to managed care companies; and workers compensation medical bill review, mailroom/data capture and medical management services to claims payers and third-party administrators.

Human Resource and Learning Services (HRL)

- We help our clients support their employees at all stages of employment from initial on-boarding through retirement, as well as HSA administration. We offer clients a range of customized advisory, technology and administrative services that improve the ability of employees to manage their benefits, professional development and retirement planning.
- We also provide clients with a simplified approach to help their employees manage their healthcare costs and accumulate wealth with tax-advantaged accounts. We consolidate administration of all health spending accounts onto one common platform, including HSA, Health Reimbursement Arrangements, Flexible Spending Accounts and Commuter and Dependent Care Accounts. By consolidating and integrating the management of health spending accounts, we help our clients improve benefit enrollment and account opening, consolidate customer service, simplify communications and streamline account funding and management. As of December 31, 2019, we had approximately 1 million active HSA accounts and \$2.7 billion of assets under management within our HSA offering.
- We are a provider of end-to-end learning services, designed to accelerate the productivity and development of our clients' employees and extended work forces. Our
 global presence, superior innovation and expertise allow us to deliver performance-based learning services tailored to our clients' unique strategic business goals. Our
 offerings include learning strategy and assessment, instructor management and learning administration.

Government Services

Our solutions and services include government health services, payment solutions, child support services, and labor workforce and general government solutions.

Government Healthcare

We provide medical management and fiscal agent care management services to Medicaid programs and federally-funded U.S. government healthcare programs in 23 states, Puerto Rico and the District of Columbia. Our services include a range of innovative solutions such as Medicaid management, provider services, Medicaid business intelligence, pharmacy benefits management, eligibility verification and case management solutions. Our case management solutions make it easy to process and access large volumes of digital data. This can be used to track public health metrics (such as diseases, vitals, and birth defects), perform electronic visit verification, and more. These services help states optimize their costs by streamlining access to care and improve patient health outcomes through population health management, while helping families in need, by improving beneficiary support.

Payment Solutions

With more than \$80 billion disbursed annually, we are a leader in government payment disbursements for federally sponsored programs like SNAP, commonly known as
food stamps and Women, Infant and Children (WIC) as well as government-initiated cash disbursements such as child support and unemployment. Conduent delivers
electronic payments for government services in 33 states, including 106 prepaid debit card programs, 26 Electronic Benefit Transfer (EBT) programs, 13 EBT for WIC
programs and 7 Electronic Child Care programs. As part of our payment solutions, we also a preferred partner to child support enforcement agencies nationwide, we
deliver innovative services and solutions to help agencies reduce costs and improve processes.

State and Local

- Child Support Services: As a preferred partner to child support enforcement agencies nationwide, we deliver innovative services and solutions to help agencies reduce costs and improve processes. We offer a broad set of child support services, including processing and distributing State Disbursement Units (SDUs), Child support payment cards, child care credentialing and case management, among others, to help states comply with federal standards.
- Labor, Workforce and Government Solutions: We help agencies streamline onerous, paper-based tasks by turning them into efficient, digital processes. We offer unemployment insurance, workers compensation, parks and recreation, utilities and information technology solutions (such as cloud, hosting, maintenance and operations) to all the 50 U.S. states.

Federal

 As a preferred partner to government IT clients, we leverage technology as a key mechanism for improving citizen service and cost savings. Our solutions include: technology infrastructure, application portfolio management, IT consulting, and other IT managed services.

Transportation

On behalf of government agencies and authorities in the transportation industry, we deliver fare collection, violation management, notification, mobility and payment solutions that improve automation, interoperability and decision-making to streamline operations, increase revenue and reduce congestion while creating safer communities and seamless travel experiences for consumers. Our solutions span tolling, transit, photo and parking and commercial vehicle.

Tolling

 Our electronic tolling, urban congestion management and mileage-based user solutions help clients keep up with an ever-changing environment and get more travelers where they need to go while generating revenue for much-needed infrastructure improvements. Our solutions include vehicle passenger detection systems, electronic toll collection, automated license plate recognition and congestion management solutions.

- Transit

For today's travelers, we aim to make journeys more personalized and convenient while increasing capacity and profitability for authorities and agencies. We combine
the latest in fare collection, intelligent mobility so that clients can get the added efficiency of having a single point of contact for all their transit solutions.

Photo and Parking

- Curbside Management: We deliver intelligent curbside management systems that simplify parking programs and deliver convenient and hassle-free experience for drivers. Our curbside solutions include citation and permit administration, parking enforcement, and curbside demand management. We collect over \$850 million annually for citations and delinquent revenue collections.
- Public Safety: Public safety is a priority in every community, especially as budgets shrink and populations grow. We provide data analytics, automated photo enforcement and other public safety solutions to make streets and communities safer. One in every four US public safety enforcement systems are implemented by Conduent Transportation.

Commercial vehicle

We provide computer-aided dispatch/automatic vehicle location technology to help customers manage their fleet operations.

Our Strategies

We intend to drive portfolio focus, operating discipline, sales and delivery excellence and innovation, complemented by tightly aligned investments to achieve this mission and purpose. Our strategy is designed to deliver value by delivering profitable growth, expanding operating margins and deploying a disciplined capital allocation strategy. Our differentiated services and solutions improve experiences for millions of people every day.

Specific elements of our strategy include the following:

Portfolio Focus – The industries in which we operate have attractive revenue growth rates, generally in the mid-single digits. We intend to sharpen our focus and expand our business in industries with strong growth and profitability characteristics. We will aim to employ a disciplined approach to portfolio management to complement our competitive strengths and build depth and breadth in our core businesses. Within the Healthcare industry, we leverage our data analytics, differentiated service offerings and industry know-how to continue to service payer, provider and core government healthcare clients. Within the Transportation industry, we leverage our global, end-to-end platforms to continue to deliver seamless travel experiences while providing back-end transaction processing and call center services for government clients globally. Within the Government industry, we leverage our relationships with 41 different states and various government agencies to streamline operations and improve the citizen experience.

Operating Discipline – We continue to invest in our people, processes, and technology to optimize and strengthen our services capabilities. We plan to optimize our services capabilities and strengthen several core areas, including TP and finance and accounting services by building out our services offerings and continuing to improve our competitive strengths. We have divested non-core assets, refocused our business towards higher margin growing segments and consolidated delivery operations to enable greater productivity. Within TP, we continue to build industry-specific service offerings and advance inbound and outbound processing capabilities. Within EUCE, we capitalize on our global scale, cost efficiencies and our ability to provide seamless communications between our clients and their end-users through traditional (e.g., voice) and digital (e.g., web, mobile and Internet of Things) channels. Conduent's solutions deliver exceptional outcomes for its clients, including:

- \$17 billion in medical bill savings,
- \$11 billion in child support payments processed more efficiently,
- up to 40% efficiency increase in HR operations, and
- up to 40% improvement in processing costs, while driving higher end-user satisfaction.

Sales and Delivery Excellence – We look for the opportunity to exceed expectations and strive to be the best at what we do. Our clients are at the forefront of everything we do. We do our best to make things simple both in the solutions we design and the way we do business. We engage, develop and support our people. We intend to increasingly develop our employees by investing in training, processes and systems to equip them with modern tools that enable them to perform their jobs more efficiently. Furthermore, we plan to strengthen our sales teams through improved and optimized coverage and effective talent management. In 2019, we centralized our sales organization to report under a single Chief Revenue Officer and are investing in providing leadership and coaching to our sales team. The dedication and expertise of our employees have resulted in Conduent serving a majority of Fortune 100 companies, including:

- 9 of top 10 health insurers,
- 8 of 10 pharma companies,
- 6 of top 10 automakers, and
- 8 of top 10 U.S. banks.

Innovation complemented by tightly aligned investments – We are thinking about how we invest into the business differently than before. We intend to be disciplined in how we allocate capital and what our investments will fund. We have designated our businesses into three categories, each with a different approach to growing the business.

- Category 1- "Optimize": The businesses where we will drive optimization are generally areas of significant scale and where we believe that with process optimization, automation, and an investment into the current offerings, we can improve the end-user experience, reduce our cost of delivery, expand our margins, and thus capture additional "share". We have identified EUCE, TP, Government Services (State, Local and Federal and Payment solutions) as businesses that fit into this category.
- Category 2- "Enhance": These are businesses where we see the potential to enhance our solutions and market share with modest investment. These tend to have strong
 client relationships and a long history of servicing the markets we operate in, but legacy technology that needs to be refreshed or modernized. We have identified Government
 Healthcare services and HRL services as businesses that fit into this category.
- Category 3- "Expand": These are businesses where we believe opportunities to expand our capabilities may require more meaningful investment, but we see the payback as
 more significant than the other businesses. These businesses, augmented with new capabilities, perhaps supplemented by modest acquisitions, will address market dynamics
 and provide additional growth opportunities. We have identified Commercial Healthcare and Transportation as businesses that fit into this category.

Our Competitive Strengths

We possess certain competitive strengths that distinguish us from our competitors, including:

Leadership in attractive growth markets – We are a large player in business process services delivering exceptional outcomes for our clients at an unparalleled scale. Our clients continue to outsource key business processes to improve efficiencies and to accelerate performance and digital transformation. Additionally, clients are moving beyond services for back-office functions in order to drive customer satisfaction and loyalty. The increase in globalization and cost competition continues to accelerate, forcing companies to seek ways to stay ahead of the competition. These factors, along with clients and their customers demanding more personalized, seamless and secure solutions, are collectively driving the ongoing shift to next-generation solutions and services. Through our portfolio of services and solutions, we have reached significant scale in our interactions including:

- Healthcare U.S. healthcare spending is expected to rise from the 17.9% of GDP in 2017 to 19.4% of GDP by 2027 and is projected to grow at an average rate of 5.5% per year for 2018-2027. As one of the most regulated industries, healthcare providers must balance increased utilization with heightened complexity and new financial pressures such as government budget challenges to significantly reduce reimbursements, reimbursement penalties for hospital readmissions and a shift from fee-for-service to "value-based" population health management. We are widely recognized by industry analysts as a leader in healthcare payer operations, serving 9 of the top 10 U.S. managed healthcare plans and providing administrative and care management solutions to Medicaid programs and federally funded U.S. government healthcare programs in 23 states, Puerto Rico and the District of Columbia. Two out of every three U.S. insured patients are touched by Conduent. Conduent's healthcare capabilities have been recognized by NelsonHall, HfS Research and Everest Group.
- Transportation Traffic congestion continues to increase as urbanization and changing demographics take hold globally. As a result, optimized transportation systems are becoming critical to increase efficiency while maintaining strict safety requirements. Electronic toll collection, public transit and parking all represent key growth drivers as governments at all levels increasingly focus on transportation infrastructure. We are an award-winning innovator in parking management. 46% of U.S. toll services are managed by Conduent and 11 million traveler transactions go through Conduent transportation toll systems daily.
- Transaction Processing We provide high volume print and mail services, enrollment processing and personalized and targeted marketing and communications to large
 corporations and are a leading provider in this market with more than 3.6 billion documents captured, indexed and classified annually. We process 89 million invoices annually
 for our Finance, Accounting and Procurement clients.

Global delivery expertise – Our scale and global delivery network enables us to deliver our proprietary technology, differentiated service offerings and service capabilities expertly to clients around the world. We have operations in 23 countries including India, Philippines, Jamaica, Guatemala, Mexico, Romania, Dominican Republic and several locations within the United States, giving our customers the option for "onshore", "nearshore" or "offshore" outsourced business process services. This global delivery model enables us to leverage lower-cost production locations, consistent methodologies and processes, time zone advantages and business continuity plans. As of December 31, 2019, 51% of our employees were located in high cost countries and 49% were located in low cost countries.

Differentiated suite of multi-industry service offerings at scale – We manage transaction-intensive processes and work directly with end-users to meet their needs often in realtime. We are unique in our ability to offer our clients these business process services on a large scale and with high quality. Additionally, we are able to leverage our cross-industry services to bring the same scale and quality to our portfolio of industry-specific service offerings, such as healthcare claims management, employee benefits management and public transit fare collection.

Recurring revenue model supported by a loyal, diverse client base – We have a broad and diverse base of clients in countries across geographies and industries, including a majority of the Fortune 100 as well as Fortune 1,000 companies and midsize businesses and governmental entities. Our close client relationships and successful client execution support our stable recurring revenue model and high renewal rates. Excluding our strategic decision not to renew certain contracts and the impact of divestitures, renewal rates for 2019 and 2018 were 81% and 95%, respectively.

Competition

Although we encounter competition in all areas of our portfolio, we lead across certain areas of our principal businesses. We compete on the basis of technology, performance, price, quality, reliability, reputation and customer service and support. In the current political environment in the U.S. and other territories, we also consider our "onshore" delivery capacity to be a competitive advantage. We participate in a highly competitive and rapidly evolving market, driven by changes in industry standards and demands of customers to become more efficient. Our competitors range from large international companies to relatively small firms. Our competitors include:

- Large multinational service providers such as CGI Group, Accenture, Aon Hewitt, Cognizant, Hewlett-Packard Enterprise, Fidelity Information Systems, Bank of America, IBM, Teletech and Teleperformance;
- Traditional Business Process Outsourcing companies such as Genpact, ELX Services, Exela Technologies and WNS Global Services; Payroll processing and human capital management providers such as ADP and Paychex;
- Healthcare-focused IT and service solutions providers such as Cerner and Maximus;
- Human resource services providers such as Alight and Willis Towers Watson;
- Health Savings Account administrators such as Health Equity, HSA Bank, and WexHealth;
- U.S. Federal focused government services such as CACI International and DXC Technology;
- Transportation multi-nationals such as Roper/TransCore, Cubic, Kapsch and Verra Mobility; and
- Smaller niche business processing service providers and in-house departments that perform functions that could be outsourced to us.

Sales and Marketing

We market our business process services to both potential and existing clients through our worldwide sales force and our business development team. Additionally, we have dedicated "solution architects" who work with clients to better understand their business requirements and to develop custom-tailored solutions to meet their unique needs.

Our sales and marketing strategy is to go to market by solutions to deliver key industry-specific and cross-industry

services and solutions to our clients. We focus on developing new prospects through market research and analysis, demand generation, renewing expiring contracts and leveraging existing client relationships to offer additional services. We leverage our broad, cross-industry service offerings to package solutions through enterprise selling, while maintaining a disciplined approach to pricing and contracting. Our sales efforts typically involve extended selling cycles and our deep domain and industry expertise is critical to winning new business.

Intellectual Property

Our general policy is to seek patent protection for those inventions likely to be incorporated into our products and services or where obtaining such proprietary rights will improve our competitive position. We own approximately 1,030 patents and pending applications. Our patent portfolio evolves as new patents are awarded to us and as older patents expire. These patents expire at various dates, generally 20 years from their original filing dates. While we believe that our portfolio of patents and applications has value, in general, no single patent is essential to our business or any individual segment. In addition, any of our proprietary rights could be challenged, invalidated or circumvented, or may not provide significant competitive advantages

Our business relies on software provided to an approximately equal extent, by both internal development and external sourcing to deliver our services. With respect to internally developed software, we claim copyright on all such software, registering works which may be accessible to third parties. In addition, we rely on maintaining source code confidentiality to assure our market competitiveness. With respect to externally sourced software, we rely on contracts assuring our continued access for our business usage.

In the United States, we own 76 trademarks, which are either registered or applied for, reflecting the many businesses we participate in. These trademarks may have a perpetual life, subject to renewal every 10 years and may be subject to cancellation or invalidation based on certain use requirements and third party challenges, or on other grounds. We vigorously enforce and protect our trademarks.

People and Culture

We draw on the skills, expertise, and experience of our talented and diverse global workforce to deliver mission-critical services and solutions that drive exceptional client outcomes. We have 67,000 associates in 23 countries working towards a common vision and purpose, with 44% located in North America and the remainder located primarily in our delivery centers in India, Philippines, Jamaica, Guatemala and Mexico.

We believe an engaged and motivated workforce is our most important asset, which is why we are focused on building a workplace where our people can do their best work, feel empowered to innovate and put forth new ideas and solutions and have the tools and resources they need to be successful. We take pride in our 'One Conduent' culture, which is underpinned by our core values and leadership and teamwork principles. We place a strong emphasis on teamwork and shared success – and we amplify this unity across our associate base through several programs, including employee volunteerism, diversity and inclusion programs and continuous, open and transparent two-way communication.

Corporate Ethics

We operate according to our ethics and compliance program, which is designed to meet general governance and specific industry and regulatory requirements with a focus on values, culture and performance with integrity. Conduent has a business ethics program, which is overseen by the business ethics office, and a code of business conduct (Code), which serves as the foundation of our business ethics program. The Code sets forth our expectations for ethical leadership, performance of job responsibilities and compliance with company policies and the law. In addition, the Code embodies and reinforces Conduent's commitment to integrity and helps employees resolve ethics and compliance concerns consistent with operating principles and legal and policy controls. In addition, our employees are required to complete business ethics training annually and we periodically solicit their input to gauge the state of Conduent's ethical culture and help identify areas for improvement.

Our directors must act in accordance with our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics for Members of the Board; our principal executive officer, principal financial officer and principal accounting officer, among others, must act in accordance with our Finance Code of Conduct; and all of our executives and employees must act in accordance with our Code of Business Conduct. Each of these codes of conduct can be accessed through our website at www.conduent.com/corporate-governance. They are also available to any shareholder who requests them in writing addressed to Conduent Incorporated, 100 Campus Drive Suite 200, Florham Park, NJ 07932, Attention: Corporate Secretary. We will disclose any future amendments to, or waivers from, provisions of our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics for members of the Board and, our Code of Business Conduct and our Finance Code of Conduct for our officers on our website as promptly as practicable, and consistent with the requirements of applicable U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and NASDAQ rules.

Seasonality

Our revenues can be affected by various factors such as our clients' demand pattern for our services, which includes peak windows for benefit enrollment and new product launch by clients.

Availability of Company Information

Our internet address is www.conduent.com. In the Investor Information section of our Internet website, you will find our Annual Report on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K, our Proxy Statements and any amendments to these reports and statements. We make these documents available as soon as we can after we have filed them with, or furnished them to, the SEC free of charge.

The SEC maintains an internet address (www.sec.gov) that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information regarding issuers that file electronically with the SEC. The content on any website referred to in this Form 10-K is nor incorporated by reference in this Form 10-K unless expressly noted.



Information about our Executive Officers

The following is a list of the executive officers of Conduent as of February 26, 2020, their current ages, their present positions and the year appointed to their present positions.

Each officer is elected to hold office until the meeting of the Board of Directors held on the day of the next annual meeting of shareholders, subject to the provisions of the by-laws.

Name	Age	Present Position	Year Appointed to Present Position	Conduent Officer Since
Clifford Skelton*	64	Chief Executive Officer	2019	2019
Brian J. Webb-Walsh	44	Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer	2017	2017
Mario A. Pompeo	50	Vice President & Chief Accounting Officer	2019	2019
Michael Krawitz	50	Executive Vice President, General Counsel & Secretary	2019	2019
Mark Brewer	55	Executive Vice President & President–Public Sector	2019	2019

* Member of Conduent Board of Directors

Each of the officers named above has been an officer or an executive of Conduent or its subsidiaries for less than five years.

Mr. Skelton was appointed Chief Operating Officer of Conduent in June 2019 and Chief Executive Officer of Conduent in August 2019. He served as President of Fiserv Output Solutions from March 2017 to June 2019. Prior to that, Mr. Skelton was the Group President and Chief Information Officer at Fiserv from April 2012 until March 2017. Mr. Skelton also held a variety of leadership roles at companies such as Ally Financial (formerly General Motors Acceptance Corporation) and Bank of America. Mr. Skelton is a former Navy fighter pilot and served in the Navy for over 20 years.

Mr. Webb-Walsh served as the Chief Financial Officer of Xerox Services since January 2016. Prior to this, Mr. Webb-Walsh was Senior Vice President of Finance for the Government Healthcare Group and the Platform Development and Systems Integration Group of Xerox Services. Mr. Webb-Walsh joined Xerox Corporation in 1997 and has held a variety of leadership positions.

Mr. Pompeo previously served as Chief Audit Executive of Conduent since 2017 and was appointed Chief Accounting Officer of Conduent in June 2019. Prior to joining Conduent, Mr. Pompeo was a partner and the National Chief Financial Officer (CFO) Advisory Services Leader at CohnReznick, LLP from 2015 – 2017 and served as Senior Vice President – Finance & CFO of Stuart Weitzman, Inc. from 2013 – 2015. He began his accounting career in the Assurance and Business Advisory Practice of PricewaterhouseCoopers, LLP.

Mr. Michael Krawitz served as Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary since November 2019. Prior to joining Conduent, from June 2015 to November, 2019, Mr. Krawitz was Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary of insurance services firm York Risk Services Group, a portfolio company of Onex Corp. From 2014 to 2015, he was Chief Legal Officer of Veriteq Corp., a biotech company. From 1999 to 2014, Mr. Krawitz held leadership roles in public and private companies in technology and finance sectors. Mr. Krawitz began his career at Fried Frank and was educated at Cornell University and Harvard Law School.

Mr. Brewer joined Conduent as Executive Vice President & President – Public Sector in June 2019. Prior to joining Conduent, he served as Senior Vice President and Managing Director of Diebold Nixdorf from 2018 to 2019. Prior to that Mr. Brewer was Global Vice President for DXC's Technology, Enterprise Application and Cloud Businesses from 2016 to 2018. He also held a variety of Senior Executive leadership roles at IBM Corporation for over 20 years, in Europe, Asia and the Americas. Mr. Brewer has served as a member of several boards of global companies, including IBM Australia and Softlayer, and has advised clients and boards around the world on changes that will fundamentally transform their businesses.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

Our government contracts are subject to appropriation of funds, termination rights, audits and investigations, which, if exercised, could negatively impact our reputation and reduce our ability to compete for new contracts.

A significant portion of our revenues is derived from contracts with U.S. federal, state and local governments and their agencies, and some of our revenues are derived from contracts with foreign governments and their agencies. Government entities typically finance projects through appropriated funds. While these projects are often planned and executed as multi-year projects, government entities usually reserve the right to change the scope of or terminate these projects for lack of approved funding and/or at their convenience. Changes in government or political developments, including budget deficits, shortfalls or uncertainties, failures to enact appropriation legislation (e.g., a government "shut-down"), government spending reductions (e.g., Congressional sequestration of funds under the Budget Control Act of 2011) or other debt or funding constraints, have result in and in the future could result in lower governmental sales and in our projects being reduced in price or scope or terminated altogether, which also could limit our recovery of incurred costs, reimbursable expenses and profits on work completed prior to the termination. Additionally, if the government discovers what it considers to be improper or illegal activities or contractual non-compliance (including improper billing or non-compliant performance of contract requirements), we may be subject to various civil and criminal penalties and administrative sanctions, which has occurred in the past and may in the future include termination of contracts, forfeiture of profits, suspension of payments, contractual service penalties, fines and suspensions or debarment from doing business with the government. Any resulting penalties or sanctions could materially adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition. Moreover, government contracts are generally subject to audits and investigations by government. Further, the negative publicity that could arise from any such penalties, sanctions or findings in such audits or investigations could

We derive significant revenue and profit from commercial and government contracts awarded through competitive bidding processes, including renewals, which can impose substantial costs on us, and we will not achieve revenue and profit objectives if we fail to accurately and effectively bid on such projects.

Many of these contracts are extremely complex and require the investment of significant resources in order to prepare accurate bids and proposals. Competitive bidding imposes substantial costs and presents a number of risks, including: (i) the substantial cost and managerial time and effort that we spend to prepare bids and proposals for contracts that may or may not be awarded to us; (ii) the need to estimate accurately the resources and costs that will be required to implement and service any contracts we are awarded, sometimes in advance of the final determination of their full scope and design; (iii) the expense and delay that may arise if our competitors protest or challenge awards made to us pursuant to competitive bidding and the risk that such protests or challenges could result in the requirement to resubmit bids and in the termination, reduction or modification of the awarded contracts; and (iv) the opportunity cost of not bidding on and winning other contracts we might otherwise pursue. If our competitors protest or challenge an award made to us on a government contract, the costs to defend such an award may be significant and could involve subsequent litigation that could take years to resolve.

Our ability to recover capital and other investments in connection with our contracts is subject to risk.

In order to attract and retain large outsourcing contracts, we sometimes make significant capital and other investments to enable us to perform our services under those contracts, such as purchases of information technology equipment, facility costs, labor resources and costs incurred to develop and implement software. The net book value of certain assets recorded, including a portion of our intangible assets, could be impaired, and our results of operations and financial condition could be materially adversely affected in the event of the early termination of all or a part of such a contract or a reduction in volumes and services thereunder for reasons such as a customer's or client's merger or acquisition, divestiture of assets or businesses, business failure or deterioration or a customer's or client's exercise of contract termination rights.

We rely to a significant extent on third-party providers, such as subcontractors, a relatively small number of primary software vendors, utility providers and network providers; if they cannot deliver or perform as expected or if our relationships with them are terminated or otherwise change, our results of operations and financial condition could be materially adversely affected.

Our ability to service our customers and clients and deliver and implement solutions depends to a large extent on third-party providers such as subcontractors, a relatively small number of primary software vendors, software application developers, utility providers and network providers meeting their obligations to us and our expectations in a timely, quality manner. We have experienced suboptimal performance from an inherited legacy technology vendor, which has caused certain operational challenges and customer delivery performance issues that we have been aggressively addressing. Our results of operations and financial condition have been and in the future may be materially adversely affected and we might incur significant additional liabilities (a) if we are unable to adequately renegotiate these legacy contracts, or (b) if any of our third-party providers (1) do not meet their service level obligations, (2) do not meet our or our clients' expectations, (3) terminate or refuse to renew their relationships with us, or (4) offer their products to us with less advantageous prices and other terms than previously offered.

Failure to deliver on our contractual obligations properly and on time could materially adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

Our business model depends in large part on our ability to retain existing and attract new work from our base of existing clients, as well as on relationships we develop with our clients so that we can understand our clients' needs and deliver solutions and services that are tailored to meet those needs. In order for our business to grow, we must successfully manage the provision of services under our contracts. If a client is not satisfied with the quality of work performed by us or a subcontractor, or with the type of services or solutions delivered, or if we or our subcontractors fail to perform in accordance with contract requirements, then we could incur additional costs to address the situation, the profitability of that work might be impaired and the client's dissatisfaction with our services could damage our ability to obtain additional work from that client or obtain new work from other potential clients. In particular, many of our contracts with non-government clients may be terminated by the client, without cause, upon specified advance notice. Accordingly, clients who are not satisfied might seek to terminate existing contracts prior to their scheduled expiration date, which may result in our inability to fully recover our up-front investments. In addition, systems, properly budget transition costs or accurately estimate contract operational costs could result in default. Failure to properly transition new clients to our systems, properly budget transition costs or result in contract porfit margins that do not meet our expectations or our historical profit margins.

In addition, we incur significant expenditures for the development and construction of system software platforms needed to support our clients' needs. Our failure to fully understand client requirements or implement the appropriate operating systems or databases or solutions which enable the use of other supporting software may delay the project and result in cost overruns or potential impairment of the related software platforms, which could materially adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

We face significant competition and our failure to compete successfully could materially adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

To remain competitive, we must develop services and applications, periodically enhance our existing offerings, remain cost efficient and attract and retain key personnel and management. If we are unable to compete successfully, we could lose market share and important customers to our competitors and that could materially adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

We have recorded significant goodwill impairment charges and may be required to record additional charges to future earnings if our goodwill or intangible assets become impaired.

We are required under generally accepted accounting principles to review our intangible assets for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable. Goodwill is required to be tested for impairment at least annually. Factors that may be considered a change in circumstances indicating that the carrying value of our intangible assets and/or goodwill may not be recoverable include a decline in stock price and market capitalization, slower growth rates in our industry or our own operations, and/or other materially adverse events that have implications on the profitability of our business or business or business segments. We may be required to record additional charges to earnings during the period in which any impairment of our goodwill or other intangible assets is determined which could adversely impact our results of operations. As of December 31, 2019, our goodwill balance was \$1.5 billion, which represented 33.3% of total consolidated assets. Refer to Note 8 – Goodwill and Intangible Assets, Net to our Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information about our goodwill impairment.

Our significant indebtedness could materially adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

We have and will continue to have a significant amount of debt and other obligations. Our substantial debt and other obligations could have important consequences. For example, it could (i) increase our vulnerability to general adverse economic and industry conditions; (ii) limit our ability to obtain additional financing for future working capital, capital expenditures, acquisitions and other general corporate requirements; (iii) require us to dedicate a substantial portion of our cash flows from operations to service debt and other obligations thereby reducing the availability of our cash flows from operations for other purposes; (iv) limit our flexibility in planning for, or reacting to, changes in our businesses and the industries in which we operate; (v) place us at a competitive disadvantage compared to our competitors that have less debt; and (vi) become due and payable upon a change in control. If new debt is added to our current debt levels, these related risks could increase.

Our ability to make payments on and to refinance our indebtedness, as well as any future debt that we may incur, will depend on our ability to generate cash in the future from operations, financings or asset sales. Our ability to generate cash is subject to general economic, financial, competitive, legislative, regulatory and other factors that are beyond our control.

The terms of our indebtedness may restrict our current and future operations, particularly our ability to incur debt that we may need to fund initiatives in response to changes in our business, the industries in which we operate, the economy and governmental regulations.

The terms of our indebtedness include a number of restrictive covenants that impose significant operating and financial restrictions on us and our subsidiaries and limit our ability to engage in actions that may be in our long-term best interests. These may restrict our and our subsidiaries' ability to take some or all of the following actions:

- incur or guarantee additional indebtedness or sell disgualified or preferred stock;
- pay dividends on, make distributions in respect of, repurchase or redeem, capital stock;
- make investments or acquisitions;
- · sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of certain assets, including accounts receivable;
- create liens;
- enter into sale/leaseback transactions;
- · enter into agreements restricting the ability to pay dividends or make other intercompany transfers;
- · consolidate, merge, sell or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of our or our subsidiaries' assets;
- enter into transactions with affiliates;
- prepay, repurchase or redeem certain kinds of indebtedness;
- issue or sell stock of our subsidiaries; and/or
- significantly change the nature of our business.

As a result of all of these restrictions, we may be:

- · limited in how we conduct our business and pursue our strategy;
- unable to raise additional debt financing to operate during general economic or business downturns; or
- unable to compete effectively or to take advantage of new business opportunities

A breach of any of the restrictive covenants, if applicable, could result in an event of default under the terms of this indebtedness. If an event of default occurs, the lenders would have the right to accelerate the repayment of such debt and the event of default or acceleration may result in the acceleration of the repayment of any other of our debt to which a cross-default or cross-acceleration provision applies. Furthermore, under this indebtedness we have pledged our assets as collateral as security for our repayment obligations. If we were unable to repay any amount of this indebtedness when due and payable, the lenders could proceed against the collateral that secures this indebtedness. In the event our creditors accelerate the repayment of our borrowings, we may not have sufficient assets to repay such indebtedness, which could materially adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

In addition, our credit facility bears interest at a rate that varies depending on the LIBOR. On July 27, 2017, the UK's Financial Conduct Authority, which regulates LIBOR, announced that it intends to phase out LIBOR by the end of 2021. It is unclear if at that time LIBOR will cease to exist or if new methods of calculating LIBOR will be established such that it continues to exist after 2021. The U.S. Federal Reserve, in conjunction with the Alternative Reference Rates Committee, a steering committee comprised of large U.S. financial institutions, announced replacement of U.S. dollar LIBOR with a new index calculated by short-term repurchase agreements, backed by U.S. Treasury securities called the Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR"). The first publication of SOFR was released in April 2018. Whether or not SOFR attains market traction as a LIBOR replacement tool remains in question and the future of LIBOR at this time is uncertain. If LIBOR rates are no longer available, our costs of borrowings under our credit facilities may be negatively impacted, which could have an adverse effect on our results of operations.

Our business is dependent on continued interest in outsourcing.

Our business and growth depend in large part on continued interest in outsourced business process services. Outsourcing means that an entity contracts with a third-party, such as us, to provide business process services rather than perform such services in-house. There can be no assurance that this interest will continue, as organizations may elect to perform such services themselves and/or the business process outsourcing industry could move to an as-a-Service model, thereby eliminating traditional business process outsourcing tasks. A significant change in this interest in outsourcing could materially adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition. Additionally, there can be no assurance that our cross-selling efforts will cause clients to purchase additional services from us or adopt a single-source outsourcing approach.

Our profitability is dependent upon our ability to obtain adequate pricing for our services and to improve our cost structure.

Our success depends on our ability to obtain adequate pricing for our services that will provide a reasonable return to our shareholders. Depending on competitive market factors, future prices we obtain for our services may decline from previous levels. If we are unable to obtain adequate pricing for our services, it could materially adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition. In addition, our contracts are increasingly requiring tighter timelines for implementation as well as more stringent service level metrics. This makes the bidding process for new contracts much more difficult and requires us to adequately consider these requirements in the pricing of our services.

In order to meet the service requirements of our customers, which often includes 24/7 service, and to optimize our employee cost base, including our back-office support, we often locate our delivery service and back-office support centers in lower-cost locations, including several developing countries. Concentrating our centers in these locations presents a number of operational risks, many of which are beyond our control, including the risks of political instability, natural disasters, safety and security risks, labor disruptions, excessive employee turnover and rising labor rates. Additionally, a change in the political environment in the United States or the adoption and enforcement of legislation and regulations curbing the use of such centers outside of the United States could materially adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition. These risks could impair our ability to effectively provide services to our customers and keep our costs aligned to our associated revenues and market requirements.

Our ability to sustain and improve profit margins is dependent on a number of factors, including our ability to continue to improve the cost efficiency of our operations through such programs as robotic process automation, to absorb the level of pricing pressures on our services through cost improvements and to successfully complete information technology initiatives. If any of these factors adversely materialize or if we are unable to achieve and maintain productivity improvements through restructuring actions or information technology initiatives, our ability to offset labor cost inflation and competitive price pressures would be impaired, each of which could materially adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

Our business may be adversely affected by geopolitical events, natural disasters and other factors that could directly impact certain of our employees, customers and vendors in countries or regions effected by such events and factors.

We have a global workforce and global customers. Our employees and customers in a particular country or region in the world may be impacted as a result of a variety of diversions, including: geopolitical events, such as war, the threat of war, or terrorist activity; natural disasters or the effects of climate change (such as drought, flooding, wildfires, increased storm severity, and sea level rise); power shortages or outages, major public health issues, including pandemics (such as the coronavirus); and significant local, national or global events capturing the attention of a large part of the population. If any of these, or any other factors, disrupt a country or region where we have a significant workforce (such as the U.S., India or the Philippines) or customers (such as the U.S. or Europe), or vendors, our business could be materially adversely affected.

We may be subject to claims of infringement of third-party intellectual property rights which could adversely affect our results of operation and financial condition.

We rely heavily on the use of intellectual property. We do not own all of the software that we use to run our business; instead we license this software from a small number of primary vendors. If these vendors assert claims that we or our clients are infringing on their software or related intellectual property, we could incur substantial costs to defend these claims, which could materially adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition. In addition, if any of our vendors' infringement claims are ultimately successful, our vendors could require us to (i) cease selling or using products or services that incorporate the challenged software or technology, (ii) obtain a license or additional licenses from our vendors or (iii) redesign our services which rely on the challenged software or technology. In addition, we may be exposed to claims for monetary damages. If we are unsuccessful in defending an infringement claim and our vendors could materially adversely affect our results of operations.

We are subject to laws of the United States and foreign jurisdictions relating to individually identifiable information and personal health information, and failure to comply with those laws, whether or not inadvertent, could subject us to legal actions and negatively impact our operations.

We receive, process, transmit and store information relating to identifiable individuals, both in our role as a service provider and as an employer. As a result, we are subject to numerous laws and regulations in the United States (both federal and state) and foreign laws and regulations designed to protect both individually identifiable information and personal health information, including the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, as amended ("HIPAA"), and the regulations promulgated under HIPPA governing, among other things, the privacy, security and electronic transmission of individually identifiable health information, and the European Union General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) (effective May 25, 2018), which imposes stringent data protection requirements and significant penalties for noncompliance and has had a significant impact on how we process and handle certain data.

Additional laws of the United States and foreign jurisdictions apply to our processing of individually identifiable information. These laws have been subject to frequent changes, and new legislation in this area may be enacted at any time. For example, the GDPR and the invalidation of the U.S.-EU Safe Harbor regime have required us to implement alternative mechanisms in order for some of our data flows from Europe to the United States to comply with applicable law. Changes to existing laws, the introduction of new laws in this area or our failure to comply with existing laws that are applicable to us may subject us to, among other things, additional costs or changes to our business practices, liability for monetary damages, fines and/or criminal prosecution, unfavorable publicity, restrictions on our ability to obtain and process information and allegations by our customers and clients that we have not performed our contractual obligations, any of which could materially adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

We are subject to laws of the United States and foreign jurisdictions relating to processing certain financial transactions, including payment card transactions and debit or credit card transactions, and failure to comply with those laws, whether o

transactions, including payment card transactions and debit or credit card transactions, and failure to comply with those laws, whether or not inadvertent, could subject us to legal actions and materially adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

We process, support and execute financial transactions, and disburse funds, on behalf of both government and commercial customers, often in partnership with financial institutions. This activity includes receiving debit and credit card information, processing payments for and due to our customers and disbursing funds on payment or debit cards to payees of our customers. As a result, we are subject to numerous laws and regulations in the United States (both federal and state) and in foreign jurisdictions, including the Electronic Fund Transfer Act, as amended, the Currency and Foreign Transactions Reporting Act of 1970 (commonly known as the Bank Secrecy Act), as amended, the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2010 (including the so-called Durbin Amendment), as amended, the Gramm-Leach-Biley Act (also known as the Financial Modernization Act of 1999), as amended, and the Uniting and Strengthening America by Providing Appropriate Tools Required to Intercept and Obstruct Terrorism (USA PATRIOT ACT) Act of 2010, as amended. Other United States (both federal and state) and foreign jurisdiction laws apply to our processing of certain financial transactions and related support services. These laws are subject to frequent changes, and new statutes and regulations in this area may be enacted at any time. Changes to existing laws, the introduction of new laws in this area or our failure to comply with existing laws that are applicable to us may subject us to, among other things, additional costs or changes to our business practices, liability for monetary damages, fines and civil and/or criminal prosecution, unfavorable publicity, restrictions on our ability to process and support financial transactions and allegations by our customers, partners and clients that we have not performed our contractual obligations. Any of these could materially adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

Our data systems, information systems and network infrastructure may be subject to hacking or other cybersecurity threats and other service interruptions, which could expose us to liability, impair our reputation or temporarily render us unable to fulfill our service obligations under our contracts.

We are a leading provider of business processing services concentrated in transaction-intensive processing, analytics and automation. We act as a trusted business partner in both front office and back office platforms, providing interactions on a substantial scale with our customers and other third-parties. Our customers include global commercial clients and government clients who depend upon our operational efficiency, non-interruption of service, and accuracy and security of information. We also use third-party providers such as subcontractors, software vendors, utility providers and network providers, upon whom we rely for our business processing services, to deliver uninterrupted, secure service. As part of our business processing services we also develop system software platforms necessary to support our customers' needs, with significant ongoing investment in developing and operating customer-appropriate operating systems, data bases and system software solutions. We also receive, process, transmit and store substantial volumes of information relating to identifiable individuals, both in our role as a service provider and as an employer, and we are subject to numerous laws, rules and regulations in the United States (both federal and state) and foreign jurisdictions designed to protect both individually identifiable information as well as personal health information. We also receive, process and implement financial transactions, and disburse funds, on behalf of both commercial and government customers, which activity includes receiving debit and credit card information to process payments due to our customers as well as disbursing funds to payees of our customers. As a result of these and other business processing services, the integrity, security, accuracy and non-interruption of our systems and information to our third-party providers and our interfaces with our customers are extremely important to our business, operating results, growth, prospects and reputation.

We have implemented security systems and controls, both directly and with third-party subcontractors and service providers, with the intent of maintaining both the physical security of our facilities and the data security of our customers', clients' and suppliers' confidential information and information related to identifiable individuals (including payment card and debit and credit card information and health information) against unauthorized access through our information systems or by other electronic transmission or through the misdirection, theft or loss of physical media. These include, for example, the appropriate encryption of information. Despite such efforts, we are susceptible to breach of security systems which may result in unauthorized access to our facilities and those of our customers and/or the information we and our customers are trying to protect. Cybersecurity failure might be caused by computer hacking, malware, computer viruses, worms and other destructive software, "cyber-attacks" and other malicious activity, as well as natural disasters, power outages, terrorist attacks and similar events. Operational or business delays may also result from the disruption of information systems and subsequent remediation activities.

Because the techniques used to obtain unauthorized access are constantly changing and becoming increasingly more sophisticated and often are not recognized until launched against a target, we or our third-party service providers may be unable to anticipate these techniques or implement sufficient preventative measures. Hacking, malware, phishing, viruses and other "cyber-attacks" have become more prevalent, have occurred in our systems in the past, and may occur in our systems in the future. Although we have implemented and intend to continue to implement what we believe to be appropriate cyber practices and cybersecurity systems, these systems may prove to be inadequate and result in the disruption, failure, misappropriation or corruption of our network and information systems. Notwithstanding the preventative measures we have in place, it may not be possible for us to fully or timely know if or when such incidents arise, or the full business impact of any cybersecurity breach.

Additionally, with advances in computer capabilities and data protection requirements to address ongoing threats, we may be required to expend significant capital and other resources to protect against potential security breaches or to alleviate problems caused by security breaches. Moreover, employee error or malfeasance, faulty password management or other irregularities may result in a defeat of our or our third-party service providers' security measures and a breach of our or our third-party service providers' information systems (whether digital, cloud-based or otherwise).

If unauthorized parties gain physical access to one of our or one of our third-party service providers' facilities or gain electronic access to our or one of our third-party service providers' information systems, such access could result in, among other things, unfavorable publicity and significant damage to our brand, governmental inquiry, oversight and possible regulatory action, difficulty in marketing our services, loss of existing and potential customers, allegations by our customers that we have not performed our contractual obligations, litigation by affected parties and possible financial obligations for substantial damages related to the theft or misuse of such information, any of which could materially adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition. Similar consequences may arise if sensitive or confidential information is misdirected, lost or stolen during transmission or transport, or is stolen or misused. Moreover, a security breach could require us to devote significant management resources to address the problems created by the security breach and to expend significant additional resources to upgrade further the security measures that we employ to guard such personal information against "cyber-attacks" and to maintain various systems and data centers for our customers. Often these systems and data centers must be maintained worldwide and on a 24/7 basis. Although we endeavor to ensure that there is adequate backup and maintenance of these systems and centers, we have in the past experienced and in the future could experience service interruptions that could result in curtailed operations and our back-up systems are damaged, breached or cease to function properly, we may have to make a significant investment to repair or replace them, and we may suffer interruptions in our operations in the interim, each of which could materially adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition to significant or which could materially adversely affect our results of operation

In addition, our and our customers' systems and networks are subject to continued threats of terrorism, which could disrupt our operations as well as disrupt the utilities and telecommunications infrastructure on which our business depends. To the extent any such disruptions were to occur, our business, operating results and financial condition could be materially adversely affected.

If we underestimate the scope of work or the costs entailed in performing our contracts, or if we do not fully perform our contracts, our results of operations and financial condition could be materially adversely affected.

In order to stay competitive in our industry, we must keep pace with changing technologies and customer preferences. Many of our contracts require us to design, develop and implement new technological and operating systems for our customers. Many of these systems involve detailed and complex computer source code which must be created and integrated into a working system that meets contract specifications. The accounting for these contracts requires judgment relative to assessing risks, estimating contract revenues and costs and making assumptions for schedule and technical issues. To varying degrees, each contract type involves some risk that we could underestimate the costs and resources necessary to fulfill the contract. In each case, our failure to accurately estimate costs or the resources and technology needed to perform our contracts or to effectively manage and control our costs during the performance of our work could result, and in some instances has resulted, in reduced profits or in losses. In addition, many of our contracts contain complicated performance obligations, including, without limitation, designing and building new integrated computer systems. These contracts carry potential financial penalties or could result in financial damages or exposures if we fail to properly perform those obligations and have in the past resulted in and in the future could result in our results of operations and financial condition being materially adversely affected.

Our continuing emphasis and shift toward technology-led digital transactions, rather than more labor intensive commoditized services, could impact our type and timing of the customer contracts that we enter into, particularly in the short-term.

We have made the strategic decision to increase our focus on technology-led digital transactions and focus less on historic labor-intensive commoditized services and customer contracts. We believe technology-led digital transactions are becoming, and will become, the type of services required by many of our customers and those in the industry. We believe that our continuing focus on digital transactions will better create long-term value and increased profitability. However, this increased emphasis on technology-led digital transactions has resulted in and will continue to result in our exiting certain services and contracts, and could adversely impact our revenues and our results of operations, particularly in the short-term.

Our customers' decision-making cycles are changing and the lead time for customers to commit to contracts with us has been lengthening.

As our services industry and our service offerings change and evolve, particularly with our customers increasing their focus on digital offerings, our customers are spending increased time and resources evaluating technology and other investments needed to obtain optimal results and performance, including from their outsourcing providers including the Company. This has led to longer sales lead time cycles for contract commitments from our customers, which can adversely affect the timing of customer commitments and our revenues and results of operations.

If we are unable to collect our receivables for billed or unbilled services, our results of operations and financial condition could be materially adversely affected.

The profitability of certain of our large contracts depends on our ability to successfully obtain payment from our clients of the amounts they owe us for work performed. Actual losses on client balances could differ from current estimates and, as a result, may require adjustment of our receivables for unbilled services. Our receivables include long-term contracts. Over the course of a long-term contract, our customers' financial condition may change such that their ability to pay their obligations, and our ability to collect our fees for services rendered, is adversely affected. Additionally, we may perform work for the federal, state and local governments, with respect to which we must file requests for equitable adjustment or claims with the proper agency to seek recovery in whole or in part, for out-of-scope work directed or caused by the government customer in support of its project, and the amounts of such recoveries may not meet our expectations or cover our costs. Timely collect our client balances also depends on our ability to achieve specified milestones in percentage-of-completion contracts) and bill and collect our contracted revenues. If we are unable to meet our contractual requirements, we might experience delays in collection of and/or be unable to collect our client balances, and if this occurs, our results of operations and cash flows could be adversely affected. In addition, if we experience an increase in the time to bill and collect for our services, our results of operations and financial condition could be materially adversely affected.

CNDT 2019 Annual Report



A decline in revenues from or a loss or failure of significant clients could materially adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

Our results of operations and financial condition could be materially adversely affected by the loss or failure of significant clients or any significant reduction in revenue volumes from our significant customers, which has occurred in the past and could occur in the future. Some of our clients are in business sectors which have experienced significant financial difficulties or consolidation, and/or the reduction of volumes or their inability to make payments to us, as a result of, among other things, their merger or acquisition, divestiture of assets or businesses, contract expiration, nonrenewal or early termination (including termination for convenience) or business or financial failure or deterioration. Economic and political conditions could affect our clients' businesses and the markets they serve. Competition from other service providers and bringing these services in-house could also be expected to adversely impact out services revenues.

We have non-recurring revenue, which subjects us to a risk that our revenues and cash flows from operations may fluctuate from period to period.

Revenue generated from our non-recurring services may fluctuate due to factors both within and outside of our control. Our mix of non-recurring and recurring revenues is impacted by acquisitions as well as growth in our non-recurring lines of business, as well as our strategic decisions to exit or reduce our services in particular service areas. There is less predictability and certainty in the timing and amount of revenues generated by our non-recurring services and, accordingly, our results of operations and financial condition could be materially adversely affected by the timing and amount of revenues generated from our non-recurring services.

The failure to obtain or maintain a satisfactory credit rating could adversely affect our liquidity, capital position, borrowing costs, access to capital markets and ability to post surety or performance bonds to support clients' contracts.

Any future downgrades to our credit rating could negatively impact our ability to renew contracts with our existing clients, limit our ability to compete for new clients, result in increased premiums for surety or performance bonds to support our clients' contracts and/or result in a requirement that we provide collateral to secure our surety or performance bonds. Further, certain of our commercial outsourcing contracts provide that, in the event our credit ratings are downgraded to specified levels, the client may elect to terminate its contract with us and either pay a reduced termination fee or, in some limited instances, no termination fee. Such a credit rating downgrade could adversely affect these client relationships.

There can be no assurance that we will be able to maintain our credit ratings. Any additional actual or anticipated downgrades of our credit ratings, including any announcement that our ratings are under review for a downgrade, may have a negative impact on our liquidity, capital position and access to capital markets.

The loss of key senior management or the failure to attract and retain necessary technical personnel and qualified subcontractors could materially adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

Our success depends, in part, upon key managerial and technical personnel, including our ability to attract and retain additional qualified personnel, as well as qualified subcontractors. The loss of certain key personnel, such as our Chief Executive Officer (CEO), could materially adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition. On May 8, 2019, we announced Ashok Vemuri's plan to step down as CEO. On August 6, 2019, our Board of Directors transitioned Mr. Vemuri out as CEO and he resigned as a Director. Also, on August 6, 2019, the Board of Directors appointed Clifford Skelton to serve as CEO and as a Director on the Board to fill the vacancy created by Mr. Vemuri's departure. There is no assurance that we can retain our key managerial personnel, or that we can attract similar employees, in the future.

In addition, because we operate in intensely competitive markets, our success depends to a significant extent upon our ability to attract, retain and motivate highly skilled and qualified technical personnel and to subcontract with qualified, competent subcontractors. If we fail to attract, train and retain sufficient numbers of qualified engineers, technical staff and sales and marketing representatives, or if we are unable to contract with qualified, competent subcontractors, our results of operations and financial condition could be materially adversely affected. Experienced and capable personnel in the services industry remain in high demand, and there is continual competition for their talents. Our ability to renegotiate certain of our legacy third-party contracts which we view as unfavorable, or to improve the service levels we expect from these contracts and third-party providers, is key to our ability to timely, efficiently and profitably deliver our services to our customers. Additionally, we have increased and expect to continue to increase our hiring in geographic areas outside of the United States, which could subject us to increased geopolitical and exchange rate risk. The loss of any key technical employee, the loss of a key subcontractor relationship or our inability to renegotiate or obtain required service levels from legacy and other third-party providers, could materially adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

Increases in the cost of telephone and data services or significant interruptions in such services could materially adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

Our business is significantly dependent on telephone and data service provided by various local and long distance telephone and data service providers around the world. Accordingly, any disruption of these services could materially adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition. We have taken steps to mitigate our exposure to service disruptions by investing in redundant circuits, although there is no assurance that the redundant circuits would not also suffer disruption. Any inability to obtain telephone or data services at favorable rates could materially adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition. Where possible, we have entered into long-term contracts with various providers to mitigate short-term rate increases and fluctuations. There is no obligation, however, for the vendors to renew their contracts with us, or to offer the same or lower rates in the future, and such contracts are subject to termination or modification for various reasons outside of our control. A significant increase in the cost of telephone or data services that is not recoverable through an increase in the price of our services could materially adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition. An significant increase in the cost of telephone or data services that is not recoverable through an increase in the price of our services could materially adversely affect our results of operations, a number of our facilities are located in jurisdictions outside of the United States where the provision of utility services, including electricity and water, may not be consistently reliable, and while there are backup systems in many of our operating facilities, an extended outage of utility or network services could materially adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

If we fail to successfully develop new service offerings, including new technology components, and protect our intellectual property rights, we may be unable to retain current customers and gain new customers and our revenues would decline.

The process of developing new service offerings, including new technology components, is inherently complex and uncertain. It requires accurate anticipation of customers' changing needs and emerging technological trends. We must make long-term investments and commit significant resources before knowing whether these investments will eventually result in service offerings that achieve customer acceptance and generate the revenues required to provide desired returns. For example, establishing internal automation processes to help us develop new service offerings will require significant up-front costs and resources, which, if not monetized effectively, could materially adversely affect our revenues. In addition, some of our service offerings rely on technologies developed by and licensed from third-parties. We may not be able to obtain or continue to obtain licenses and technologies from these third-parties at all or on reasonable terms, or such third-parties may demand cross-licenses to our intellectual property. It is also possible that our intellectual property rights could be challenged, invalidated or circumvented, allowing others to use our intellectual property to our competitive detriment. We also must ensure that all of our service offerings comply with both existing and newly enacted regulatory requirements in the countries in which they are sold. If we fail to accurately anticipate and meet our customers' needs through the development of new service offerings (including technology components) or if we fail to adequately protect our intellectual property rights or if our new service offerings are not widely accepted or if our current or future service offerings fail to meet applicable worldwide regulatory requirements, we could lose market share and customers to our competitors and that could materially adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

The Company's business, operating results and reputation may be negatively impacted by failures or delays in our efforts to modernize our information technology infrastructure and to consolidate to fewer data centers.

We have experienced certain disruptions in our operations and service delivery performance issues as a result of some of our information technology infrastructure that is outdated and needs to be enhanced and updated, which disruptions have adversely impacted client and delivery performance. As a result, we are investing in modernizing a significant portion of our information technology infrastructure with new systems and processes and consolidating our data centers as part of our transformation initiatives. This also includes investments in our data center and networks, enhancement, modernization and consolidation of our IT infrastructure and customer-facing technologies, enhanced cybersecurity and movement to cloud-based technology. We expect that these changes will provide greater strategic and operational flexibility and efficiency and better control of our systems and processes. There is a risk, however, that our modernization efforts and data center consolidations could materially and adversely disrupt our operations and our service delivery to customers, could result in contractual penalties or damage claims from customers, could occur over a period longer than planned, and could require greater than expected investment and other internal and external resources. It may also take longer to realize the intended favorable benefits from an enhanced technology infrastructure than we expected, or that disruptions may continue to occur while we enhance this infrastructure.

The process of consolidating our data center involves inherent risks and may cause disruptions to our operations. In October 2018, we suffered a significant outage as a result of a data center migration, which resulted in unplanned system unavailability and disruption for our customers. We plan to undertake several data center migrations in the future and, in the course of these data migrations, could potentially experience significant service outages. Future service disruptions could hinder our ability to attract new customers, cause us to incur legal liability, contractual penalties or issue service credits to our customers and cause us to lose current customers, each of which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

If we fail to meet industry data security standards, our ability to meet contractual obligations may be impaired and result in contractual damage or contract breach claims.

In some of our services lines, we are contractually subject to industry data security standards. These industry data security standards include Card Brand (Visa, Mastercard, American Express, Discover and JCB) operating rules, certification requirements and rules governing electronic funds transfers, including the Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard (PCI DSS), a data security standard applicable to companies that collect, store or transmit payment card data. Another industry standard is the Health Information Trust Alliance (HITRUST) which applies to aspects of the healthcare industry and in addition to other industries. While we are taking steps to achieve future compliance and/or certification for our systems, we may not be compliant now, and in the future we may not be able to maintain compliance with PCI DSS, HITRUST and other applicable industry standards. We are taking steps to achieve compliance and/or certification for our systems, but we cannot assure that these efforts will be successful in the time period required or at all. Any failure to comply fully or materially with PCI DSS, HITRUST and other applicable industry standards now or at any point in the future may provide customers the right to terminate contracts with us or to enforce provisions obligating us to reimburse them for any penalties or costs incurred by them as a result of our non-compliance, or subject us to other fines, penalties, standards could result in the loss of our ability to accept credit card payments and the failure to meet HITRUST standards could impact our ability to service customers in the healthcare and other applicable industrys induce to mour business, financial condition and results of operations. In addition, failure to meet PCI DSS

We are a holding company and, therefore, may not be able to receive dividends or other payments in needed amounts from our subsidiaries.

Our principal assets are the shares of capital stock and indebtedness of our subsidiaries. We rely on dividends, interest and other payments from these subsidiaries to meet our obligations for paying principal and interest on outstanding debt obligations, paying corporate expenses and, if determined by our Board, paying dividends to shareholders and repurchasing common shares. Certain of our subsidiaries are subject to regulatory requirements of the jurisdictions in which they operate or other restrictions that may limit the amounts that these subsidiaries can pay in dividends or other payments to us. No assurance can be given that there will not be further changes in law, regulatory actions or other circumstances that could restrict the ability of our subsidiaries to pay dividends to us. In addition, due to differences in tax rates, repatriation of funds from certain countries into the United States could have unfavorable tax ramifications for us.

Our results of operations and financial condition could be materially adversely affected by legal and regulatory matters.

We are potentially subject to various contingent liabilities that are not reflected on our balance sheet, including those arising as a result of being involved in a variety of claims, lawsuits, investigations and proceedings concerning: securities laws; governmental and non-governmental entity contracting, servicing and governmental entity procurement laws; intellectual property laws; environmental laws; employment laws; the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA); and other laws, regulations and contractual undertakings, as discussed under Note 16 – Contingencies and Litigation to our Consolidated Financial Statements. If developments in any of these matters cause a change in our determination as to an unfavorable outcome and result in the need to recognize a material acrual or materially increase an existing accrual, or if any of these matters result in an adverse judgment or are settled for significant amounts above any existing accruals, it could materially adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition in the period or periods in which such change in determination, judgment or settlement occurs. There can be no assurances as to the favorable outcome of any claim, lawsuit, investigation or proceeding. It is possible that a resolution of one or more such proceedings, through judgment, settlement or otherwise, could require us to make substantial payments to satisfy judgments, fines or penalties or settlement amounts, any of which could materially adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition. Additionally, the terms of dismissal, settlement, replace or other resolution may permit certain claims to be reopened under certain conditions. Claims, lawsuitis investigations and proceedings involving the Company could also result in reputational harm, criminal sanctions, consent decrees or orders preventing us from offering certain services, requiring a change in our binsiness practices in costly ways or requiring development of non-infringing or otherwise alt

Our results of operations and financial condition may be materially adversely affected by conditions abroad, including local economics, political environments, fluctuating foreign currencies and shifting regulatory schemes.

A portion of our revenues is generated from operations outside the United States. In addition, we maintain significant operations outside the United States. Our results of operations and financial condition could be materially adversely affected by changes in foreign currency exchange rates, as well as by a number of other factors, including, without limitation, changes in economic conditions from country to country, changes in a country's political conditions, trade controls and protection measures, financial sanctions, licensing requirements, local tax issues, capitalization and other related legal matters. The withdrawal of the United Kingdom from the European Union, and the resulting impact on cross-border transactions and operations between the United Kingdom and the European Union member states, could materially and adversely affect our operations and financial condition. We generally hedge foreign currency denominated assets, liabilities and anticipated transactions primarily through the use of currency derivative contracts. The use of derivative contracts is intended to mitigate or reduce transactional level volatility in the results of foreign operations but does not completely eliminate volatility. We do not hedge the translation effect of international revenues and expenses, which are denominated in currencies other than our U.S. parent functional currency, within our Consolidated Financial Statements. If we are unable to effectively hedge these risks, our results of operations and financial condition could be materially adversely affected.

ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

None

ITEM 2. PROPERTIES

We lease and own numerous facilities worldwide with larger concentrations of space in Kentucky, New Jersey, California, Mexico, Guatemala, the Philippines, Jamaica, Romania and India. Our owned and leased facilities house general offices, sales offices, service locations, call centers and distribution centers. The size of our property portfolio as of December 31, 2019 was approximately 6.6 million square feet at an annual operating cost (lease costs and expenses) of approximately \$157 million and comprised 206 leased properties and 4 owned properties. We believe that our current facilities are suitable and adequate for our current businesses. Because of the interrelation of our business segments, each of the segments uses substantially all of these properties at least in part.

We had 1.8 million square feet of our leased and owned properties that became surplus in 2019 due to the implementation of our strategic transformation program as well as various productivity initiatives to consolidate our real estate footprint. We aggressively managed our surplus properties through early terminations and subleasing of leased properties and the sale of owned properties. As a result, approximately 1.6 million square feet of the surplus property portfolio were resolved as of December 31, 2019. Additional leased and owned properties may become surplus in the future as we continue the strategic transformation program. We are obligated to maintain our leased surplus properties through required contractual lease periods and plan to dispose of or sublease these properties.

ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The information set forth under Note 16 - Contingencies and Litigation to the Consolidated Financial Statements in Part II, Item 8 is incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.



Part II

ITEM 5. MARKET FOR THE REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Stock Exchange Information

The common stock of Conduent Incorporated began trading on January 3, 2017, on the New York Stock Exchange, under the ticker "CNDT". In December 2019, Conduent changed the listing of its publicly traded common stock from the New York Stock Exchange to the NASDAQ, where it remains listed under the ticker "CNDT".

Common Shareholders of Record

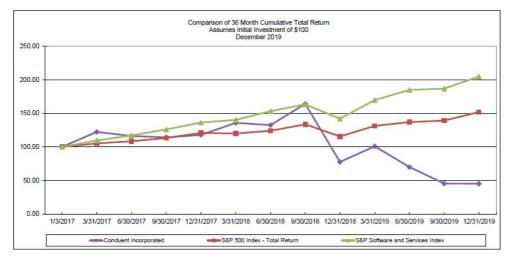
Refer to Item 6. Selected Financial Data – Five Years in Review for common shareholders of record at year-end, which is incorporated here by reference.

Conduent Common Stock Dividends

We did not pay any dividends on our common stock in 2019. We intend to retain future earnings for use in the operation of our business and to fund future growth. We do not anticipate paying any dividends on our common stock for the foreseeable future.

27

Performance Graph



Sales of Unregistered Securities During the Quarter Ended December 31, 2019

None

ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

FIVE YEARS IN REVIEW

(in millions, except per-share and common shareholders of record data)

	2019	2018		2017		2016	2015
Operations							
Revenues	\$ 4,467	\$ 5,393	\$	6,022	\$	6,408	\$ 6,662
Income (loss) income from continuing operations ⁽¹⁾	(1,934)	(416)		177		(983)	(336)
Net income (loss) ⁽¹⁾	(1,934)	(416)		181		(983)	(414)
Per-Share Data							
Income (loss) from continuing operations							
Basic	\$ (9.29)	\$ (2.06)	\$	0.82	\$	(4.85)	\$ (1.65)
Diluted	(9.29)	(2.06)		0.81		(4.85)	(1.65)
Net income (loss) attributable to Conduent							
Basic	(9.29)	(2.06)		0.84		(4.85)	(2.04)
Diluted	(9.29)	(2.06)		0.83		(4.85)	(2.04)
Financial Position							
Working capital	\$ 409	\$ 767	\$	1,342	\$	515	\$ (867)
Total Assets	4,514	6,680		7,548		7,709	9,058
Consolidated Capitalization							
Current portion of long-term debt	\$ 50	\$ 55	\$	82	\$	28	\$ 24
Long-term debt	1,464	1,512		1,979		1,913	37
Total Debt ⁽²⁾	 1,514	 1,567		2,061		1,941	 61
Series A preferred stock	142	142		142		142	n/a
Conduent shareholders' equity/former parent investment ⁽³⁾	1,300	3,222		3,529		3,288	5,162
Total Consolidated Capitalization	\$ 2,956	\$ 4,931	\$	5,732	\$	5,371	\$ 5,223
Selected Data and Ratios ⁽⁴⁾							
Common shareholders of record at year-end ⁽⁴⁾	 25,660	26,226		26,936		n/a	n/a
Book value per common share ⁽⁴⁾	\$ 6.60	\$ 15.68	\$	16.77		n/a	n/a
Year-end common stock market price ⁽⁴⁾	\$ 6.20	\$ 10.63	\$	16.16		n/a	n/a
Cash dividends paid - preferred stock, \$80/per share	\$ 10	\$ 10	\$	10	\$	—	\$ _

(1) The 2019 amounts include goodwill impairment charge of approximately \$2.0 billion. Refer to Note 8 – Goodwill and Intangible Assets, Net to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in Item 8 of this Form 10-K for further discussion.

(2) Includes finance lease obligations. Refer to Note 1 – Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Note 11 – Debt to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in Item 8 of this Form 10-K for a discussion concerning finance lease obligations.

(3) The amount for 2015 represents former parent company's investments.

(4) Common stock of Conduent Incorporated began trading on the NYSE on January 3, 2017; therefore, selected data and ratios are not available for years prior to 2017. In December 2019, Conduent changed the listing of its publicly traded common stock from the New York Stock Exchange to NASDAQ, where it remains listed under the ticker "CNDT".

QUARTERLY RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

<u>(in millions, except per-share data)</u> 2019		First uarter		Second Quarter		Third Quarter		Fourth Quarter		Full Year
Revenues	\$	1,158	\$	1,112	\$	1,098	\$	1,099	\$	4,467
Costs and Expenses ⁽¹⁾	Ψ	1,496	Ψ	2,231	Ψ	1,030	Ψ	1,734	Ψ	6,573
(Loss) Income before Income Taxes		(338)		(1,119)	_	(14)		(635)		(2,106)
Income tax (benefit) expense		(30)		(90)		2		(54)		(172)
Net (Loss) Income	\$	(308)	\$	(1,029)	\$	(16)	\$	(581)	\$	(1,934)
Earnings (Loss) per Share ⁽²⁾ :										
Basic	\$	(1.49)	\$	(4.94)	\$	(0.09)	\$	(2.76)	\$	(9.29)
Diluted	\$	(1.49)	\$	(4.94)	\$	(0.09)	\$	(2.76)	\$	(9.29)
2018										
Revenues	\$	1,420	\$	1,387	\$	1,304	\$	1,282	\$	5,393
Costs and Expenses		1,474		1,333		1,556		1,425		5,788
(Loss) Income before Income Taxes		(54)		54		(252)		(143)		(395)
Income tax (benefit) expense		(4)		43		(15)		(3)		21
Net (Loss) Income	\$	(50)	\$	11	\$	(237)	\$	(140)	\$	(416)
Earnings (Loss) per Share ⁽²⁾ :										
Basic	\$	(0.26)	\$	0.05	\$	(1.16)	\$	(0.69)	\$	(2.06)
Diluted	\$	(0.26)	\$	0.04	\$	(1.16)	\$	(0.69)	\$	(2.06)

(1) First quarter, second quarter, fourth quarter and full year include goodwill impairment charge of \$284 million, \$1.1 billion, \$601 million and approximately \$2.0 billion, respectively. Refer to Note 8 – Goodwill and Intangible Assets, Net to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in Item 8 of this Form 10-K for further discussion.

(2) The sum of quarterly earnings per share may differ from the full-year amounts due to rounding, or in the case of diluted earnings per share, because securities that are anti-dilutive in certain quarters may not be antidilutive on a full-year basis.

ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is intended to help the reader understand the results of operations and financial condition of Conduent Incorporated. This MD&A is provided as a supplement to, and should be read in conjunction with, our Consolidated Financial Statements and the accompanying notes in this Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019. This MD&A provides additional information about our operations, current developments, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

Throughout the MD&A, we refer to various notes to our Consolidated Financial Statements which appear in Item 8 of this Form 10-K, and the information contained in such notes is incorporated by reference into the MD&A in the places where such references are made.

Overview

With revenues of \$4.5 billion, we are a leading provider of business process services with expertise in transaction-intensive processing, analytics and automation. We serve as a trusted business partner in both the front office and back office, enabling personalized, seamless interactions on a massive scale that improve end-user experience.

Headquartered in Florham Park, New Jersey, we have a team of approximately 67,000 people as of December 31, 2019, servicing customers from service centers in 23 countries. In 2019, 10% of our revenue was generated outside the U.S.

Our reportable segments correspond to how we organize and manage the business and are aligned to the industries in which our clients operate.

We organize and manage our businesses through three reportable segments, Other operations and Shared IT / Infrastructure & Corporate Costs.

- Commercial Industries Our Commercial Industries segment provides business process services and customized solutions to clients in a variety of industries. Across the
 Commercial Industries segment, we operate on our clients' behalf to deliver mission-critical solutions and services to reduce costs, improve efficiencies and enable revenue
 growth for our clients and their consumers and employees.
- Government Services Our Government Services segment provides government-centric business process services to U.S. federal, state and local and foreign governments
 for public assistance, program administration, transaction processing and payment services. Our solutions in this segment help governments respond to changing rules for
 eligibility and increasing citizen expectations.
- Transportation Our Transportation segment provides systems and support, as well as revenue-generating services, to government clients. On behalf of government agencies
 and authorities in the transportation industry, we deliver mission-critical mobility and payment solutions that improve automation, interoperability and decision-making to
 streamline operations, increase revenue and reduce congestion while creating safer communities and seamless travel experiences for consumers.

Other operations include our divestitures, our Student Loan business, which the Company exited in the third quarter of 2018.

Shared IT / Infrastructure & Corporate Costs includes both normal ongoing IT infrastructure costs and costs related to modernization of a significant portion of our infrastructure with new systems and processes and consolidation of our data centers as part of our transformation initiatives. It also includes costs related to corporate overhead functions and shared real estate costs. These costs are not allocated to the reportable segments. We expect that our transformation initiatives will provide greater strategic and operational flexibility and efficiency and better control of our systems and processes. There is a risk, however, that our efforts, plans and transactions related to our strategic and operational review, as well as our modernization efforts and data center consolidations could materially and adversely disrupt our operations. Refer to Part I, Item 1A – Risk Factors of this Form 10-K for additional information.

Significant 2019 Actions

- Business Acquisition In January 2019, we acquired Health Solution Plus, a software provider of healthcare payer administration solutions for a total base consideration of \$90 million. This acquisition is part of the Commercial Industries segment. Refer to Note 5 – Business Acquisition to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding this acquisition.
- Disposition In February 2019, we completed the sale of a portfolio of select standalone customer care contracts for \$25 million. The business sold represented \$36 million and \$439 million of revenues in 2019 and 2018, respectively. Refer to Note 4 Divestiture to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding this sale.
- Litigation Settlement In February 2019, we reached a settlement agreement and release with the State of Texas ("State") and the Texas Department of Health and Human Services, which was amended in May 2019 ("Texas Agreement"). Pursuant to the terms of the Texas Agreement, the Company was required to pay the State \$236 million, of which \$118 million was paid in 2019 and the remaining \$118 million paid in January 2020. Refer to Note 16 – Contingencies and Litigation to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding this litigation settlement.
- **Goodwill Impairment** During the first quarter of 2019, we recorded a pre-tax impairment charge of \$284 million related to our Transportation reporting unit. Also, during the second quarter of 2019, we performed an interim goodwill impairment assessment for all reporting units and recognized a total pre-tax impairment charge of \$1.1 billion. No impairment was identified during our annual impairment test performed as of October 1, 2019. Subsequent to completing the annual impairment test, the Company experienced further unanticipated contract losses within the Government Services reporting unit, and as result, management performed a goodwill impairment assessment for this reporting unit as of December 31, 2019 which resulted in a pre-tax impairment charge of \$512 million. In addition, in the fourth quarter we recorded an immaterial correction to the impairment charges recorded in the first and second quarters to properly reflect the impact of tax deductible goodwill on the previous impairments as well as the related income tax benefit. The impairment adjustment and related income tax benefit to the second quarter charge for the Transportation reporting unit totaled \$20 million and \$1 million, respectively. The impairment adjustment and related income tax benefit to the second quarter charge totaled \$69 million and \$6 million, respectively. The second quarter impairment and income tax benefit adjustments corrected the combined Commercial Industries reporting units by \$53 million and \$5 million, respectively, and the Government Services reporting unit by \$16 million and \$1 million, respectively. We believe these adjustments are not material to the current period or any prior period. The cumulative impairment charge for the year ended December 31, 2019 was approximately \$2.0 billion. Refer to Note 8 Goodwill and Intangible Assets, Net to the Consolidated Financial Statements and MD&A Critical Accounting Policies Goodwill for additional information regarding the goodwill impairment and resessment and respect

Significant 2018 Actions

- Loan Redemption In July 2018, we redeemed \$476 million of our \$510 million Senior Notes due 2024 at a premium of \$95 million. Refer to Note 11 Debt to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding this redemption.
- Dispositions In 2018, we completed divestitures of: (1) our Commercial Vehicle Operations business; (2) our off-street parking business; (3) our U.S. human resource consulting and actuarial business and the human resource consulting and outsourcing business located in Canada and the United Kingdom; and (4) our local and municipal constituent government software solutions business. The aggregate proceeds for these divestitures was \$703 million in cash. The businesses sold represented \$304 million and \$500 million of 2018 and 2017 revenue, respectively. We recorded a pre-tax gain of \$78 million on these divestitures for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Critical Accounting Policies

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) requires us to make estimates and assumptions in certain circumstances that affect amounts reported in the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto. In preparing our Consolidated Financial Statements, we have made our best estimates and judgments of certain amounts included in the Consolidated Financial Statements giving due consideration to materiality. However, application of these accounting policies involves the exercise of judgment and use of assumptions as to future uncertainties and, as a result, actual results could differ from these estimates. Senior management has discussed the development and selection of the critical accounting policies, estimates and related disclosures included herein with the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors. We consider these as critical to understanding our Consolidated Financial Statements, as their application in instances where different estimates could have reasonably been used, we disclose the impact of these different estimates on our operations. In certain instances, the accounting rules are prescriptive; therefore, it would not have been possible to reasonably use different estimates. Changes in assumptions and estimates are reflected in the period in which they occur. The impact of such changes could be material to our results of operations and financial condition in any quarterly or annual period.

Specific risks associated with these critical accounting policies are discussed throughout the MD&A, where such policies affect our reported and expected financial results. For a detailed discussion of the application of these and other accounting policies, refer to Note 1 – Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Leases

The Company determines if an arrangement is a lease at the inception of the contract and whether that lease meets the classification criteria of a finance or operating lease. The Company accounts for lease and non-lease components separately for its equipment leases, based on the estimated standalone price of each component, and combines lease and non-lease components for its real estate leases. The Company's leases generally do not provide an implicit rate, therefore the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate when measuring operating lease liabilities. The incremental borrowing rate represents an estimate of the interest rate the Company would incur at lease commencement to borrow an amount equal to the lease payments on a collateralized basis over the term of a lease within a particular currency environment. Refer to Note 1 – Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies for additional information regarding our lease accounting policies.

Revenue Recognition

Application of the accounting principles in U.S. GAAP related to the measurement and recognition of revenue requires us to make judgments and estimates. Complex arrangements with nonstandard terms and conditions may require significant contract interpretation to determine the appropriate accounting. Refer to Note 1 – Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Note 2 – Revenue to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding our revenue recognition policies.

Held for Sale

We classify assets as held for sale in the period when the following conditions are met: (i) management, having the authority to approve the action, commits to a plan to sell the asset (disposal group); (ii) the asset (disposal group) is available for immediate sale in its present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sales of such assets (disposal group); (iii) an active program to locate a buyer and other actions required to complete the plan to sell the asset (disposal group) is probable, and transfer of the asset (disposal group) is expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year, except if events or circumstances beyond our control extend the period of time required to sell the asset (disposal group) beyond one year; (v) the asset (disposal group) is being actively marketed for sale at a price that is reasonable in relation to its current fair value; and (vi) actions required to complete the plan indicate that it is unlikely that significant changes to the plan will be withdrawn.

A long-lived asset (disposal group) that is classified as held for sale is initially measured at the lower of its carrying value or fair value less any costs to sell. Any loss resulting from this measurement is recognized in the period in which the held for sale criteria are met. Conversely, gains are not recognized on the sale of a long-lived asset (disposal group) until the date of sale.

The fair value of a long-lived asset (disposal group) less any costs to sell is assessed each reporting period it remains classified as held for sale and any subsequent changes are reported as an adjustment to the carrying value of the asset (disposal group), as long as the new carrying value does not exceed the carrying value of the asset at the time it was initially classified as held for sale. Upon determining that a long-lived asset (disposal group) meets the criteria to be classified as held for sale, the Company reports the assets and liabilities of the disposal group in the line items Assets held for sale and Liabilities held for sale, respectively, in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

In 2018, management approved the disposal through sale of certain assets and businesses, which were a mix of Commercial Industries, Government Services and Transportation businesses. This action was taken as a result of our evaluation of these businesses as they represent businesses in markets or with services that we did not see as strategic or core. As of December 31, 2019, all of these businesses have been sold. Refer to Note 4 – Divestiture to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Intangible Assets

The fair values of identifiable intangible assets are primarily estimated using an income approach. These estimates include market participant assumptions and require projected financial information, including assumptions about future revenue growth and costs necessary to facilitate the projected growth. Other key inputs include assumptions about technological obsolescence, customer attrition rates, brand recognition, the allocation of projected cash flows to identifiable intangible assets and discount rates. We regularly review intangible assets with finite lives for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Factors we consider important which could trigger an impairment review include the following:

- significant underperformance relative to historical or projected future operating results;
- significant changes in the manner of our use of the acquired assets or the strategy for our overall business; and
- significant negative industry or economic trends.

When we determine that the carrying value of intangibles and long-lived assets may not be recoverable based upon the existence of one or more of the above indicators of potential impairment, we assess whether an impairment has occurred based on whether net book value of the assets exceeds the related projected undiscounted cash flows from these assets groups. We consider a number of factors, including past operating results, budgets, economic projections, market trends and product development cycles in estimating future cash flows. Differing estimates and assumptions as to any of the factors described above could result in a materially different impairment charge, if any, and thus materially different results of operations.

Goodwill

In January 2017, the FASB issued updated accounting guidance for simplifying the goodwill impairment test. We early adopted this guidance for our goodwill impairment tests performed after January 1, 2017.

Goodwill is not amortized but rather tested for impairment annually, or more frequently if an event or circumstance indicates that impairment may have been incurred. Events or circumstances that might indicate an interim evaluation is warranted include, among other things, unexpected adverse business conditions, macro and reporting unit specific economic factors, supply costs, unanticipated adverse events or conditions impacting revenues, cash flows or profitability, unanticipated competitive activities and acts by governments and courts.

Application of the interim and annual goodwill impairment test requires judgment, including the identification of reporting units, assignment of assets and liabilities to reporting units, assignment of goodwill to reporting units and the assessment of the fair value of each reporting unit. We determined during the first three quarters of 2019 that we had five reporting units (Financial Services & Healthcare (FS&H), Consumer & Industrial (C&I), Europe (together comprising Commercial Industries), Government Services and Transportation). During the fourth quarter of 2019, we changed our reporting units within the Commercial Industries reportable segment to reflect how we currently manage our business. We currently have six reporting units (End-User Customer Experience (EUCE), Transaction Processing (TP), Commercial Healthcare (CH) and Human Resources and Learning Services (HRL) (together comprising Commercial Industries), Government Services and Transportation).

Interim Goodwill Impairment Evaluation

During the first quarter of 2019, the Transportation reporting unit experienced unanticipated losses of certain customer contracts, lower than expected new customer contracts and higher costs of delivery (all subsequent to February 2019), and as a result, the expected growth of this reporting unit decreased resulting in its fair value being below its carrying value by an estimated \$284 million. Accordingly, the Company recorded a pre-tax impairment charge of \$284 million for the three months ended March 31, 2019.

In the second quarter of 2019, there were further unanticipated losses of certain customer contracts, lower potential future volumes and lower than expected new customer contracts (all subsequent to May 9, 2019). This led to actual results being below budget and a further downward revision of the long-term forecast across all of the Company's former reporting units (FS&H, C&I, Europe, Government Services, and Transportation). As a consequence of the business performance and the strategy pivot due to changes in management that occurred in the second quarter of 2019, we lowered our sales outlook, average margin expectation for the future years, and increased our weighted average cost of capital.

The table below summarizes key factors (by reporting unit) impacting our revised forecast within the second quarter of 2019 goodwill assessment.

Key Factors	FS&H	C&I	Europe	Government Services	Transportation
Lower anticipated new business	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Potential higher than anticipated contract losses	Х		Х	Х	Х
Potential volume pressures		Х	Х		Х
Strategic pivot	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

Based upon the information identified in the second quarter of 2019, we performed an interim goodwill impairment assessment for all our reporting units which resulted in a pre-tax impairment charge of \$1.1 billion for the three months ended June 30, 2019.

Annual Goodwill Impairment Evaluation

Our annual quantitative impairment test of goodwill was performed as of October 1, 2019.

In our quantitative test, we estimate the fair value of each reporting unit by weighting the results from the income approach (discounted cash flow methodology) and market approach. These valuation approaches require significant judgment and consider several factors that include, but are not limited to, expected future cash flows, growth rates and discount rates and comparable multiples from publicly traded companies in our industry. In addition, we are required to make certain assumptions and estimates regarding the current economic environment, industry factors and the future profitability of our businesses.

When performing our discounted cash flow analysis for each reporting unit, we incorporate the use of projected financial information and discount rates that are developed using market participant-based assumptions. The cash-flow projections are based on three-year financial forecasts developed by management that include revenue and expense projections, restructuring and strategic transformation activities, capital spending trends and investment in working capital to support anticipated revenue growth or other changes in the business. The selected discount rates consider the risk and nature of the respective reporting units' cash flows, appropriate capital structure and rates of return that market participants would require to invest their capital in our reporting units.

We believe these assumptions are appropriate and reflect our forecasted long-term business model and consider our historical results as well as the current economic environment and markets that we serve.

Based on our quantitative assessments, we concluded that the fair value of our reporting units exceeded their respective carrying values by approximately \$100 million (for all Commercial Industries), \$21 million for Government Services and \$24 million for Transportation, respectively.

The most significant assumption used in the goodwill analysis relates to the discount rates (ranging from 8.75% to 12.75%) and long-term organic growth rates (ranging from 2.5% to 3.0%) for the reporting units comprising the Commercial Industries, Government Services and Transportation reporting units.

Subsequent to completing the annual impairment test, the Company experienced further unanticipated contract losses within the Government Services reporting unit, and as result, management performed a goodwill impairment assessment for this reporting unit as of December 31, 2019, which resulted in a pre-tax impairment charge of \$512 million. In addition, in the fourth quarter we recorded an immaterial correction to the impairment charges recorded in the first and second quarters to properly reflect the impact of tax deductible goodwill on the previous impairments as well as the related income tax benefit. The impairment adjustment and related income tax benefit to the first quarter charge for the Transportation reporting unit totaled \$20 million and \$1 million, respectively. The impairment adjustment and related income tax benefit to the second quarter charge totaled \$69 million and \$6 million, respectively. The second quarter tand income tax benefit adjustments corrected the combined Commercial Industries reporting units by \$53 million and \$5 million, respectively, and the Government Services reporting unit by \$16 million, respectively. We believe these adjustments are not material to the current period or any prior period. The cumulative impairment charge for the year ended December 31, 2019 was approximately \$2.0 billion.

Refer to Note 8 - Goodwill and Intangible Assets, Net to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding goodwill by reportable segment.

Income Taxes

We are subject to income taxes in the United States and numerous foreign jurisdictions. The determination of our provision for income taxes requires significant judgment, the use of estimates and the interpretation and application of complex tax laws. Our provision is based on nonrecurring events as well as recurring factors, including the taxation of foreign income. In addition, our provision will change based on discrete or other nonrecurring events such as audit settlements, tax law changes, changes in valuation allowances and other factors, that may not be predictable. In the event that there is a significant unusual or one-time item recognized in our operating results, the taxes attributable to that item would be separately calculated and recorded at the same time as an unusual or one-time.

We record the estimated future tax effects of temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and amounts reported in our Consolidated Balance Sheets, as well as operating loss and tax credit carryforwards. We follow very specific and detailed guidelines in each tax jurisdiction regarding the recoverability of any tax assets recorded in our Consolidated Balance Sheets and provide valuation allowances as required. We regularly review our deferred tax assets for recoverability considering historical profitability, projected future taxable income, the expected timing of the reversals of existing temporary differences and tax planning strategies. Gross deferred tax assets of \$309 million and \$210 million had valuation allowances of \$72 million and \$44 million at December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

On December 22, 2017, the U.S. enacted the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (Tax Reform). The Tax Reform includes a tax on global intangible low-taxed income ("GILTI"), which imposes a U.S. tax on certain income earned by the Company's foreign subsidiaries. The Company elected to treat the tax on GILTI as a period cost when incurred and therefore, no deferred taxes for GILTI have been recognized for the year ended December 31, 2019.

We are subject to ongoing tax examinations and assessments in various jurisdictions. Accordingly, we may incur additional tax expense based upon our assessment of the morelikely-than-not outcomes of such matters. In addition, when applicable, we adjust previously recorded tax expense to reflect examination results. Our ongoing assessments of the morelikely-than-not outcomes of examinations and related tax positions require judgment and can materially increase or decrease our effective tax rate, as well as impact our operating results. Unrecognized tax benefits were \$24 million, \$20 million and \$15 million at December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Refer to Note 15 – Income Taxes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding deferred income taxes and unrecognized tax benefits.

Loss Contingencies

We are currently involved in various claims and legal proceedings. At least quarterly, we review the status of each significant matter and assess its potential financial exposure considering all available information including, but not limited to, the impact of negotiations, settlements, rulings, advice of legal counsel and other updated information and events pertaining to a particular matter. If the potential loss from any claim or legal proceeding is considered probable and the amount can be reasonably estimated, we accrue a liability for the estimated loss. Significant judgment is required in both the determination of probability and the determination as to whether an exposure is reasonably estimable. Because of uncertainties related to these matters, accruals are based only on the best information available at the time. As additional information becomes available, we reassess the potential liability related to pending claims and litigation and may revise estimates. These revisions in the estimates of the potential liabilities could have a material impact on the results of operations and financial position.

Refer to Note 16 - Contingencies and Litigation to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding loss contingencies.

Recent Accounting Changes

See Note 1 – Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies for information on accounting standards adopted during the current year, as well as recently issued accounting standards not yet required to be adopted and the expected impact of the adoption of these accounting standards. To the extent we believe the adoption of new accounting standards has had or will have a material impact on our consolidated results of operations, financial condition or liquidity, we also discuss the impact in the applicable section(s) of this MD&A.

Other Developments

SEC Rule—FAST Act Modernization and Simplification of Regulation S-K

In March 2019, the SEC adopted amendments to modernize and simplify certain disclosure requirements in Regulation S-K as part of modernization and simplification of Regulation S-K and related rules and forms. The amendments, which, among other things, change the requirements for the content of MD&A and change the process for redacting confidential information in certain exhibits, are intended to improve the readability and navigability of disclosure documents and discourage repetition and disclosure of immaterial information. The final rule became effective May 2, 2019.

The provisions of the rule that have the most significant impact on our disclosures under Regulation S-K and the content of this Form 10-K include: (i) the elimination, where appropriate, of the requirement to include in MD&A a discussion of the earliest year for registrants that provide financial statements covering three years in their filings, as such discussion is already included in prior filings; and (ii) a requirement that registrants identify the location in the prior filing where the omitted discussion can be found.



Financial Information

The section below provides a comparative discussion of our consolidated results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2019 and 2018. See Item 7. MD&A–Financial Information in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018, for a comparative discussion of our consolidated results of operations between 2018 and 2017.

	Year End	led De	ecember 31,	2019 vs	s. 2018
(in millions)	2019		2018	 \$ Change	% Change
Revenue	\$ 4,46	7	\$ 5,393	\$ (926)	(17)%
Operating Costs and Expenses					
Cost of services (excluding depreciation and amortization)	3,494	1	4,182	\$ (688)	(16)%
Selling, general and administrative (excluding depreciation and amortization)	479	Э	560	\$ (81)	(14)%
Research and development (excluding depreciation and amortization)	1	3	11	(3)	(27)%
Depreciation and amortization	45	Э	460	(1)	— %
Restructuring and related costs	7:	1	81	(10)	(12)%
Interest expense	78	3	112	(34)	(30)%
(Gain) loss on extinguishment of debt	_	-	108	(108)	(100)%
Goodwill impairment	1,95	2	-	1,952	
(Gain) loss on divestitures and transaction costs	2	5	42	(17)	(40)%
Litigation costs (recoveries), net	1	7	227	(210)	(93)%
Other (income) expenses, net	(10))	5	 (15)	(300)%
Total Operating Costs and Expenses	6,573	3	5,788	785	
Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes	(2,100	5)	(395)	(1,711)	
Income tax expense (benefit)	(172	2)	21	(193)	
Net Income (Loss)	\$ (1,934	1)	\$ (416)	\$ (1,518)	

Revenue

Revenue for 2019 decreased, compared to the prior year period, mainly due to the impact from divestitures completed in 2019 and 2018, lost business in the Commercial Industries and Government Services segments, price and volume pressure and currency fluctuations. Partially offsetting these declines were increases from the ramp of new business.

Cost of Services (excluding depreciation and amortization)

Cost of services for 2019 decreased, compared to the prior year period, mainly driven by the divestitures completed in 2019 and 2018, reductions in real estate, IT and labor costs from our transformation initiatives, lost business and lower volumes.

Selling, General and Administrative (SG&A) (excluding depreciation and amortization)

Lower SG&A for 2019, compared to the prior year period, was reflective of divested SG&A expenses, reductions in real estate costs, lower corporate overhead costs and reductions labor costs, including reductions in 401(k) costs.

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization for 2019 decreased, compared to the prior year period, primarily due to the divestitures in 2019 and 2018, partially offset by the HSP acquisition and increased capitalized software amortization for new projects placed in service. Refer to Note 5 – Business Acquisition and Note 8 – Goodwill and Intangible Assets, Net to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding the HSP acquisition and our intangible assets, respectively.

Restructuring and Related Costs

We engage in a series of restructuring programs related to downsizing our employee base, reducing our real estate footprint, exiting certain activities, outsourcing certain internal functions, consolidating our data centers and engaging in other actions designed to reduce our cost structure and improve productivity. The following are the components of our Restructuring and related costs:

	Year Ended D	December 31,
(in millions, except headcount in whole numbers)	 2019	2018
Severance and related costs	\$ 28	\$ 34
Data center consolidation	21	4
Other contractual termination costs	3	37
Asset impairment	15	3
Total Net Current Period Charges	 67	78
Consulting and other costs ⁽¹⁾	4	3
Restructuring and Related Costs	\$ 71	\$ 81
Reduction in headcount ⁽²⁾	 1,300	3,300

Represents professional support costs associated with our strategic transformation program.
 Relates to headcount reductions worldwide associated with Severance and related costs

(2) Relates to nearcount reductions worldwide associated with severalice and related costs

Refer to Note 9 - Restructuring Programs and Related Costs to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding our restructuring programs.

Interest Expense

The decrease in Interest expense for 2019, compared to the prior year period, was driven primarily by lower average debt balances resulting mostly from the tender offer in 2018 and repricing. Refer to Note 11 – Debt to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

(Gain) Loss on Extinguishment of Debt

The loss on extinguishment of debt in 2018 related to the premium paid for the substantial buyback of the 10.5% Senior Notes due 2024. Refer to Note 11 – Debt to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Goodwill Impairment

The goodwill impairment for 2019 related to the write-down of the carrying values of the reporting units. Refer to Note 8 – Goodwill and Intangible Assets, Net to the Consolidated Financial Statements and MD&A–Overview–Significant 2019 Actions–Goodwill Impairment for additional information.

(Gain) Loss on Divestitures and Transaction Costs

The loss in 2019 consists of \$6 million of changes in estimates related to losses on divestitures, \$2 million related to a loss on sale of assets and \$17 million of transaction and related costs, \$4 million of which related to costs to remediate Payment Card Industry Data Security Standards compliance issues related to the sale of select standalone customer care contracts to Skyview Capital LLC. The loss in 2018 was mainly related to the impairment charge on the anticipated sale of a portfolio of select standalone customer care contracts to Skyview Capital LLC.

Litigation Costs (Recoveries), Net

Net litigation costs for 2019 consist primarily of the recognition of the \$13 million discount on the fair value of the Texas litigation liability established in 2018, due to the 2019 acceleration of the payment terms of the settlement. The 2018 expenses were primarily due to the increase in reserves for the Texas litigation and establishment of reserves for the Cognizant terminated contracts.

Refer to Note 16 - Contingencies and Litigation to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Other (Income) Expenses, Net

Other (income) expenses, net primarily includes foreign currency transaction losses (gains), interest income, the Student Loan business shut-down costs and other deferred compensation investment results.

Income Taxes

The 2019 effective tax rate was 8.2%, compared to (5.3)% for 2018. The 2019 rate was lower than the U.S. statutory rate of 21%, primarily due to the goodwill impairment charge being partially non-deductible for tax and the geographic mix of income, partially offset by U.S. federal tax credits and tax benefits recognized on the sale of a portfolio of select standalone customer care contracts to Skyview Capital LLC. The 2018 rate was lower than the U.S. statutory tax rate of 21%, primarily due to pre-tax loss and tax from the divestitures, partially offset by U.S. foreign tax credits.

Excluding the impact of goodwill impairment, divestitures, the Texas litigation reserve, amortization and restructuring, the normalized effective tax rate for 2019 was 30.0%. The normalized effective tax rate of 25.1% for 2018, was predominantly impacted by the exclusion of divestitures, the Texas litigation reserve, the loss on extinguishment of debt, amortization, restructuring and divestiture related costs.



Operations Review of Segments

Our reportable segments correspond to how we organize and manage the business and are aligned to the industries in which our clients operate.

We organize and manage our businesses through three reportable segments (Commercial Industries, Government Services and Transportation), Other operations and Shared IT / Infrastructure & Corporate Costs.

The section below provides a comparative discussion of our financial performance by segment between the year ended December 31, 2019 and 2018. See Item 7. MD&A– Operations Review of Segment in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018, for a comparative discussion of our consolidated results of operations between 2018 and 2017.

(in millions)	ommercial ndustries	C	Sovernment Services	٦	Fransportation		Oth	ner		Infr	Shared IT / astructure & porate Costs	Total
Year Ended Dec 31, 2019						Div	estitures		Other			
Total Revenue	\$ 2,385	\$	1,263	\$	781	\$	36	\$	2	\$	_	\$ 4,467
Segment profit (Loss)	\$ 448	\$	394	\$	120	\$	1	\$	_	\$	(690)	\$ 273
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 542	\$	423	\$	157	\$	1	\$	_	\$	(629)	\$ 494
% of Total Revenue	53.4 %		28.3 %		17.5 %		0.8 %		— %		— %	100.0 %
Adjusted EBITDA Margin	22.7 %		33.5 %		20.1 %		2.8 %		— %		— %	11.1 %
Year Ended Dec 31, 2018												
Total Revenue	\$ 2,550	\$	1,351	\$	729	\$	752	\$	11	\$	_	\$ 5,393
Segment profit (Loss)	\$ 501	\$	424	\$	113	\$	98	\$	(19)	\$	(695)	\$ 422
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 598	\$	451	\$	149	\$	105	\$	(16)	\$	(647)	\$ 640
% of Total Revenue	47.3 %		25.1 %		13.5 %		13.9 %		0.2 %		— %	100.0 %
Adjusted EBITDA Margin	23.5 %		33.4 %		20.4 %		14.0 %		(145.5)%		— %	11.9 %

Commercial Industries Segment

Revenue

Commercial Industries revenue for 2019 decreased, compared to the prior year period, primarily driven by contract losses, volume pressure, price pressure upon renewals, strategic exits and currency fluctuations. These losses were partially offset by revenue from new contracts.

Segment Profit and Adjusted EBITDA

Decreases in the Commercial Industries segment profit and adjusted EBITDA margin for 2019, compared to the prior year period, were mainly driven by the overall revenue declines, partially offset by reductions in labor, IT and real estate costs from our transformation initiatives.

Government Services Segment

Revenue

Government Services revenue for 2019 decreased, compared to the prior year period, primarily driven by contract losses and pricing and scope changes associated with a large renewal. These declines were partially offset by ramp of new business.

Segment Profit and Adjusted EBITDA

Decreases in the Government Services segment profit and adjusted EBITDA margin for 2019, compared to the prior year period, were mainly driven by lower revenue, partially offset by lower IT and delivery costs.

Transportation Segment

Revenue

Transportation revenue for 2019 increased, compared to the prior year period, primarily driven by ramp of new business and volume increases.

Segment Profit and Adjusted EBITDA

Transportation segment profit and adjusted EBITDA margin for 2019 increased, compared to the prior year period, mainly driven by increased revenue and reduced IT platform spend.

Other

Revenue

Other revenue for 2019 decreased, compared to the prior year period, driven mainly by the divestitures completed in 2018 and 2019 and the run-off of our Student Loan Services business.

Segment Profit (Loss) and Adjusted EBITDA

Decreases in Other segment profit and adjusted EBITDA for 2019, compared to the prior year period, were primarily due to divestitures completed in 2019 and 2018 and the run-off of our Student Loan Services business.

Shared IT / Infrastructure & Corporate Costs

Improvements in Shared IT/Infrastructure and Corporate costs for 2019, compared to the prior year period, were mainly due to reductions in corporate overhead costs.

Metrics

Signings

Signings are defined as estimated future revenues from contracts signed during the period, including renewals of existing contracts. Total Contract Value (TCV) is the estimated total contractual revenue related to signed contracts. The amounts in the following table exclude divestitures.

		Year Ended	Decem	ber 31,	2019 vs. 2018				
<u>(in millions)</u>		2019		2018		\$ Change	% Change		
New business TCV	\$	996	\$	1,598	\$	(602)	(38)%		
Renewals TCV		2,230		3,847		(1,617)	(42)%		
Total Signings	\$	3,226	\$	5,445	\$	(2,219)	(41)%		
Annual recurring revenue signings ⁽¹⁾	\$	281	\$	365	\$	(84)	(23)%		
Non-recurring revenue signings ⁽²⁾	\$	166	\$	234	\$	(68)	(29)%		

Recurring revenue signings are for new business contracts longer than one year.

(1) Non-recurring revenue signings are for new business contracts onger than one year.
 (2) Non-recurring revenue signings are for contracts shorter than one year.

(2) Non-recurring revenue signings are for contracts shorter than one year.

Signings for the 2019 decreased, compared to the prior year, primarily due to sales headcount challenges and market positioning.

Renewal Rate

Renewal rate is defined as the annual recurring revenue (ARR) on contracts that are renewed during the period as a percentage of ARR on all contracts for which a renewal decision was made during the period, excluding any contracts that were not renewed and where a strategic action to improve the risk or profitability had been initiated.

Excluding our strategic decision not to renew certain contracts, renewal rates for 2019 and 2018 were 81% and 95%, respectively. A large part of the decline was attributable to the loss of our California Medicaid contract.

Capital Resources and Liquidity

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, total cash and cash equivalents were \$496 million (of which approximately \$124 million was cash in foreign locations) and \$756 million (of which approximately \$100 million was cash in foreign locations), respectively. The Company also has a \$750 million revolving line of credit for its various cash needs, of which \$83 million has been utilized for letters of credit as of December 31, 2019.

As of December 31, 2019, there were \$1.5 billion outstanding borrowings under our Credit Agreement of which \$50 million was due within one year. Refer to Note 11 – Debt to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional debt information.

In January 2019, we acquired Health Solution Plus, a software provider of healthcare payer administration solutions for a total base consideration of \$90 million. This acquisition is part of the Commercial Industries segment. Refer to Note 5 – Business Acquisition to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding this acquisition.

In February 2019, we reached a settlement agreement and release with the State of Texas ("State") and the Texas Department of Health and Human Services, which was amended in May 2019 ("Texas Agreement"). Pursuant to the terms of the Texas Agreement, the Company was required to pay the State \$236 million, of which \$118 million was paid in 2019 and the remaining \$118 million paid in January 2020. Refer to Note 16 – Contingencies and Litigation to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding this litigation settlement.

Refer to the Capital Market Activity section below for additional information regarding our capital activity.

Cash Flow Analysis

The following summarizes our cash flows for the three years ended December 31, 2019, as reported in our Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows in the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements:

	 Year Ended	 Change	
(in millions)	2019	2018	2019 vs. 2018
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 132	\$ 283	\$ (151)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(310)	460	(770)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(85)	(637)	552

Operating Activities

The decrease in cash generated from operating activities of \$151 million, compared to the prior year period, was primarily attributable to \$131 million of payments for the Texas and other litigation and lower adjusted EBITDA of \$146 million, partially offset by lower cash income tax payments of \$62 million, lower restructuring payments of \$14 million and other working capital improvements of \$50 million.

Investing Activities

The increase in cash used in investing activities of \$770 million, compared to the prior year period, was primarily due to the absence of the proceeds from the divestitures and asset sales in 2018, the acquisition of HSP and increased spending for capital expenditures related to modernizing our IT infrastructure for both customer-facing and internal functions in 2019.

Financing Activities

The decrease in cash used in financing activities for 2019, compared to the prior year period, was related to lower debt repayments.

Sales of Accounts Receivable

The net impact from the sales of accounts receivable on net cash provided by (used in) operating activities for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017 was \$51 million, \$23 million and \$(3) million, respectively. The net impact from the sales of accounts receivable represents the difference between current and prior year fourth quarter accounts receivable sales adjusted for the effects of: (i) collections prior to the end of the year and (ii) currency.

Capital Market Activity

On June 28, 2018, the Company entered into Amendment No. 3 (Amendment) to the December 7, 2016 Credit Agreement and in July 2018, the Company redeemed \$476 million of its \$510 million 10.5% Senior Notes due 2024.

Refer to Note 11 – Debt to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on both Amendment No. 3 and the partial redemption of the Senior Notes.

Financial Instruments

Refer to Note 12 - Financial Instruments to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Contractual Cash Obligations and Other Commercial Commitments and Contingencies

At December 31, 2019, we had the following contractual cash obligations and other commercial commitments and contingencies:

<u>(in millions)</u>	 2020	 2021	 2022	 2023	 2024	 Thereafter
Total debt, including finance lease obligations ⁽¹⁾	\$ 50	\$ 84	\$ 571	\$ 800	\$ 34	\$ _
Interest on debt ⁽²⁾	76	73	63	37	4	1
Minimum operating lease commitments ⁽³⁾	106	79	57	36	28	62
Estimated Purchase Commitments ⁽⁴⁾	80	20	3	2	1	_
Total	\$ 312	\$ 256	\$ 694	\$ 875	\$ 67	\$ 63

Total debt represents principal debt and finance leases. Refer to Note 11 - Debt to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding debt.

Represents interest on debt. Refer to Note 11 – Debt in the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information. Refer to Note 1 – Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

(1) (2) (3) (4) Other purchase commitments: We enter into other purchase commitments with vendors in the ordinary course of business. Our policy with respect to all purchase commitments is to record losses, if any, when they are probable and reasonably estimable. We currently do not have, nor do we anticipate, material loss contracts.

The table above does not include the amounts payable under the Texas Agreement. Refer to Note 16 - Contingencies and Litigation to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Other Contingencies and Commitments

As more fully discussed in Note 16 – Contingencies and Litigation to the Consolidated Financial Statements, we are involved in a variety of claims, lawsuits, investigations and proceedings concerning: securities law; governmental entity contracting, servicing and procurement law; intellectual property law; employment law; the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA); and other laws and regulations. In addition, guarantees, indemnifications and claims may arise during the ordinary course of business from relationships with suppliers, customers and non-consolidated affiliates. Nonperformance under a contract including a guarantee, indemnification or claim could trigger an obligation of the Company.

We determine whether an estimated loss from a contingency should be accrued by assessing whether a loss is deemed probable and can be reasonably estimated. Should developments in any of these areas cause a change in our determination as to an unfavorable outcome and result in the need to recognize a material accrual, or should any of these matters result in a final adverse judgment or be settled for significant amounts, they could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, cash flows and financial position in the period or periods in which such change in determination, judgment or settlement occurs.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of December 31, 2019, we do not believe we have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have, or are reasonably likely to have, a material current or future effect on financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources.

In addition, refer to the preceding table for the Company's contractual cash obligations and other commercial commitments and Note 16 – Contingencies and Litigation to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding contingencies, guarantees and indemnifications.



ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Market Risk

We are exposed to market risk from foreign currency exchange rates, which could affect operating results, financial position and cash flows. We manage our exposure to this market risk through our regular operating and financing activities and, when appropriate, through the use of derivative financial instruments. We utilized derivative financial instruments to hedge economic exposures, as well as reduce earnings and cash flow volatility resulting from shifts in market rates. We also hedge the cost to fund material non-dollar entities by buying currencies periodically in advance of the funding date. This is accounted for using derivative accounting.

Recent market events have not caused us to materially modify or change our financial risk management strategies with respect to our exposures to foreign currency risk. Refer to Note 12 – Financial Instruments to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional discussion on our financial risk management.

Foreign Exchange Risk Management

Assuming a 10% appreciation or depreciation in foreign currency exchange rates from the quoted foreign currency exchange rates at December 31, 2019, the potential change in the fair value of foreign currency-denominated assets and liabilities in each entity would not be significant because all material currency asset and liability exposures were economically hedged as of December 31, 2019. A 10% appreciation or depreciation of the U.S. Dollar against all currencies from the quoted foreign currency exchange rates at December 31, 2019 would have an impact on our cumulative translation adjustment portion of equity of approximately \$32 million. The net amount invested in foreign subsidiaries and affiliates, primarily in the U.K. and Europe, and translated into U.S. Dollars using the year-end exchange rates, was approximately \$320 million at December 31, 2019.

Interest Rate Risk Management

The consolidated weighted-average interest rates related to our total debt for 2019 approximated 3.42% for Term A Loan due 2021, 5.48% for Term B Loan due 2023, 10.91% for Senior Notes due 2024 and 4.79% for finance lease obligations. As of December 31, 2019, \$1,505 million of our total debt of \$1,539 million carried variable interest rates. The fair values of our fixed rate financial instruments are sensitive to changes in interest rates and at December 31, 2019, a 10% increase in market interest rates would decrease the fair values of such financial instruments by approximately \$4 million. A 10% decrease in market interest rates would increase the fair values of such financial instruments by approximately \$6 million.

ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Conduent Incorporated

Opinions on the Financial Statements and Internal Control over Financial Reporting

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Conduent Incorporated and its subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the related consolidated statements of income (loss), of comprehensive income (loss), of shareholders' equity and of cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2019, including the related notes and schedule of valuation and qualifying accounts for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2019 (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements"). We also have audited the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2019, based on criteria established in Internal Control - Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2019 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Also in our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2019, based on criteria established in Internal Control - Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the COSO

Changes in Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company changed the manner in which it accounts for leases in 2019 and the manner in which it accounts for revenues from contracts with customers in 2018.

Basis for Opinions

The Company's management is responsible for these consolidated financial statements, for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting, and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting appearing under Item 9A. Our responsibility is to express opinions on the Company's consolidated financial statements and on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud, and whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects.

Our audits of the consolidated financial statements included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audits also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

Definition and Limitations of Internal Control over Financial Reporting

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Critical Audit Matters

The critical audit matter communicated below is a matter arising from the current period audit of the consolidated financial statements that was communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that (i) relates to accounts or disclosures that are material to the consolidated financial statements and (ii) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. The communication of critical audit matters does not alter in any way our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matter below, providing a separate opinion on the critical audit matter or on the accounts or disclosures to which it relates.

Goodwill Impairment Assessment

As described in Notes 1 and 8 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company's consolidated goodwill balance was \$1,502 million as of December 31, 2019. The goodwill associated with the Commercial Industries reportable segment, Government Services reportable segment and Transportation reporting segment was \$821 million, \$621 million and \$60 million, respectively. Management tests goodwill for impairment annually or more frequently if an event or change in circumstances indicate the asset may be impaired. As disclosed by management, the annual quantitative impairment test of goodwill was performed as of October 1, 2019. Impairment testing for goodwill is done at the reporting unit level. The fair value of reporting units is determined using a combination of both an income approach and a market approach. The income approach utilizes a discounted cash flow analysis based upon the forecasted future business results of reporting units. The market approach utilizes the guideline public company method. If the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount, an impairment charge would be recognized for the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the reporting units fair value, not to exceed the total amount of goodwill allocated to the reporting unit. In Q1 and Q2 2019, the Company experienced unanticipated losses of certain customer contracts, lower potential future volumes, lower than expected new customer contracts and higher costs of delivery. This led to actual results being below budget and a further downward revision of the long-term forecast across all the Company's reporting units (Financial Services & Healthcare, Consumer & Industrial, Europe (together comprising Commercial Industries), Government Services, and Transportation). As a consequence of the business performance and the strategy pivot due to changes in management that occurred in the second quarter, the Company superificated interim goodwill impairment assessments for all its reporting units which resulted in a pre-tax imp



The principal considerations for our determination that performing procedures relating to the goodwill impairment assessment is a critical audit matter are that there was significant judgment by management when determining the fair value measurement of the reporting units. This in turn led to a high degree of auditor judgment, effort, and subjectivity in performing procedures to evaluate management's cash flow projections, including significant assumptions related to the long-term organic growth rates and the discount rates. In addition, the audit effort involved the use of professionals with specialized skill and knowledge to assist in performing these procedures and evaluating the audit evidence obtained.

Addressing the matter involved performing procedures and evaluating audit evidence in connection with forming our overall opinion on the consolidated financial statements. These procedures included testing the effectiveness of controls relating to the Company's goodwill impairment assessment, including controls over the determination of the fair value of the Company's reporting units. These procedures also included, among others, testing management's process for determining the fair value estimate; evaluating the appropriateness of the discounted cash flow analysis; testing the completeness, accuracy and relevance of underlying data used in the estimate; and evaluating the significant assumptions used by management, including the long-term organic growth rates and the discount rates. Evaluating management's assumptions related to the long-term organic growth rates involved evaluating whether the assumptions used were reasonable considering (i) the current and past performance of each reporting unit, (ii) the consistency with external market and industry data and (iii) whether these assumptions were consistent with evidence obtained in other areas of the audit. Professionals with specialized skill and knowledge were used to assist in the evaluation of the Company's discounted cash flow analysis and certain significant assumptions, including the discount rates.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Florham Park, New Jersey February 26, 2020

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2016.

48

CNDT 2019 Annual Report

REPORTS OF MANAGEMENT

Management's Responsibility for Financial Statements

Our management is responsible for the integrity and objectivity of all information presented in this annual report. The consolidated financial statements were prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and include amounts based on management's best estimates and judgments. Management believes the consolidated financial statements fairly reflect the form and substance of transactions and that the financial statements fairly represent the Company's financial position and results of operations.

The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors, which is composed solely of independent directors, meets regularly with the independent registered public accountants, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, the internal auditors and representatives of management to review accounting, financial reporting, internal control and audit matters, as well as the nature and extent of the audit effort. The Audit Committee is responsible for the engagement of the independent registered public accountants. The independent registered public accountants and internal auditors have free access to the Audit Committee.

/s/ CLIFFORD SKELTON	/s/ BRIAN WEBB-WALSH	/s/ MARIO A. POMPEO
Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Chief Accounting Officer

CONDUENT INCORPORATED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (LOSS)

	Year Ended December 31,											
(in millions, except per-share data)		2019		2018	2017							
Revenue	\$	4,467	\$	5,393	\$	6,022						
Operating Costs and Expenses												
Cost of services (excluding depreciation and amortization)		3,494		4,182		4,730						
Selling, general and administrative (excluding depreciation and amortization)		479		560		611						
Research and development (excluding depreciation and amortization)		8		11		12						
Depreciation and amortization		459		460		495						
Restructuring and related costs		71		81		101						
Interest expense		78		112		137						
(Gain) loss on extinguishment of debt		-		108		—						
Goodwill impairment		1,952		—		—						
(Gain) loss on divestitures and transaction costs		25		42		(42)						
Litigation costs (recoveries), net		17		227		(11)						
Separation costs		-		—		12						
Other (income) expenses, net		(10)		5		(7)						
Total Operating Costs and Expenses		6,573		5,788		6,038						
Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes		(2,106)		(395)		(16)						
Income tax expense (benefit)		(172)		21		(193)						
Income (Loss) From Continuing Operations		(1,934)		(416)		177						
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax		_		_		4						
Net Income (Loss)	\$	(1,934)	\$	(416)	\$	181						
Basic Earnings (Loss) per Share:												
Continuing operations	\$	(9.29)	\$	(2.06)	\$	0.82						
Discontinued operations		_		_		0.02						
Total Basic Earnings (Loss) per Share	\$	(9.29)	\$	(2.06)	\$	0.84						
Diluted Earnings (Loss) per Share:												
Continuing operations	\$	(9.29)	\$	(2.06)	\$	0.81						
Discontinued operations		_		_		0.02						
Total Diluted Earnings (Loss) per Share	\$	(9.29)	\$	(2.06)	\$	0.83						
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

CNDT 2019 Annual Report

CONDUENT INCORPORATED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

	Year Ended December 31,										
<u>(in millions)</u>		2019		2018		2017					
Net Income (Loss)	\$	(1,934)	\$	(416)	\$	181					
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), Net ⁽¹⁾											
Currency translation adjustments, net		3		(31)		35					
Reclassification of currency translation adjustments on divestitures		15		42		_					
Reclassification of divested benefit plans and other		(1)		62		_					
Unrecognized gains (losses), net		1		1		2					
Changes in benefit plans, net		_		_		(5)					
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), Net		18		74	-	32					
Comprehensive Income (Loss), Net	\$	(1,916)	\$	(342)	\$	213					

(1) All amounts are net of tax. Tax effects were immaterial. Refer to Note 19 – Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) for information about pre-tax amounts.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

CONDUENT INCORPORATED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

		December							
eceivable, net f for sale sets f for sale sets f for sale sets f for sale f assets f assets f assets f assets f and equipment, net ease right-of-use assets assets, net ferm assets Assets f and Equity f and Eq	2019			2018					
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	496	\$	756					
Accounts receivable, net		652		782					
Assets held for sale		—		15					
Contract assets		155		177					
Other current assets		283		234					
Total current assets		1,586		1,964					
Land, buildings and equipment, net		342		328					
Operating lease right-of-use assets		271		_					
Intangible assets, net		426		651					
Goodwill		1,502		3,408					
Other long-term assets		387		329					
Total Assets	\$	4,514	\$	6,680					
Liabilities and Equity									
Current portion of long-term debt	\$	50	\$	55					
Accounts payable		198		230					
Accrued compensation and benefits costs		174		193					
Unearned income		108		112					
Liabilities held for sale		_		40					
Other current liabilities		647		567					
Total current liabilities		1,177		1,197					
Long-term debt		1,464		1,512					
Deferred taxes		111		327					
Operating lease liabilities		229		_					
Other long-term liabilities		91		280					
Total Liabilities		3,072		3,316					
Contingencies (See Note 16)									
Series A convertible preferred stock		142		142					
Common stock		2		2					
Additional paid-in capital		3,890		3,878					
Retained earnings (deficit)		(2,185)		(233)					
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(407)		(425)					
Total Equity		1,300		3,222					
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$	4,514	\$	6,680					
Shares of common stock issued and outstanding	2:	1,511		211,306					
Shares of series A convertible preferred stock issued and outstanding		120		120					

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

CNDT 2019 Annual Report

CONDUENT INCORPORATED

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

		Year Ended December 31,			
<u>(in millions)</u>	2019	2018	2017		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:					
Net income (loss)	\$ (1,934)	\$ (416)	\$ 181		
Adjustments required to reconcile net income to cash flows from operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization	459	460	495		
Contract inducement amortization	3	3	2		
Goodwill impairment	1,952	_	_		
Deferred income taxes	(220)	(75)	(230)		
(Gain) loss from investments	(4)	(2)	(10)		
Amortization of debt financing costs	7	11	9		
(Gain) loss on extinguishment of debt	—	108	_		
(Gain) loss on divestitures and transaction costs	25	42	(42)		
Stock-based compensation	24	38	40		
Allowance for doubtful accounts	3	_	(1)		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:					
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	107	133	32		
(Increase) decrease in other current and long-term assets	(14)	(111)	(32)		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued compensation	(32)	(56)	(49)		
Increase (decrease) in restructuring liabilities	10	8	34		
Increase (decrease) in other current and long-term liabilities	(257)	161	(125		
Net change in income tax assets and liabilities	3	(17)	11		
Other operating, net	_	(4)	(15		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	132	283	300		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:					
Cost of additions to land, buildings and equipment	(148)	(179)	(96		
Proceeds from sale of land, buildings and equipment	2	13	33		
Cost of additions to internal use software	(67)	(45)	(36		
Proceeds from investments	_	1	117		
Payments for acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(90)	_	_		
Proceeds from divestitures and sale of assets, net of cash	()	675	56		
Payments from divestitures, including cash sold	(7)	_	_		
Other investing, net	(1)	(5)			
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(310)	460	74		
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:	(310)	400			
Proceeds on long-term debt	_	_	306		
Debt issuance fee payments		(3)	(8)		
Payments on debt	(54)	(5)	(241		
Premium on debt redemption	(54)	(95)	(241		
	_	(95)			
Net payments to former parent company			(161)		
Taxes paid for settlement of stock based compensation	(21)	(10)	(5)		
Dividends paid on preferred stock	(10)	(10)	(10)		
Other financing		-	(5		
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(85)	(637)	(124		
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	3	(8)	1		
ncrease (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(260)	98	251		
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash at Beginning of Period	765	667	416		
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash at End of period ⁽¹⁾	\$ 505	\$ 765	\$ 667		

(1) Includes \$9 million of restricted cash as of each of the years December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017, that was included in Other current assets on their respective Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

CNDT 2019 Annual Report

CONDUENT INCORPORATED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

<u>(in millions)</u>	Comm	non Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	AOCL ⁽¹⁾	Conduent Shareholders' Equity
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$	2	\$ 3,812	\$ _	\$ (526)	\$ 3,288
Cash dividends paid - preferred stock, \$80/per share		_	_	(10)	_	(10)
Stock option and incentive plans, net		_	38	_	_	38
Comprehensive Income (Loss):						
Net Income (Loss)		_	_	181	_	181
Other comprehensive income (loss), net		_	 _	 _	 32	 32
Total Comprehensive Income (Loss), Net		_	 _	181	32	 213
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$	2	\$ 3,850	\$ 171	\$ (494)	\$ 3,529
Cash dividends paid - preferred stock, \$80/per share		_	 _	 (10)	 _	 (10)
Cumulative impact of adopting the new revenue standard		_	_	17	_	17
Reclassification of amounts impacted by Tax Reform		_	_	5	(5)	_
Stock option and incentive plans, net		_	28	—	—	28
Comprehensive Income (Loss):						
Net Income (Loss)		_	_	(416)	—	(416)
Other comprehensive income (loss), net		_	 _	_	74	 74
Total Comprehensive Income (Loss), Net		_	_	(416)	74	(342)
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$	2	\$ 3,878	\$ (233)	\$ (425)	\$ 3,222
Cash dividends paid - preferred stock, \$80/per share		_	 _	 (10)	 _	 (10)
Cumulative impact of adopting the new lease standard		_	_	(8)	_	(8)
Stock option and incentive plans, net		-	12	_	_	12
Comprehensive Income (Loss):						
Net Income (Loss)		_	_	(1,934)	_	(1,934)
Other comprehensive income (loss), net		_	_	_	18	18
Total Comprehensive Income (Loss), Net		_	 _	 (1,934)	18	 (1,916)
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$	2	\$ 3,890	\$ (2,185)	\$ (407)	\$ 1,300

(1) AOCL - Accumulated other comprehensive loss.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

CNDT 2019 Annual Report

CONDUENT INCORPORATED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

References herein to "we," "us," "our," the "Company" and "Conduent" refer to Conduent Incorporated and its consolidated subsidiaries unless the context suggests otherwise.

Description of Business

Conduent is a global enterprise and leading provider of mission-critical services and solutions on behalf of businesses and governments – creating exceptional outcomes for its clients and the millions of people who count on them. Through people, process expertise in transaction-intensive processing, and technology such as analytics and automation, Conduent solutions and services create value by improving efficiencies, reducing costs and enabling revenue growth. A majority of Fortune 100 companies and over 500 government entities depend on Conduent every day to manage their business processes and essential interactions with their end users. The Company's portfolio includes industry-focused solutions in attractive growth markets such as healthcare and transportation, as well as solutions that serve multiple industries such as transaction processing, customer care, human resource solutions and payment services.

Basis of Presentation

Our Consolidated Financial Statements included the historical basis of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of the individual businesses of the Company, including joint ventures and partnerships over which the Company has a controlling financial interest. We have prepared the Consolidated Financial Statements pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC. Certain reclassifications have been made to prior years' amounts to conform to the current year presentation. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated.

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through February 26, 2020. Subsequent events are disclosed throughout the Notes to these Consolidated Financial Statements.

Conduent Incorporated is a New York corporation, organized in 2016. Our common stock began trading on January 3, 2017, on the New York Stock Exchange, under the ticker "CNDT". In December 2019, Conduent changed the listing of its publicly traded common stock from the New York Stock Exchange to the NASDAQ Global Select Market (NASDAQ), where it remains listed under the ticker "CNDT".

Use of Estimates

We prepared the Consolidated Financial Statements using financial information available at the time of preparation, which requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. Our most significant estimates pertain to the intangible and long-lived assets, valuation of goodwill, contingencies and litigation and income taxes. Our estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events, historical experience, and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. As a result, actual results may be different from these estimates.

New Accounting Standards

Credit Losses: In June 2016, the FASB updated the accounting guidance related to measurement of credit losses on financial instruments, which requires financial assets measured at amortized cost to be presented at the net amount expected to be collected. The guidance replaces the incurred loss model with an expected loss model referred to as current expected credit loss (CECL). The CECL model requires us to measure lifetime expected credit losses for financial instruments held at the reporting date using historical experience, current conditions and reasonable supportable forecasts. The guidance expands the disclosure requirements regarding an entity's assumptions, models, and methods for estimating credit losses and requires new disclosures of the amortized cost balance for each class of financial asset by credit quality indicator, disaggregated by the year of origination. This updated guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted. The Company has determined, after gathering data and developing models, that the adoption of the new standard will not have any material impact on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

Recently Adopted Accounting Standards

Leases: The Company adopted the new lease guidance as of January 1, 2019, using the cumulative-effect adjustment transition method, which applies the provisions of the standard at the effective date without adjusting the comparative periods presented. The Company has elected the package of practical expedients, which allows the Company not to reassess (1) whether any expired or existing contracts as of the adoption date are, or contain, leases, (2) lease classification for any expired or existing leases as of the adoption date. The Company did not elect to apply the hindsight practical expedient. Additionally, the Company has elected not to include short-term leases, with a term of 12 months or less, on its Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The impact of adopting this new guidance included the establishment of Operating lease right-of-use (ROU) assets of \$387 million, an increase to Other current liabilities of \$103 million, a decrease to Other long-term liabilities of \$21 million, the establishment of Operating lease liabilities of \$316 million and a net decrease to opening retained earnings (deficit) of \$8 million, as of January 1, 2019. The adoption did not have an impact on the Company's Consolidated Statements of Income (Loss) or Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

Summary of Accounting Policies

Leases

The Company determines if an arrangement is a lease at the inception of the contract and whether that lease meets the classification criteria of a finance or operating lease. The Company has operating and finance leases for real estate and equipment. Operating leases are included in Operating lease ROU assets, Other current liabilities, and Operating lease liabilities in our Consolidated Balance Sheets. Finance leases are included in Land, buildings and equipment, net, Current portion of long-term debt, and Long-term debt in our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

ROU assets represent the Company's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent the Company's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. ROU assets and liabilities are recognized at the commencement date based on the net present value of lease payments over the lease term using the Company's incremental borrowing rates or implicit rates. The Company's lease terms may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that the Company will exercise that option based on economic factors. The Company recognizes operating fixed lease expense and finance lease depreciation on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Variable lease expense is recognized in the period in which the obligation for those payments is incurred. The Company and non-lease components for its real estate leases.

Table of Contents

(in millions) Finance Lease Costs:

The components of lease costs were as follows:

(in millions)	Year Ended De	cember 31, 2019
Finance Lease Costs:		
Amortization of right of use assets	\$	10
Interest on lease liabilities		1
Total Finance Lease Costs	\$	11
Operating lease costs:		
Base rent	\$	112

Variable lease costs⁽¹⁾ Sublease income Total Operating Lease Costs

Short-term lease costs

Operating lease costs: Base rent

(1) Primarily related to taxes, insurance and common area and other maintenance costs for real estate leases.

Supplemental cash flow information related to leases was as follows:

(in millions)	Year Ended D	ecember 31, 2019
Cash paid for the amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:		
Operating cash flows from operating leases	\$	137
Operating cash flows from finance leases		1
Total Cash Flow from Operating Activities	\$	138
Financing cash flow from finance leases	\$	11
Supplemental non-cash information on right of use assets obtained in exchange for new lease obligations:		
Operating leases	\$	32
Finance leases	\$	2

Supplemental balance sheet information related to leases was as follows:

(in millions)	Decemb	er 31, 2019
Operating lease assets:		
Operating lease right-of-use assets	\$	271
Operating lease liabilities:		
Other current liabilities	\$	91
Operating lease liabilities		229
Total Operating Lease Liabilities	\$	320
Finance lease assets:		
Land, buildings and equipment, net	\$	14
Finance lease liabilities:		
Current portion of long-term debt	\$	7
Long-term debt		10
Total Finance Lease Liabilities	\$	17

12 30

(7)

147

\$

The Company's leases generally do not provide an implicit rate, therefore the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate when measuring operating lease liabilities. The incremental borrowing rate represents an estimate of the interest rate the Company would incur at lease commencement to borrow an amount equal to the lease payments on a collateralized basis over the term of a lease within a particular currency environment. The weighted average discount rates for operating and finance leases were 5.5% and 4.8%, respectively.

The weighted average remaining lease terms for operating and finance leases at December 31, 2019, were 5 years and 3 years, respectively.

Maturities of operating lease liabilities were as follows:

	Decer	nber 31, 2019
(in millions)	Operating	Lease Payments
2020	\$	106
2021		79
2022		57
2023		36
2024		28
Thereafter		62
Total undiscounted operating lease payments		368
Less imputed interest		48
Present value of operating lease liabilities	\$	320

Maturities of finance lease liabilities were as follows:

	December 31, 2	2019
(in millions)	Finance Lease Pag	yments
2020	\$	7
2021		6
2022		4
2023		1
2024		—
Thereafter		—
Total undiscounted finance lease payments		18
Less imputed interest		1
Present value of finance lease liabilities	\$	17

As of December 31, 2019, the Company had entered into additional operating lease agreements for real estate of \$15 million, which have not commenced and have not been recognized on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet. These operating leases are expected to commence in 2020 with lease terms of 3 to 10 years.

Under the previous lease accounting guidance, future minimum operating lease commitments that have initial or remaining non-cancelable lease term in excess of one year at December 31, 2018 were as follows:

	Dece	ember 31, 2018
(in millions)	Operatir	g Lease Payments
2019	\$	153
2020		113
2021		78
2022		53
2023		33
Thereafter		76
Total minimum operating lease payments	\$	506

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, including money market funds and investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Receivable Sales

In 2019, 2018 and 2017, the Company sold certain accounts receivable and derecognized the corresponding receivable balance. Refer to Note 6 – Accounts Receivable, Net for more details on our receivable sales.

Assets/Liabilities Held for Sale

We classify assets as held for sale in the period when the following conditions are met: (i) management, having the authority to approve the action, commits to a plan to sell the asset (disposal group); (ii) the asset (disposal group) is available for immediate sale in its present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sales of such assets (disposal group); (iii) an active program to locate a buyer and other actions required to complete the plan to sell the asset (disposal group) is probable, and transfer of the asset (disposal group) is expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year, except if events or circumstances beyond our control extend the period of time required to sell the asset (disposal group) beyond one year; (v) the asset (disposal group) is being actively marketed for sale at a price that is reasonable in relation to its current fair value; and (vi) actions required to complete the plan indicate that it is unlikely that significant changes to the plan will be made or that the plan will be withdrawn.

A long-lived asset (disposal group) that is classified as held for sale is initially measured at the lower of its carrying value or fair value less any costs to sell. Any loss resulting from this measurement is recognized in the period in which the held for sale criteria are met. Conversely, gains are not recognized on the sale of a long-lived asset (disposal group) until the date of sale.

The fair value of a long-lived asset (disposal group) less any costs to sell is assessed each reporting period it remains classified as held for sale and any subsequent changes are reported as an adjustment to the carrying value of the asset (disposal group), as long as the new carrying value does not exceed the carrying value of the asset at the time it was initially classified as held for sale.

In 2018, management approved the disposal through sale of certain assets and businesses. This action was taken as a result of the Company's strategic evaluation of these businesses. As of December 31, 2018, one of these businesses remained unsold and qualified as assets held for sale and we reclassified \$15 million to assets held for sale and \$40 million to liabilities held for sale.

Refer to Note 4 - Divestiture for further discussion.

Land, Buildings and Equipment

Land, buildings and equipment are recorded at cost. Buildings and equipment are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term or the estimated useful life. Significant improvements are capitalized and maintenance and repairs are expensed when incurred.

Refer to Note 7 - Land, Buildings, Equipment and Software, Net for further discussion.

Software - Internal Use and Product

Internal Use: We capitalize direct costs associated with developing, purchasing or otherwise acquiring software for internal use and amortize these costs on a straight-line basis over the expected useful life of the software, beginning when the software is implemented. Costs for upgrades and enhancements that will not result in additional functionality are expensed as incurred. Amounts incurred for Internal Use Software are included in Cash Flows from Investing.

Refer to Note 7 - Land, Buildings, Equipment and Software, Net for further information.

Goodwill

For acquired businesses, the Company records the acquired assets and assumed liabilities based on their relative fair values at the date of acquisitions (commonly referred to as the purchase price allocation). Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price paid in excess of the fair value of net tangible and intangible assets acquired. For the Company's business acquisitions, the purchase price is allocated to identifiable intangible assets separate from goodwill if they are from contractual or other legal rights, or if they could be separated from the acquired business and sold, transferred, licensed, rented or exchanged.

In January 2017, the FASB issued updated accounting guidance for simplifying the goodwill impairment test. We early adopted this guidance for our goodwill impairment tests performed after January 1, 2017. We test goodwill for impairment annually or more frequently if an event or change in circumstances indicate the asset may be impaired. Impairment testing for goodwill is done at the reporting unit level. We determined the fair value of our reporting units utilizing a combination of both an Income Approach and a Market Approach. The Income Approach utilizes a discounted cash flow analysis based upon the forecasted future business results of our reporting units. The Market Approach utilizes the guideline public company method. If the fair value, not to exceed the total amount of goodwill allocated to the reporting unit.

Refer to Note 8 - Goodwill and Intangible Assets, Net for further information.

Other Intangible Assets

Other intangible assets primarily consist of assets acquired through business combinations, including installed customer base and distribution network relationships, patents and trademarks. Other intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated economic lives unless impairment is identified.

Refer to Note 8 - Goodwill and Intangible Assets, Net for further information.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

We review the recoverability of our long-lived assets, including buildings, equipment, internal use software, product software and other intangible assets, when events or changes in circumstances occur that indicate that the carrying value of the asset may not be recoverable. The assessment of possible impairment is based on our ability to recover the carrying value of the asset from the expected future pre-tax cash flows (undiscounted and without interest charges) of the related operations. If these cash flows are less than the carrying value of such asset, an impairment loss is recognized for the difference between estimated fair value and carrying value. Our primary measure of fair value is based on forecasted cash flows.

Income Taxes

We account for income taxes under the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are based on differences between U.S. GAAP reporting and tax bases of assets or liabilities and based on current tax laws, regulations and rates.

The recognition of deferred tax assets requires an assessment to determine the realization of such assets. Management establishes valuation allowances on deferred tax assets when it is determined "more-likely-than-not" that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets may not be realized. Management considers positive and negative evidence in evaluating the ability of the Company to realize its deferred tax assets, including its historical results and forecasts of future ability to realize its deferred tax assets, including projected future taxable income, the expected timing of the reversals of existing temporary differences and tax planning strategies.

We are subject to ongoing tax examinations and assessments in various jurisdictions. We have unrecognized tax benefits for uncertain tax positions. We follow U.S. GAAP which prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. Our ongoing assessments of the more-likely-than-not outcomes of the examinations and related tax positions require judgment and can materially increase or decrease our effective tax rate, as well as impact our operating results.

On December 22, 2017, the U.S. enacted the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (Tax Reform). The Tax Reform includes a tax on global intangible low-taxed income ("GILTI"), which imposes a U.S. tax on certain income earned by the Company's foreign subsidiaries. The Company elected to treat the tax on GILTI as a period cost when incurred and therefore, no deferred taxes for GILTI were recognized for the year ended December 31, 2019.

Refer to Note 15 - Income Taxes for further discussion.

Foreign Currency Translation and Re-measurement

The functional currency for most foreign operations is the local currency. Net assets are translated at current rates of exchange and income, expense and cash flow items are translated at average exchange rates for the applicable period. The translation adjustments are recorded in Accumulated other comprehensive loss.

The U.S. Dollar is used as the functional currency for certain foreign subsidiaries that conduct their business in U.S. Dollars. A combination of current and historical exchange rates is used in re-measuring the local currency transactions of these subsidiaries and the resulting exchange adjustments are recorded in Currency (gains) and losses within other expenses, net together with other foreign currency re-measurements.

Revenue Recognition

In May 2014, the FASB updated the accounting guidance related to revenue recognition, which is also referred to herein as "the new revenue standard" to clarify the principles for recognizing revenue and replaced all existing revenue recognition guidance in U.S. GAAP with one accounting model. The core principle of the guidance is that an entity should recognize revenue when the promised goods or services are transferred to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration that is expected to be received for those goods or services. The updated guidance also requires additional qualitative and quantitative disclosures relating to the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers largely on a disaggregated basis. The Company adopted the new revenue standard as of January 1, 2018, using the modified retrospective method. The Company has applied the new revenue standard only to contracts not completed as of the date of initial application. The adoption has primarily impacted the following: (1) revenue associated with postage recognized on a net basis versus previously being recognized on a gross basis; (2) the timing of revenue recognition associated with fixed fees for certain contracts with more than one performance obligation; and (3) the timing of recognition of certain pricing discounts and credits.

The Company recognizes revenue when control of the promised goods or services is transferred to its customers, in an amount that reflects the consideration that the Company expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services.

The Company's contracts with customers often include promises to transfer multiple products and services to a customer. Determining whether products and services are considered distinct performance obligations that should be accounted for separately, versus together, may require judgment. Typically, the Company's contracts include performance obligation(s) to stand-ready on a daily or monthly basis to provide services to the customers. Under a stand-ready obligation, the evaluation of the nature of our performance obligation is focused on each time increment rather than the underlying activities. Accordingly, the promise to stand-ready is accounted for as a single-series performance obligation.

Once the Company determines the performance obligations, the Company estimates the amount of variable consideration, if any, to be included in determining the transaction price. Typical forms of variable consideration include variable pricing based on the number of transactions processed or usage-based pricing arrangements. Variable consideration is also present in the form of volume discounts, tiered and declining pricing, penalties for service level agreements, performance bonuses and credits. In circumstances where we meet certain requirements to allocate variable consideration to a distinct service within a series of related services, we allocate variable consideration to each distinct period of service within the series. If we do not meet those requirements, we include an estimate of variable consideration in the transaction price to the extent it is probable that a significant reversal of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur when the uncertainty is resolved. For contracts with multiple performance obligations, the transaction price is allocated to the separate performance obligations on a relative standalone selling price basis. The Company generally determines standalone selling prices based on the prices charged to customers or by using expected cost plus margin.

The Company typically satisfies its performance obligations over time as the services are provided. A time-elapsed output method is used to measure progress because the nature of the Company's promise is a stand-ready service and efforts are expended evenly throughout the period. In limited circumstances, such as contracts for implementation or development projects, the Company also uses a cost-to-cost based input method. The Company has determined that the above methods provide a faithful depiction of the transfer of services to the customer.

Estimates of revenue expected to be recognized in future periods exclude unexercised customer options to purchase additional services that do not represent material rights to the customer. Customer options that do not represent a material right are only accounted for when the customer exercises its option to purchase additional goods or services. The Company recognizes revenue for non-refundable upfront implementation fees on a straight-line basis over the period between the initiation of the services through the end of the contract term.

When more than one party is involved in providing services to a customer, the Company evaluates whether it is the principal, and reports revenue on a gross basis, or an agent, and reports revenue on a net basis. In this assessment, the Company considers the following: if it obtains control of the specified services before they are transferred to the customer; is primarily responsible for fulfillment and inventory risk; and has discretion in establishing price.

The Company reports revenue net of any revenue-based taxes assessed by governmental authorities that are imposed on and concurrent with specific revenue-producing transactions. The primary revenue-based taxes are sales tax and value-added tax (VAT).

The Company's payment terms vary by type of services offered. The time between invoicing and when payment is due is not significant. For certain services and customer types, the Company requires payment before services are rendered.

From time to time, the Company's contracts are modified to account for additions or changes to existing performance obligations. The Company's contract modifications related to stand-ready performance obligations are generally accounted for prospectively.

62

Refer to Note 2 – Revenue for further discussion.

Note 2 – Revenue

Disaggregation of Revenue

In 2019, the Company changed how it presents its disaggregated revenue by major service offering to reflect how the Company currently manages its businesses. All prior periods presented have been revised to reflect this change.

These changes have no impact on disaggregated revenue by reportable segment or the timing of revenue recognition.

The following table provides information about disaggregated revenue by major service offering, the timing of revenue recognition and a reconciliation of the disaggregated revenue by reportable segments. Refer to Note 3 – Segment Reporting for additional information on the Company's reportable segments.

	Year Ended	d December 31,		
(in millions)	 2019			
Commercial Industries:				
End-user customer experience	\$ 669	\$	710	
Transaction processing	595		651	
Commercial healthcare	519		510	
Human resource and learning services	602		679	
Total Commercial Industries	2,385		2,550	
Government Services:				
Government healthcare	680		731	
Payment solutions	292		321	
State and local	235		245	
Federal	56		54	
Total Government Services	1,263		1,351	
Transportation:				
Tolling	327		300	
Transit	254		226	
Photo and parking	190		188	
Commercial vehicle	10		15	
Total Transportation	781		729	
Other:				
Divestitures	36		752	
Education	 2		11	
Total Other	38		763	
Total Consolidated Revenue	\$ 4,467	\$	5,393	
Timing of Revenue Recognition:				
Point in time	\$ 144	\$	142	
Over time	4,323		5,251	
Total Revenue	\$ 4,467	\$	5,393	

The Company's contracts with customers are broadly similar in nature throughout the Company's major service offerings. The following is a description of the major service offerings:

End-User Customer Experience: The Company offers a range of services that help its clients support their end-users. This includes in-bound and out-bound call support for both simple and complex transactions, technical support and patient assistance. The Company also provides multi-channel communication support (both print and digital) across a range of industries.

Transaction Processing: The Company helps its clients improve communications with their customers and constituents, whether it is on paper, on-line or through other communication channels. The Company also offers a broad array of flexible transaction processing services that include data entry, scanning, image processing, enrollment processing, high volume offsite print and mail services and file indexing. The Company serves clients by managing their critical finance, accounting and procurement processes. These services include general accounting and reporting, billing and accounts receivable and purchasing, accounts payable and expense management services. The Company also offers wholesale and retail lockbox services and process auto and mortgage loans in the United States.

Commercial Healthcare: On behalf of the healthcare industry, the Company delivers administration, clinical support and medical management solutions across the health ecosystem to reduce costs, increase compliance and enhance utilization, while improving health outcomes and experience for members and patients. The Company's solutions span: trials, sales, access, adherence and long-term differentiation solutions to pharmaceutical clients; case management, performance management and patient safety for hospital clients; medical bill review, care integration, subrogation and payment integrity solutions to managed care companies; and workers compensation medical bill review, mailroom/data capture and medical management services to claims payers and third-party administrators.

Human Resource and Learning Services: The Company helps its clients support their employees at all stages of employment from initial on-boarding through retirement as well as health savings account (HSA) administration. The Company offers clients a range of customized advisory, technology and administrative services that improve the ability of employees to manage their benefits, professional development and retirement planning. Also, the Company provides clients with a simplified approach to help their employees manage their healthcare costs and accumulate wealth with tax-advantaged accounts, as well as end-to-end learning services, designed to accelerate the productivity and development of its clients' employees and extended work forces. The Company's global presence, superior innovation and expertise allow it to deliver performance-based learning services tailored to its clients' unique strategic business goals. Offerings include learning strategy and assessment, instructor management and learning administration.

Government Healthcare: The Company provides medical management and fiscal agent care management services to Medicaid programs and federally-funded U.S. government healthcare programs. The Company's services include a range of innovative solutions such as Medicaid management, provider services, Medicaid business intelligence, pharmacy benefits management, eligibility, electronic visit verification and case management solutions.

Payment Solutions: The Company is a leader in government payment disbursements for federally sponsored programs like SNAP, commonly known as food stamps and Women, Infant and Children (WIC) as well as government-initiated cash disbursements such as child support and unemployment.

State and Local: The Company delivers innovative services and solutions to help agencies reduce costs and improve processes. The Company offers a broad set of solutions and services such as child support services, case management, labor, workforce and other government solutions.

Federal: As a preferred partner to government IT clients, the Company leverages technology as a key mechanism for improving citizen service and cost savings. The Company's solutions include: technology infrastructure, application portfolio management, IT consulting and other IT managed services.

Tolling: The Company's electronic tolling, urban congestion management and mileage-based user solutions help clients keep up with an ever-changing environment and get more travelers where they need to go while generating revenue for much-needed infrastructure improvements. The Company's solutions include vehicle passenger detection systems, electronic toll collection, automated license plate recognition and congestion management solutions.

Transit: The Company aims to make journeys more personalized and convenient while increasing capacity and profitability for authorities and agencies. The Company combines the latest in fare collection and intelligent mobility so that clients can get the added efficiency of having a single point of contact for all their transit solutions.

Photo and Parking: The Company delivers intelligent curbside management systems that simplify parking programs and deliver convenient and hassle-free experience for drivers. The Company's curbside solutions include citation and permit administration, parking enforcement and curbside demand management. The Company also provides data analytics, automated photo enforcement and other public safety solutions to make streets and communities safer.

Commercial Vehicle: The Company provides computer-aided dispatch/automatic vehicle location technology to help customers manage their fleet operations.

Divestitures: This represents divestitures that were previously reported as Commercial Industries, Government Services and Transportation.

Education: This represents Student Loan business, which the Company exited in the third quarter of 2018.

Contract Balances

The Company receives payments from customers based upon contractual billing schedules. Accounts receivable are recorded when the right to consideration becomes unconditional. Contract assets are the Company's rights to consideration for services provided when the right is conditioned on something other than passage of time (for example, meeting a milestone for the right to bill under the cost-to-cost measure of progress). Contract assets are transferred to Accounts receivable, net when the rights to consideration become unconditional. Unearned income includes payments received in advance of performance under the contract, which are realized when the associated revenue is recognized under the contract.

The following table provides information about the balances of the Company's contract assets, unearned income and receivables from contracts with customers:

(in millions)	Dec	ember 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Contract Assets (Unearned Income)			
Current contract assets	\$	155	\$ 177
Long-term contract assets ⁽¹⁾		10	7
Current unearned income		(108)	(112)
Long-term unearned income ⁽²⁾		(21)	(32)
Net Contract Assets (Unearned Income)	\$	36	\$ 40
Accounts receivable, net	\$	652	\$ 782

(1) Presented in Other long-term assets in the Consolidated Balance Sheets

(2) Presented in Other long-term liabilities in the Consolidated Balance Sheets

Revenues of \$101 million and \$134 million were recognized during the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, related to the Company's unearned income at December 31, 2018 and January 1, 2018. The Company had no asset impairment charges related to contract assets for the year ended December 31, 2019.

Transaction Price Allocated to the Remaining Performance Obligations

Estimated revenue expected to be recognized in the future related to performance obligations that are unsatisfied or partially satisfied at December 31, 2019, was approximately \$1.8 billion. The Company expects to recognize approximately 67% of this revenue over the next 2 years and the remainder thereafter.

Costs to Obtain and Fulfill a Contract

The Company capitalizes commission expenses paid to internal sales personnel that are incremental to obtaining customer contracts. The net book value of these costs, which was \$18 million and \$24 million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, are included in Other long-term assets. The judgments made in determining the amount of costs incurred include whether the commissions are incremental and directly related to a successful acquisition of a customer contract. These costs are amortized in Depreciation and amortization over the term of the contract or the estimated life of the customer relationship, if renewals are expected and the renewal commission is not commensurate with the initial commission. These costs are periodically reviewed for impairment. The Company expenses sales commissions when incurred if the amortization period of the sales commission is one year or less.

In addition, the Company may provide inducement payments to secure customer contracts. These inducement payments are capitalized and amortized to expense over the term of the customer contract. The net book value of these costs totaled \$21 million and \$23 million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, and are included in Other long-term assets.

Also, the Company capitalizes costs incurred to fulfill its contracts that (i) relate directly to the contract, (ii) are expected to generate resources that will be used to satisfy the Company's performance obligation under the contract and (iii) are expected to be recovered through revenue generated under the contract. The net book value of these costs, which comprise set-up/transition activities, was \$45 million and \$53 million as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, and are classified in Other long-term assets on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Contract fulfillment costs are expensed to Depreciation and amortization as the Company satisfies its performance obligations by transferring the service to the customer. These costs are amortized on a systematic basis over the expected period of benefit.

The amortization of costs incurred to obtain and fulfill a contract for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, were \$42 million and \$50 million, respectively.

Note 3 – Segment Reporting

Our reportable segments correspond to how we organize and manage the business, as defined by our CEO who is also our Chief Operating Decision Maker and are aligned to the industries in which our clients operate. Our segments involve the delivery of business process services and include service arrangements where we manage a customer's business activity or process.

Our financial performance is based on Segment Profit / (Loss) and Segment Adjusted EBITDA for our three reportable segments (Commercial Industries, Government Services and Transportation), Other operations and Shared IT / Infrastructure & Corporate Costs.

- Commercial Industries: Our Commercial Industries segment provides business process services and customized solutions to clients in a variety of industries. Across the
 Commercial Industries segment, we operate on our clients' behalf to deliver mission-critical solutions and services to reduce costs, improve efficiencies and enable revenue
 growth for our clients and their consumers and employees.
- Government Services: Our Government Services segment provides government-centric business process services to U.S. federal, state and local and foreign governments for
 public assistance program administration, transaction processing and payment services. Our solutions in this segment help governments respond to changing rules for eligibility
 and increasing citizen expectations.
- Transportation: Our Transportation segment provides systems and support, as well as revenue-generating services, to government clients. On behalf of government agencies
 and authorities in the transportation industry, we deliver mission-critical mobility and payment solutions that improve automation, interoperability and decision-making to
 streamline operations, increase revenue and reduce congestion while creating safer communities and seamless travel experiences for consumers.

Other includes our divestitures, our Student Loan business, which the Company exited in the third quarter of 2018.

Shared IT / Infrastructure & Corporate Costs includes both normal ongoing IT infrastructure costs and costs related to modernization of a significant portion of our infrastructure with new systems and processes and consolidation of our data centers as part of our transformation initiatives. It also includes costs related to corporate overhead functions and shared real estate costs. These costs are not allocated to the reportable segments.

Selected financial information for our reportable segments was as follows:

		Year Ended December 31,												
(in millions)	Comme	Commercial Industries Government Services Transportation Other						Shared IT / Infrastructure & Corporate Costs			Total			
2019								Divestitures		Other				
Revenue	\$	2,385	\$	1,263	\$	781	\$	36	\$	2	\$	_	\$	4,467
Segment profit (loss)	\$	448	\$	394	\$	120	\$	1	\$	_	\$	(690)	\$	273
Segment depreciation and amortization	\$	94	\$	28	\$	33	\$	_	\$	—	\$	61	\$	216
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	542	\$	423	\$	157	\$	1	\$	—	\$	(629)	\$	494
2018														
Revenue	\$	2,550	\$	1,351	\$	729	\$	752	\$	11	\$	_	\$	5,393
Segment profit (loss)	\$	501	\$	424	\$	113	\$	98	\$	(19)	\$	(695)	\$	422
Segment depreciation and amortization	\$	97	\$	30	\$	36	\$	7	\$	3	\$	48	\$	221
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	598	\$	451	\$	149	\$	105	\$	(16)	\$	(647)	\$	640
2017														
Revenue	\$	2,685	\$	1,433	\$	767	\$	1,062	\$	75	\$	_	\$	6,022
Segment profit (loss)	\$	563	\$	398	\$	114	\$		\$	16	\$	(802)	\$	417
Segment depreciation and amortization	\$	98	\$	41	\$	43	\$	13	\$	2	\$	57	\$	254
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	661	\$	440	\$	157	\$	141	\$	18	\$	(745)	\$	672

The following is a reconciliation of segment profit (loss)/adjusted EBITDA to income (loss) before income taxes:

(in millions)	Year Ended December 31,									
Segment Profit (Loss) Reconciliation to Pre-tax Income (Loss)	2019	2018		2017						
Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes	\$ (2,106)	\$	(395)	\$	(16)					
Reconciling items:										
Amortization of acquired intangible assets	246		242		243					
Restructuring and related costs	71		81		101					
Interest expense	78		112		137					
(Gain) loss on extinguishment of debt	_		108		_					
Goodwill impairment	1,952		_		_					
(Gain) loss on divestitures and transaction costs	25		42		(42)					
Litigation costs (recoveries), net	17		227		(11)					
Separation costs	_		_		12					
Other (income) expenses, net	(10)		5		(7)					
Segment Pre-Tax Income (Loss)	\$ 273	\$	422	\$	417					
Segment depreciation and amortization	216		221		254					
NY MMIS charge (credit)	1		(2)		9					
HE charge (credit)	_		(1)		(8)					
Other adjustments	\$ 4	\$	_	\$	_					
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 494	\$	640	\$	672					

CNDT 2019 Annual Report



Geographic area data is based upon the location of the subsidiary reporting the revenue or long-lived assets and is as follows for each of the years ended December 31:

				Revenues	Long-Lived Assets (1)							
<u>(in millions)</u>		2019		2019 20		2018	2017		2019(2)		2018	
United States	\$	4,000	\$	4,748	\$	5,303	\$	612	\$	375		
Europe		386		497		538		53		28		
Other areas		81		148		181		137		62		
Total Revenues and Long-Lived Assets	\$	4,467	\$	5,393	\$	6,022	\$	802	\$	465		

(1) Long-lived assets are comprised of (i) Land, buildings and equipment, net, (ii) Internal use software, net, and (iii) Product software, net.

(2) Amounts include operating lease right-of-use assets.

Note 4 – Divestiture

In February 2019, the Company completed the sale of a portfolio of select standalone customer care contracts to Skyview Capital LLC. During 2019, the Company recorded additional losses and transaction costs of \$17 million on the sale of this portfolio, reflecting certain changes in estimates that were made when recording the initial charge in 2018. The revenue generated from this business was \$36 million for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and \$439 million for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Note 5 – Business Acquisition

In January 2019, the Company completed the acquisition of Health Solutions Plus (HSP), a software provider of healthcare payer administration solutions, for a total base consideration of \$90 million and a maximum contingent consideration payment of \$8 million based on a cumulative achievement over 2 years. Revenue recorded for the year ended December 31, 2019, was \$20 million. Pre-tax income for the year ended December 31, 2019, was \$6 million.

The Company's final purchase price allocation for HSP as of the acquisition date was as follows:

(in millions)	
Fair Value of Consideration Transferred:	
Cash paid	\$ 90
Contingent consideration payable	7
Total Consideration	\$ 97
Allocation of Purchase Price:	
Net tangible assets	\$ 10
Developed technology	19
Costs Assigned to Intangible Assets	
Customer relationships	18
Trademarks and trade names	1
Goodwill	 49
Total Intangible Assets	 68
Total Assets	\$ 97

The weighted average amortization periods are 7 years, 15 years and 1.5 years for Developed technology, Customer relationships and Trademarks and trade names, respectively. The acquired goodwill is associated with the Company's Commercial Industries segment. This acquired goodwill, while tax deductible, includes \$7 million related to contingent consideration payable that is not tax deductible until it is earned and paid. The goodwill recognized is attributable primarily to expected synergies and the assembled workforce of HSP. The Developed technology is classified as Product Software within Other long-term assets on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The Company has not presented separate results of operations or combined pro forma financial information of the Company and the acquired business because the results of operations of the acquired business are considered immaterial.

Note 6 – Accounts Receivable, Net

The Accounts receivable, net balance of \$652 million and \$782 million at December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, included allowance for doubtful accounts of \$2 million and \$1 million at December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

The Company enters into various factoring and supply chain financing programs from time to time, in the normal course of business as part of our cash and liquidity management, to sell certain accounts receivable without recourse to third-party financial institutions. Sales of accounts receivable are reflected as a reduction of accounts receivable on the Consolidated Balance Sheets and the proceeds are included in cash flow from operating activities in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

Accounts receivable sales were as follows:

	Year Ended December 31,			
<u>(in millions)</u>	2019		2018	
Accounts receivable sales	\$	204	\$	119

Note 7 - Land, Buildings, Equipment and Software, Net

Land, buildings and equipment, net was as follows:

	Estimated Useful Lives	December 31,				
(in millions except as noted)	(Years)		2019		2018	
Land		\$	1	\$	2	
Building and building equipment	25 to 50		7		7	
Leasehold improvements	Varies		267		246	
IT, other equipment and office furniture	3 to 15		964		901	
Other	4 to 20		3		2	
Construction in progress			50		64	
Subtotal			1,292		1,222	
Accumulated depreciation			(950)		(894)	
Land, Buildings and Equipment, Net		\$	342	\$	328	

69

Depreciation expense for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017 was \$123 million, \$121 million and \$125 million, respectively.

Internal Use and Product Software

Internal use and product software are included in Other long-term assets on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets. Additions to Internal Use and Product Software as well as year-end balances for these assets were as follows:

(in millions)		Year Ended December 31,							
Additions to:	20	019		2018		2017			
Internal use software	\$	70	\$	47	\$		36		
Product software		9		8			10		
(in millions)				December 31,					
Capitalized Costs, Net				2019		2018			
Internal use software ⁽¹⁾			\$	150	\$		123		
Product software ⁽¹⁾				40			18		

(1) Refer to Note 10 – Supplementary Financial Information for additional information.

Useful lives of our internal use and product software generally vary from one to seven years. Amortization expense for internal use and product software for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017 was \$48 million, \$46 million, respectively.

Note 8 - Goodwill and Intangible Assets, Net

Goodwill

The following table presents the changes in the carrying amount of goodwill, by reportable segments:

<u>(in millions)</u>	C	Commercial Industries	Government Services	Transportation	Total
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$	1,399	\$ 1,310	\$ 657	\$ 3,366
Foreign currency translation		(10)	_	(16)	(26)
Assets held-for-sale		(12)	_	_	(12)
Other ⁽¹⁾		14	66	 	 80
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$	1,391	\$ 1,376	\$ 641	\$ 3,408
Foreign currency translation		_	(1)	 (1)	 (2)
Acquisition		49	—	—	49
Impairment		(618)	(754)	(580)	(1,952)
Other		(1)	_	—	(1)
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$	821	\$ 621	\$ 60	\$ 1,502

 $\overline{(1)}$ Represents 2018 true-up to the 2017 Assets held for sale.

Impairment Charge

In the first quarter of 2019, the Transportation reporting unit experienced unanticipated losses of certain customer contracts, lower than expected new customer contracts and higher costs of delivery (all subsequent to February 2019), and as a result, the growth of this reporting unit decreased resulting in its fair value being below its carrying value by an estimated \$284 million. Accordingly, the Company recorded a pre-tax impairment charge of \$284 million for the three months ended March 31, 2019.

In the second quarter of 2019, there were further unanticipated losses of certain customer contracts, lower potential future volumes and lower than expected new customer contracts (all subsequent to May 9, 2019). This led to actual results being below budget and a further downward revision of the long-term forecast across all the Company's former reporting units (Financial Services & Healthcare, Consumer & Industrial, Europe (together comprising Commercial Industries), Government Services, and Transportation). As a consequence of the business performance and the strategy pivot due to changes in management that occurred in the second quarter of 2019, the Company lowered its sales outlook, average margin expectation for the future years, and increased its weighted average cost of capital.

Based upon the information identified in the second quarter of 2019, the Company performed an interim goodwill impairment assessment for all its reporting units which resulted in a pre-tax impairment charge of \$1.1 billion for the three months ended June 30, 2019.

During the fourth quarter of 2019, the Company changed its reporting units within the Commercial Industries reportable segment to reflect how the Company currently manages its business. The Company currently has six reporting units (End-User Customer Experience, Transaction Processing, Commercial Healthcare and Human Resources and Learning Services, (together comprising Commercial Industries), Government Services and Transportation), which support its three reportable segments. No impairment was identified during the annual impairment test performed as of October 1, 2019. Subsequent to completing the annual impairment test, the Company experienced further unanticipated contract losses within the Government Services reporting unit, and as result, management performed a goodwill impairment assessment for this reporting unit as of December 31, 2019, which resulted in a pre-tax impairment charge of \$512 million. In addition, in the fourth quarter the Company recorded an immaterial correction to the impairment charge second quarters to properly reflect the impact of tax deductible goodwill on the previous impairments as well as the related income tax benefit. The impairment adjustment and related income tax benefit to the first quarter charge for the Transportation reporting unit totaled \$20 million and \$1 million, respectively. The impairment adjustment and related income tax benefit to the second quarter charge totaled \$69 million and \$6 million, respectively. The second quarter impairment and income tax benefit adjustments corrected the Commercial Industries reporting unit by \$53 million and \$5 million, respectively, and the Government Services reporting unit by \$16 million and \$1 million, respectively. We believe these adjustments are not material to the current period or any prior period. The cumulative impairment charge for the year ended December 31, 2019 was approximately \$2.0 billion.

The fair values of the goodwill impairment charges were estimated based on a determination of the implied fair value of goodwill, leveraging discounted cash flows and designated as level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

Intangible Assets, Net

Net intangible assets were \$426 million at December 31, 2019 of which \$285 million, \$96 million and \$45 million relate to our Commercial Industries, Government Services and Transportation segments, respectively. Intangible assets were comprised of the following:

			December 31, 2019							December 31, 2018					
<u>(in millions except years)</u>	Weighted Average Amortization	Gross Carrying Accumulated Net Amount Amortization Amount		Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization			Net Amount							
Customer relationships	12 years	\$	2,920	\$	2,494	\$	426	\$	2,914	\$	2,264	\$	650		
Technology, patents and non-compete	4 years		1		1		_		6		5		1		
Total Intangible Assets		\$	2,921	\$	2,495	\$	426	\$	2,920	\$	2,269	\$	651		

71

Amortization expense related to intangible assets was \$246 million, \$242 million and \$243 million for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Amortization expense is expected to approximate \$240 million in 2020, \$122 million in 2021, \$24 million in 2022, \$6 million in 2023 and \$4 million in 2024.

Note 9 – Restructuring Programs and Related Costs

The Company engages in a series of restructuring programs related to downsizing its employee base, exiting certain activities, outsourcing certain internal functions and engaging in other actions designed to reduce its cost structure and improve productivity. The implementation of the Company's strategic transformation program and various productivity initiatives have reduced the Company's real estate footprint across all geographies and segments resulting in increased lease cancellation and other related costs. Also included in Restructuring and Related Costs are incremental, non-recurring costs related to the consolidation of our data centers, which totaled \$21 million and \$4 million for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. Management continues to evaluate the Company's business and in the future, there may be additional provisions for new plan initiatives and/or changes in previously recorded estimates as payments are made, or actions are completed.

Costs associated with restructuring, including employee severance and lease termination costs, are generally recognized when it has been determined that a liability has been incurred, which is generally upon communication to the affected employees or exit from the leased facility. In those geographies where we have either a formal severance plan or a history of consistently providing severance benefits representing a substantive plan, we recognize employee severance costs when they are both probable and reasonably estimable.

A summary of our restructuring program activity during the two years ended December 31, 2019 is as follows:

(in millions)	Severance	and Related Costs	Other Cor	ntractual Termination Costs	Asset	Impairments	Total
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$	14	\$	30	\$		\$ 44
Provision		39		35		4	78
Changes in estimates		(5)		6		(1)	_
Total Net Current Period Charges ⁽¹⁾		34		41		3	78
Charges against reserve and currency		(35)		(35)		(3)	(73)
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$	13	\$	36	\$	_	\$ 49
Provision		33		30		15	 78
Changes in estimates		(5)		(6)		_	(11)
Total Net Current Period Charges ⁽¹⁾		28		24		15	 67
Charges against reserve and currency		(26)		(32)		(15)	(73)
Reclassification to operating lease ROU assets ⁽²⁾		_		(22)		_	(22)
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$	15	\$	6	\$	_	\$ 21

(1) Represents amounts recognized within the Consolidated Statements of Income (Loss) for the years shown.

(2) Relates to the adoption of the new lease guidance.

We also recorded costs related to professional support services associated with the implementation of the strategic transformation program of \$4 million, \$3 million and \$9 million during the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

The following table summarizes the total amount of costs incurred in connection with these restructuring programs by reportable and non-reportable segments:

	Year Ended December 31,								
<u>(in millions)</u>		2019		2018		2017			
Commercial Industries	\$	24	\$	26	\$	15			
Government Services		1		1		2			
Transportation		2		3		1			
Other		_		6		4			
Shared IT / Infrastructure & Corporate Costs		40		42		70			
Total Net Restructuring Charges	\$	67	\$	78	\$	92			

CNDT 2019 Annual Report

Note 10 – Supplementary Financial Information

The components of Other assets and liabilities were as follows:

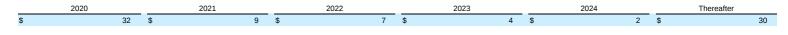
Dther Current Assets S 70 S 87 repaid spenses \$ 70 \$ 87 70 \$ 87 70 \$ 87 70 \$ 87 70 \$ 87 70 \$ 87 70 \$ 87 70 \$ 87 70 \$ 87 70 \$ 87 70 \$ 87 70 \$ 87 70 \$ 87 70 \$ 20 72 22 6 70 \$ 70 \$ 70 \$ 70 \$ 70 70 \$		December 3	1,
Prepaid expenses \$ 70 \$ 87 ncome taxes receivable 38 40 Alue-added tax (VAT) receivable 38 40 Alue-added tax (VAT) receivable 9 9 ket receivable from buyers of divested businesses 52 6 Dhe ^{r0} 94 70 Ster Corrent Assets 52 283 Dher Corrent Labilities \$ 300 Norme teated accruals 178 147 Varient Oversting Lease labilities \$ 300 norme tax payable 11 33 norme tax payable 11 35 fordal Other Current Labilities \$ 150 Norme tax payable 11 36 norme tax payable 11 36 Ordal Other Current Labilities \$ 150 Preverse 131 18 Norme Costs, net ¹⁰ 131 18 Ordal Other Current Labilities 131 18 Ordal Other Current Labilities 133 18 Ordal Other Current Labilities 337 23	(in millions)	 2019	2018
accome taxes receivable3840kalue-addet tax (VAT) receivable2022kalue-addet tax (VAT) receivable922kalue-addet tax (VAT) receivable923ketricetd cash99betr coveable from buyes of divested businesses930betr diverse of divested businesses9233betr diverse of divested businesses9234betr diverse of divested businesses9234betr diverse of divested businesses9300betr diverse of diverse o	Other Current Assets		
Alue added tax (VAT) receivable2022bestriced cash999999999999100100100101 Other Current Assets92020101 Other Current Liabilities99300300113 diation related accruals9191101114 or current Operating lease liabilities9191101115 diation related accruals9191101116 diation related accruals9191101117 or current Operating lease liabilities91101301118 diation related accruals9191101119 diatities9191101301111 diatities9191101301111 diatities9191101301111 diatities9191101301111 diatities9191101301111 diatities9191101301111 diatities9191101101111 diatities9191101101111 diatities9191101101111 diatities9191101101111 diatities9191101101111 diatities919191101111 diatities919191101111 diatities91919191	Prepaid expenses	\$ 70 \$	87
Restricted cash 9 9 det receivable from buyers of divested businesses 52 6 bther ⁽²⁾ 5 283 5 224 otal Other Current Labilities \$ 309 \$ 3300 tidgation related accruals 178 147 147 Current Labilities \$ 09 \$ 3300 tidgation related accruals 178 147 Current Labilities \$ 09 \$ 3300 tidgation related accruals 118 147 certrent Labilities 91 tidgation related accruals 11 3 nectrent Labilities 11 3 tidgation related accruals 11 3 tidgation related accruals 11 3 tidgation relates ontware, net 11 3 tidgation relates ontware, net 100 tidgation relate accruals<	Income taxes receivable	38	40
ket receivable from buyers of divested businesses 52 6 thef ⁽¹⁾ 94 70 Otal Other Current Assets 203 203 Current fubilities 174 3300 \$ 3300 Current operating lease labilities 174 1477 1477 Current operating lease labilities 91 36 300 \$ 3300 \$ <td>Value-added tax (VAT) receivable</td> <td>20</td> <td>22</td>	Value-added tax (VAT) receivable	20	22
Other Current Assets 94 70 Other Current Assets 283 283 \$ 234 Dither Current Liabilities \$ 309 \$ 330<	Restricted cash	9	9
S 283 S 234 Other Current Liabilities	Net receivable from buyers of divested businesses	52	6
Dther Current Liabilities \$ 300 \$ 330 Ligidation related accruals 178 147 147 Jurrent operating lease liabilities 91 8 360 \$ 360 \$ 360 8 147 147 147 147 \$ 360 \$ 360 \$	Other ⁽¹⁾	94	70
scored liabilities \$ 309 \$ 330 Litgation related acruals 178 147 Curren toperating lease liabilities 91 Curren toperating lease liabilities 91 Restructure reserves 11 3 noome tax payable 11 3 Other Long-term Liabilities 16 15 Other Long-term Assets 27 36 Prefered contract costs, net ⁽²⁾ 5 150 5 Prefered contract costs, net ⁽²⁾ 44 100 18 Prefered contract costs, net ⁽²⁾ 13 88 100 Prefuend contract costs, net ⁽²⁾ 113 88 100 Prefuend contract costs, net ⁽²⁾ 138 88 100 18 Prefuend contract costs, net ⁽²⁾ 138 88 100 18 18 Other Long-term Liabilities 20 20 29 18 144 120 Idigation related acruals 20 20 29 20 29	Total Other Current Assets	\$ 283 \$	234
tidgation related accruals 178 147 Current operating lease liabilities 91 — Restructure reserves 15 36 nocome tax payable 11 33 Dther taxes payable 16 15 Other Current Liabilities 27 36 Other Current Liabilities 6 123 Dther taxes payable 150 \$ 123 Other Current Liabilities 8 647 \$ 567 Dther taxes payable 150 \$ 123 567 Dther Current Liabilities 8 647 \$ 123 Deferred contract costs, net ⁽²⁾ \$ 123 \$ 123 Deferred contract costs, net ⁽²⁾ 84 100 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 123 18 18 19 18 19 18 19 18 19 18 19 18 19 19 19 19 14 100 19 19	Other Current Liabilities		
Durent operating lease liabilities 91 — Restructure reserves 15 36 ncom etx payable 11 3 Dither taxes payable 16 15 Dither taxes payable 27 36 Dither taxes payable \$ 647 \$ 567 Dither taxes payable \$ 100 \$ 567 Dither taxes payable \$ 100 \$ 100 Dither taxes payable \$ 100 \$ 100 Dither taxes payable 8 100 \$ 100 Dither taxes payable 8 100 \$ 100 Product software, net 113 88 80 Dither Long-term Liabilities 113 88 80 80 100	Accrued liabilities	\$ 309 \$	330
Restructure reserves 15 36 ncome tax payable 11 3 Dther taxes payable 16 15 Dther taxes payable 27 36 Other Current Liabilities \$ 647 \$ 567 Dther Long-term Assets 150 \$ 123 567 Dther Long-term Assets 84 100 57 131 88 100 Product software, net \$ 131 88 100 57 131 88 100 56 131 88 100 56 132 56 <td>Litigation related accruals</td> <td>178</td> <td>147</td>	Litigation related accruals	178	147
nome tax payable 11 3 Dther taxes payable 16 15 Dther 27 36 Otal Other Current Liabilities \$ 647 \$ 567 Dther taxes payable \$ 647 \$ 567 Otal Other Current Liabilities \$ 150 \$ 123 Deferred contract costs, net ²⁰ 84 100 100 Deferred contract costs, net ²⁰ 40 18 Deferred contract costs, net ²⁰ 40 18 Deferred contract costs, net ²⁰ 40 18 Deferred contract costs, net ²⁰ 41 88 Otal Other Long-term Assets \$ 387 \$ 329 Deferred contract costs, net costs \$ - \$ 144 Deferred contract costs, net costs \$ - \$ 144 Deferred contract costs, net costs \$ - \$ 144 Deferred contract costs, net costs \$ - \$ 144 Deferred contract costs \$ - \$ 144 \$	Current operating lease liabilities	91	_
biter taxes payable 16 15 Diter 27 36 fotal Other Current Liabilities \$ 647 \$ 567 Diter Long-term Assets	Restructure reserves	15	36
27 27 36 fotal Other Current Liabilities \$ 647 \$ 567 Deferred contract costs, net? 8 150 \$ 123 Deferred contract costs, net? 84 100 Product software, net 84 100 Product software, net 40 18 Deferred contract costs, net? 113 88 Product software, net 113 88 Deferred Long-term Assets \$ 387 Fotal Other Long-term Assets \$ 387 Dither Current Liabilities \$ 387 Itigation related accruals \$ — 144 norme tax liabilities 20 29 29 Inearned income 21 32 32 Other 6 13 32 Other 6 13 32	Income tax payable	11	3
\$ 647 \$ 567 Dther Long-term Assets Internal use software, net \$ 150 \$ 123 Deferred contract costs, net ⁽²⁾ 84 100 18 100 18 Other Long-term Assets 40 18 103 88 100 18 Other ⁽¹⁾ 113 88 88 387 \$ 329 387 329 <t< td=""><td>Other taxes payable</td><td>16</td><td>15</td></t<>	Other taxes payable	16	15
Child Clark Base Software, net \$ 150 \$ 123 Deferred contract costs, net ⁽²⁾ 84 100 18 Product software, net 40 18 Other Long-term Assets 113 88 Softal Other Long-term Assets 113 88 Softal Other Long-term Assets \$ 387 \$ 329 Other Long-term Liabilities \$ - \$ 144 ncome tax liabilities 20 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 21 322 329	Other	27	36
nternal use software, net \$ 150 \$ 123 Deferred contract costs, net ⁽²⁾ 84 100 Product software, net 40 18 Dther ⁽¹⁾ 113 88 Fotal Other Long-term Assets \$ 387 \$ 329 Dther Long-term Liabilities * 387 \$ 329 Itigation related accruals \$ - \$ 144 noome tax liabilities 20 29 29 29 Inearned income 21 322 329 Other Long-term Liabilities 20 29 29 Inearned income 21 32 32 Other 40 4 62	Total Other Current Liabilities	\$ 647 \$	567
beferred contract costs, net ⁽²⁾ 84 100 broduct software, net 40 18 Other ⁽¹⁾ 113 88 fotal Other Long-term Assets \$ 387 \$ 329 Other Long-term Labilities \$ 387 \$ 329 Deter Long-term Labilities 20 29 Intractor Labilities 20 29 Inearned income 21 32 Restructuring reserves 6 13 Other 44 62	Other Long-term Assets		
And 18 Other ⁴⁾ 113 88 Total Other Long-term Assets \$ 387 \$ 329 Other Long-term Labilities * - \$ 144 Income tax liabilities 20 29 29 Incame di nocome 20 29 29 Restructuring reserves 6 13 Other 6 13	Internal use software, net	\$ 150 \$	123
bther ⁽¹⁾ 113 88 rotal Other Long-term Assets \$ 387 \$ 329 bther Long-term Liabilities - \$ 114 income tax liabilities 20 29 Jnearned income 21 32 Restructuring reserves 6 13 Other 44 62	Deferred contract costs, net ⁽²⁾	84	100
\$ 387 \$ 329 Other Long-term Liabilities - \$ 329 Litigation related acruals \$ - \$ 144 ncome tax liabilities 20 29 29 Jnearned income 21 32 Restructuring reserves 6 13 Other 44 62	Product software, net	40	18
Dther Log-tern Liabilities \$ - \$ 144 itigation related acruals 20 29 29 Income tax liabilities 20 21 32 Restructuring reserves 6 13 34 Other 44 62	Other ⁽¹⁾	113	88
Itigation related accruals — — \$ 144 ncome tax liabilities 20 29 Jnearned income 21 32 Restructuring reserves 6 13 Other 44 62	Total Other Long-term Assets	\$ 387 \$	329
noome tax liabilities 20 29 Jnearned income 21 32 Restructuring reserves 6 13 Other 44 62	Other Long-term Liabilities		
Unearned income 21 32 Restructuring reserves 6 13 Other 44 62	Litigation related accruals	\$ — \$	144
Restructuring reserves 6 13 Dther 44 62	Income tax liabilities	20	29
Dther 44 62	Unearned income	21	32
	Restructuring reserves	6	13
Total Other Long-term Liabilities \$ 91 \$ 280	Other	44	62
	Total Other Long-term Liabilities	\$ 91 \$	280

(1) The balances at December 31, 2019 and 2018 include capitalized cloud computing implementation costs, net, which represents technology solutions, of \$40 million and \$5 million at December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The costs have estimated useful lives of 3 to 5 years with amortization expense of \$2 million, \$0 million and \$0 million for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The amortization expense and the associated hosting fees are included in Cost of services and Selling, general and administrative expenses on the Company's Consolidated Statements of Income (Loss).

(2) The balances at December 31, 2019 and 2018 are expected to be amortized over a weighted average remaining life of approximately 12 and 10 years, respectively.

Amortization expense for deferred contract costs for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017 was \$42 million, \$50 million and \$62 million, respectively.

Amortization expense for the next five years and thereafter for deferred contract costs is expected as follows:



Note 11 – Debt

We classify our debt based on the contractual maturity dates of the underlying debt instruments or as of the earliest put date available to the debt holders. We defer costs associated with debt issuance over the applicable term. These costs are amortized as interest expense in our Consolidated Statements of Income (Loss).

Long-term debt was as follows:

December 31,								
Weighted Average Interest Rates at December 31, 2019 ⁽¹⁾		2019		2018				
2 42 04	¢	664	¢	705				
	Φ		Φ					
5.48 %		824		833				
10.91 %		34		34				
4.79 %		17		26				
	\$	1,539	\$	1,598				
		(25)		(31)				
		(50)		(55)				
	\$	1,464	\$	1,512				
	3.42 % 5.48 % 10.91 %	3.42 % \$ 5.48 % 10.91 %	Weighted Average Interest Rates at December 31, 2019 ⁽¹⁾ 2019 3.42 % \$ 664 5.48 % 824 10.91 % 34 4.79 % 17 \$ 1,539 (25) (50)	Weighted Average Interest Rates at December 31, 2019 ⁽¹⁾ 2019 3.42 % \$ 664 \$ 5.48 % 824 10.91 % 10.91 % 34 4.79 % 17 \$ 1,539 \$ (25) (25)				

(1) Represents weighted average effective interest rate which includes the effect of discounts and premiums on issued debt.

Scheduled principal payments due on our long-term debt for the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	Thereafter	Total
4	50	\$ 84	\$ 571	\$ 800	\$ 34	\$ —	\$ 1,539

Credit Facility

On December 7, 2016, we entered into a senior secured credit agreement (Credit Agreement) among the Company, its subsidiaries: Conduent Business Services, LLC (CBS), Affiliated Computer Services International B.V. and Conduent Finance, Inc. (CFI), the lenders party and JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A., as the administrative agent. The Credit Agreement contains senior secured credit facilities (Senior Credit Facilities) consisting of:

(i) Senior Secured Term Loan A (Term Loan A) with an aggregate principal amount of \$700 million;

(ii) Senior Secured Term Loan B (Term Loan B) with an aggregate principal amount of \$850 million;

(iii) Senior Revolving Credit Facility (Revolving Credit Facility) with an aggregate available amount of \$750 million including a sub-limit for up to \$300 million available for the issuance of letters of credit.

As of December 31, 2019, we have utilized \$83 million of our revolving credit facility capacity to issue letters of credit.

The Credit Agreement permits us to incur incremental term loan borrowings and /or increase commitments under the revolving credit facility, subject to certain limitations and satisfaction of certain conditions. Currently additional term loans of up to \$300 million are permitted.

All obligations under the Credit Agreement are unconditionally guaranteed by the Company, CBS, Conduent Finance, Inc. (CFI) and the existing and future direct and indirect wholly owned domestic subsidiaries of CBS (subject to certain exceptions). All obligations under the Credit Agreement, and the guarantees of those obligations, are secured, subject to certain exceptions, by substantially all of the assets of CBS and the guarantors under the Credit Agreement (other than the Company and CFI), including a first-priority pledge of all the capital stock of CBS and the subsidiaries of CBS directly held by CBS or the guarantors (other than the Company and CFI) under the Credit Agreement (which pledges, in the case of any foreign subsidiary, will be limited to 65% of the capital stock of any first-tier foreign subsidiary).

The Credit Agreement contains certain customary affirmative and negative covenants, restrictions and events of default. The Credit Agreement requires total net leverage ratio for December 31, 2019 and thereafter not to exceed 3.75 to 1.00.

Senior Notes

The Senior Notes are jointly and severally guaranteed on a senior unsecured basis by the Company and each of the existing and future domestic subsidiaries of CFI or CBS that guarantee the obligations under the Senior Credit Facilities.

Interest is payable semi-annually. At the option of the Issuers, the Senior Notes are redeemable in whole or in part, at any time prior to December 15, 2020, at a price equal to 100% of the aggregate principal amount of the Senior Notes plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the redemption date plus a "make-whole" premium. The Issuers may also redeem the Senior Notes, in whole or in part, at any time on or after December 15, 2020, at the redemption prices specified in the Indenture, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to but excluding the redemption date.

Loans Repricing and Redemption

On June 28, 2018, the Company entered into Amendment No. 3 (Amendment) to the December 7, 2016 Credit Agreement, which (i) extended the revolving credit maturity from December 7, 2021 to December 7, 2022 and reduced the interest rate on the revolving credit by 0.5% from 2.25% over LIBOR to 1.75% over LIBOR; (ii) extended the maturity date of the Term A Loans from December 7, 2021 to December 7, 2022 and reduced the interest rate by 0.5% from 2.25% over LIBOR to 1.75% over LIBOR, and (iii) reduced the interest rate on the Term B Loans by 0.5% from 3.0% over LIBOR to 2.5% over LIBOR. These transactions resulted in a write-off of unamortized discount and issuance costs of \$3 million.

In July 2018, the Company redeemed \$476 million of its \$510 million 10.50% Senior Notes due 2024. As part of the redemption, the Company paid a premium of \$95 million and wrote off the associated unamortized discount and issuance costs of \$13 million.

Interest

Interest paid on our short-term and long-term debt amounted to \$69 million, \$100 million, \$129 million for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Interest expense and interest income were as follows:

	Year Ended December 31,				
<u>(in millions)</u>	2019		2018	2018 2017	
Interest expense	\$ 7	8	\$ 112	\$	137
Interest income ⁽¹⁾		6	7		3

(1) Included in Other (income) expenses, net on the Consolidated Statements of Income (Loss).

CNDT 2019 Annual Report



Note 12 - Financial Instruments

We are exposed to market risk from changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates, which could affect operating results, financial position and cash flows. We manage our exposure to these market risks through our regular operating and financing activities and, when appropriate, through the use of derivative financial instruments. These derivative financial instruments are utilized to hedge economic exposures, as well as to reduce earnings and cash flow volatility resulting from shifts in market rates. We enter into limited types of derivative contracts to manage foreign currency exposures that we hedge. Our primary foreign currency market exposures include the Philippine Peso, Indian Rupee and Mexican Peso. The fair market values of all our derivative contracts change with fluctuations in interest rates or currency exchange rates and are designed so that any changes in the values are offset by changes in the values of the underlying exposures. Derivative financial instruments are held solely as risk management tools and not for trading or speculative purposes. The related cash flow impacts of all our derivative activities are reflected as cash flows from operating activities.

We do not believe there is significant risk of loss in the event of non-performance by the counterparty associated with our derivative instruments because these transactions are executed with a major financial institution. Further, our policy is to deal only with counterparties having a minimum investment grade or better credit rating. Credit risk is managed through the continuous monitoring of exposures to such counterparties.

Summary of Foreign Exchange Hedging Positions

At December 31, 2019 and 2018, we had outstanding forward exchange with gross notional values of \$207 million and \$167 million, respectively. At December 31, 2019, approximately 76% of these contracts mature within three months, 9% in three to six months, 12% in six to twelve months and 3% in greater than 12 months.

The following is a summary of the primary hedging positions and corresponding fair values:

	 Decembe	er 31,	2019	December 31, 2018			
<u>(in millions)</u>	Gross Notional Value		Fair Value Asset (Liability) ⁽¹⁾		Gross Notional Value		Fair Value Asset (Liability) ⁽¹⁾
Currencies Hedged (Buy/Sell)							
Philippine Peso/U.S. Dollar	\$ 57	\$	1	\$	53	\$	—
Indian Rupee/U.S. Dollar	85		1		69		2
Mexican Peso/U.S. Dollar	_		_		8		_
All Other	65		_		37		_
Total Foreign Exchange Hedging	\$ 207	\$	2	\$	167	\$	2

(1) Represents the net receivable (payable) amount included in the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

Note 13 - Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

Fair value represents the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. U.S. GAAP established a hierarchy framework to classify the fair value based on the observability of significant inputs to the measurement. The levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

Level 1: Fair value is determined using an unadjusted quoted price in an active market for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Fair value is estimated using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Fair value is estimated using unobservable inputs that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

Summary of Financial Assets and Liabilities Accounted for at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

The following table represents assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis. The basis for the measurement at fair value in all cases was Level 2.

(in millions)	Decem	nber 31, 2019	De	ecember 31, 2018
Assets:				
Foreign exchange contract - forward	\$	2	\$	3
Total Assets	\$	2	\$	3
Liabilities:	-			
Foreign exchange contracts - forwards	\$		\$	1
Total Liabilities	\$	_	\$	1

Summary of Other Financial Assets and Liabilities

The estimated fair values of our other financial assets and liabilities were as follows:

	 Decemb	er 31, 2	2019	 December 31, 2018				
(in millions)	Carrying Amount		Fair Value	Carrying Amount		Fair Value		
Assets:								
Assets held for sale	\$ _	\$	_	\$ 15	\$	15		
Liabilities:								
Long-term debt	\$ 1,464	\$	1,449	\$ 1,512	\$	1,463		
Liabilities held for sale	\$ _	\$	_	\$ 40	\$	40		
Contingent consideration payable	\$ 4	\$	4	\$ _	\$	_		

The fair value amounts for Cash and cash equivalents, Restricted cash, Accounts receivable, net and Short-term debt approximate carrying amounts due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

The fair value of the contingent consideration payable related to the HSP acquisition was measured using a Monte Carlo simulation model and calibrated to management's financial projections of the acquired business. The value of the contingent consideration payable is then estimated to be the arithmetic average of all simulation paths, discounted to the valuation date (Level 3). The changes in the fair value are recorded in Other income (expense), net on the Consolidated Statements of Income (Loss). Refer to Note 5 – Business Acquisition for additional information.

77

CNDT 2019 Annual Report

The fair value of the Assets held for sale and the Liabilities held for sale were measured based on the sale's price less estimated transactions costs (Level 3). Refer to Note 4 – Divestiture for additional information.

The fair value of Long-term debt was estimated based on the current rates offered to the Company for debt of similar maturities (Level 2).

Note 14 - Employee Benefit Plans

Defined Benefit Plans

In 2018, all the U.S. and the majority of the international plan assets and obligations were sold as part of the divestiture of the U.S. human resource consulting and actuarial business and the human resource consulting and outsourcing business located in Canada and the U.K. The Company's remaining benefit obligations and plan assets at December 31, 2019 were \$14 million and \$2 million, respectively. The Company's remaining benefit obligations and plan assets at December 31, 2018 were \$12 million and \$3 million, respectively.

Defined Contribution Plans

We have post-retirement savings and investment plans in several countries, including the U.S., U.K. and Canada. In many instances, employees from those defined benefit pension plans that have been amended to freeze future service accruals were transitioned to an enhanced defined contribution plan. In these plans employees are allowed to contribute a portion of their salaries and bonuses to the plans, and we match a portion of the employee contributions. However, beginning in 2019, the Company suspended its match to the 401(k) plan for all U.S. salaried employees.

The Company recorded charges related to its defined contribution plans of \$9 million in 2019, \$28 million in 2018 and \$35 million in 2017. As a result of suspending 401(k) match for U.S. employees in 2019, there was a \$12 million reduction in expense for the year ended December 31, 2019.

Note 15 - Income Taxes

Income (loss) before income taxes (pre-tax income (loss)) was as follows:

<u>(in millions)</u>	2019 2018 \$ (2,177) \$ (411) \$		2017
Domestic loss \$	6 (2,177)	\$ (411)	\$ (91)
Foreign income	71	16	75
Loss Before Income Taxes	\$ (2,106)	\$ (395)	\$ (16)

Table of Contents

Provision (benefit) for income taxes were as follows:

	Year Ended December 31,									
<u>(in millions)</u>		2019	2018		2017					
Federal Income Taxes										
Current	\$	(3)	\$ 35	\$	4					
Deferred		(170)	(62)		(233)					
Foreign Income Taxes										
Current		47	41		25					
Deferred		(8)	(6)		(3)					
State Income Taxes										
Current		5	20		8					
Deferred		(43)	(7)		6					
Total Provision (Benefit)	\$	(172)	\$ 21	\$	(193)					

A reconciliation of the U.S. federal statutory income tax rate to the consolidated effective income tax rate was as follows:

		Year Ended December 31,	
	2019	2018	2017
U.S. federal statutory income tax rate	21.0 %	21.0 %	35.0 %
Nondeductible expenses ⁽¹⁾	(0.2)%	(3.7)%	(104.0)%
Effect of tax law changes	— %	0.5 %	1,282.4 %
Change in valuation allowance for deferred tax assets	(1.2)%	(1.7)%	(39.5)%
State taxes, net of federal benefit	1.8 %	(2.3)%	1.2 %
Tax-exempt income, credits and incentives	0.3 %	2.2 %	38.9 %
Foreign rate differential adjusted for U.S. taxation of foreign profits ⁽²⁾	(0.2)%	1.9 %	47.7 %
Divestitures ⁽³⁾	0.2 %	(20.3)%	(51.9)%
Goodwill impairment ⁽⁴⁾	(14.1)%	— %	— %
Unrecognized tax benefits and other	0.6 %	(2.9)%	(3.5)%
Effective Income Tax Rate	8.2 %	(5.3)%	1,206.3 %

In 2017, nondeductible expenses primarily related to officers life insurance. The "U.S. taxation of foreign profits" represents the U.S. tax, net of foreign tax credits, associated with actual and deemed repatriations of earnings from our non-U.S. subsidiaries. 2018 and 2017 divestitures include nondeductible goodwill allocated to divested businesses. Goodwill impairment represents adjustments for impairment of non-deductible component of goodwill.

(1) (2) (3) (4)

On a consolidated basis, we paid a total of \$46 million, \$108 million and \$29 million in income taxes to federal, foreign and state jurisdictions during the three years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Total income tax expense (benefit) was allocated as follows:

	Year Ended December 31,									
(<u>in millions)</u>	201	L9		2018		2017				
Income tax expense (benefit)	\$	(172)	\$	21	\$	(193)				
Discontinued operations		_		_		3				
Total Income Tax Expense (Benefit)	\$	(172)	\$	21	\$	(190)				

Unrecognized Tax Benefits and Audit Resolutions

We recognize tax liabilities when, despite our belief that our tax return positions are supportable, we believe that certain positions may not be fully sustained upon review by tax authorities. Each period we assess uncertain tax positions for recognition, measurement and effective settlement. Benefits from uncertain tax positions are measured at the largest amount of benefit that is greater than 50 percent likely of being realized upon settlement. Where we have determined that our tax return filing position does not satisfy the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold, we have recorded no tax benefits.

We are also subject to ongoing tax examinations in numerous jurisdictions due to the extensive geographical scope of our operations. Our ongoing assessments of the more-likelythan-not outcomes of the examinations and related tax positions require judgment and can increase or decrease our effective tax rate, as well as impact our operating results. The specific timing of when the resolution of each tax position will be reached is uncertain.

As of December 31, 2019, the Company had \$24 million of total unrecognized tax benefits, of which \$23 million, if recognized, would impact the Company's effective tax rate. Due to expected settlements, the Company estimates that \$14 million of the total unrecognized tax benefits will reverse within the next twelve months.

A reconciliation of the beginning and ending amount of unrecognized tax benefits was as follows:

<u>(in millions)</u>	2019	2018	2017
Balance at January 1	\$ 20	\$ 15	\$ 14
Additions related to current year	1	3	_
Additions related to prior years positions	7	5	—
Reductions related to prior years positions	(3)	—	—
Settlements with taxing authorities ⁽¹⁾	(1)	(1)	—
Currency	_	(2)	1
Balance at December 31	\$ 24	\$ 20	\$ 15

(1) 2019 and 2018 settlement resulted in \$1 million and \$1 million cash paid, respectively.

We maintain offsetting benefits from other jurisdictions of \$16 million, \$15 million and \$16 million, at December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively. We recognized interest and penalties accrued on unrecognized tax benefits within income tax expense. We had \$14 million, \$10 million and \$6 million accrued for the payment of interest and penalties associated with unrecognized tax benefits at December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively. In the U.S., we are no longer subject to U.S. federal income tax examinations for years before 2015. With respect to our major foreign jurisdictions, the years generally remain open back to 2006.

Deferred Income Taxes

The Company is indefinitely reinvested in the undistributed earnings of its foreign subsidiaries with respect to the U.S. These foreign subsidiaries have aggregate cumulative undistributed earnings of \$222 million as of December 31, 2019. For years after 2017, the Tax Reform does allow for certain earnings to be repatriated free from U.S. Federal taxes. However, the repatriation of earnings could give rise to additional tax liabilities. We have also not provided for deferred taxes on outside basis differences in our investments in our foreign subsidiaries that are unrelated to unremitted earnings. A determination of the unrecognized deferred taxes related to these other components of our outside basis differences is not practicable. We have provided for deferred taxes with respect to certain unremitted earnings of foreign subsidiaries that are not indefinitely reinvested between foreign subsidiaries outside of the U.S.

The tax effects of temporary differences that give rise to significant portions of the deferred taxes were as follows:

	December 31,			
<u>(in millions)</u>	 2019	2018		
Deferred Tax Assets	 			
Net operating losses and capital loss carryforward	\$ 122 \$	46		
Operating reserves, accruals and deferrals	33	68		
Deferred compensation	11	16		
Settlement reserves	44	67		
Operating lease liabilities	78	_		
Other	21	13		
Subtotal	309	210		
Valuation allowance	(72)	(44)		
Total	\$ 237 \$	166		
Deferred Tax Liabilities				
Unearned income	\$ 53 \$	86		
Intangibles and goodwill	143	341		
Depreciation	47	30		
Operating lease right-of-use assets	65	_		
Other	23	24		
Total	\$ 331 \$	481		
Total Deferred Taxes, Net	\$ (94) \$	(315)		

The deferred tax assets for the respective periods were assessed for recoverability and, where applicable, a valuation allowance was recorded to reduce the total deferred tax asset to an amount that will, more-likely-than-not, be realized in the future. The net change in the total valuation allowance for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 was an increase of \$28 million and an increase of \$9 million, respectively. The valuation allowance relates primarily to certain net operating loss carryforwards, tax credit carryforwards and deductible temporary differences for which we have concluded it is more-likely-than-not that these items will not be realized in the ordinary course of operations.

Although realization is not assured, we have concluded that it is more-likely-than-not that the deferred tax assets, for which a valuation allowance was determined to be unnecessary, will be realized in the ordinary course of operations based on the available positive and negative evidence, including scheduling of deferred tax liabilities and projected income from operating activities. The amount of the net deferred tax assets considered realizable, however, could be reduced in the near term if actual future income or income tax rates are lower than estimated, or if there are differences in the timing or amount of future reversals of existing taxable or deductible temporary differences.

At December 31, 2019, we had tax credit carryforwards of \$15 million available to offset future income taxes which will expire between 2027 and 2039 if not utilized. We also had net operating loss carryforwards for income tax purposes of \$637 million that will expire between 2020 and 2039, if not utilized; and \$254 million available to offset future taxable income indefinitely. We had \$45 million of capital loss carryforwards for income tax purposes that will expire in 2024, if not utilized, and \$11 million available to offset future capital gains income indefinitely.

Note 16 - Contingencies and Litigation

As more fully discussed below, the Company is involved in a variety of claims, lawsuits, investigations and proceedings concerning a variety of matters, including: governmental entity contracting, servicing and procurement law; intellectual property law; employment law; commercial and contracts law; the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA); and other laws and regulations. The Company determines whether an estimated loss from a contingency should be accrued by assessing whether a loss is deemed probable and can be reasonably estimated. The Company assesses its potential liability by analyzing its litigation and regulatory matters using available information. The Company develops its view on estimated losses in consultation with outside counsel handling its defense in these matters, which involves an analysis of potential results, assuming a combination of litigation and settlement strategies. Should developments in any of these matters cause a change in the Company's determination as to an unfavorable outcome and result in the need to recognize a material accrual, or should any of these matters result in a final adverse judgment or be settled for significant amounts in excess of any accrual for such matter or matters, this could have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations, cash flows and financial position in the period or periods in which such change in determination, judgment or settlement or settlement occurs. The Company believes it has recorded adequate provisions for any such matters as of December 31, 2019. Litigation is inherently unpredictable, and it is not possible to predict the ultimate outcome of these matters and such outcome in any such matters could be in excess of any amounts accrued and could be material to the Company's results of operations, cash flows or financial position in any reporting period.

Additionally, guarantees, indemnifications and claims arise during the ordinary course of business from relationships with suppliers, customers and non-consolidated affiliates when the Company undertakes an obligation to guarantee the performance of others if specified triggering events occur. Nonperformance under a contract could trigger an obligation of the Company. These potential claims include actions based upon alleged exposures to products, real estate, intellectual property such as patents, environmental matters and other indemnifications. The ultimate effect on future financial results is not subject to reasonable estimation because considerable uncertainty exists as to the outcome of these claims. However, while the ultimate liabilities resulting from such claims may be significant to results of operations in the period recognized, management does not anticipate they will have a material adverse effect on the consolidated financial position or liquidity. As of December 31, 2019, the Company had accrued its estimate of liability incurred under its indemnification arrangements and guarantees.

Litigation Against the Company

State of Texas v. Xerox Corporation, Conduent Business Services, LLC (fl/k/a Xerox Business Services, LLC), Conduent State Healthcare, LLC (fl/k/a Xerox State Healthcare, LLC, fl/k/a ACS State Healthcare, LLC) and Conduent Incorporated: On May 9, 2014, the State of Texas, via the Texas Office of Attorney General (the "State"), filed a lawsuit in the 53rd Judicial District Court of Travis County, Texas. The lawsuit alleged that Conduent State Healthcare LLC (fl/k/a Xerox State Healthcare, LLC and ACS State Healthcare) ("CSH"), Conduent Business Services LLC ("CBS") and Conduent Incorporated ("CI") (collectively, CSH, CBS and CI are referred to herein as the "Conduent Defendants") and Xerox Corporation (together with the Conduent Defendants, the "Defendants") violated the Texas Medicaid Fraud Prevention Act in the administration of its contract with the Texas Department of Health and Human Services ("HHSC"). In February 2019 a settlement agreement and release was reached among the Defendants, the State and HHSC which was amended in May 2019 ("Texas Agreement"). Pursuant to the terms of the Texas Agreement, the Conduent Defendants were required to pay the State of Texas \$236 million, of which \$118 million was paid in 2019 and \$118 million paid in January 2020. The case has been dismissed with prejudice with a full release and discharge of the Defendants.

Skyview Capital LLC and Continuum Global Solutions, LLC v. Conduent Business Services, LLC: On February 3, 2020, plaintiffs filed a lawsuit in the Superior Court of New York County, New York. The lawsuit relates to the sale of a portion of Conduent Business Service, LLC's ("CBS") select standalone customer care call center business (the "Business") to plaintiffs, which sale closed in February 2019. Under the terms of the sale agreement, CBS received approximately \$23 million of notes from plaintiffs (the "Notes"). The lawsuit alleges various causes of action in connection with the acquisition, including: indemnification for breach of representation and warranty, indemnification for breach of contract and fraud. Plaintiffs allege that their obligation to mitigate damages and their contractual right of set-off permits them to withhold and deduct from any amounts that are owed to CBS under the Notes, and plaintiffs seek a judgement that they have no obligation to pay the Notes. Conduent denies all of these allegations, believes that it has strong defenses to all of plaintiffs' claims and will vigorously defend itself against these claims. The Company is not able to determine or predict the ultimate outcome of this proceeding or reasonably provide an estimate or range of estimate of the possible outcome or loss, if any.

Dennis Nasrawi v. Buck Consultants et al.: On October 8, 2009, plaintiffs filed a lawsuit in the Superior Court of California, Stanislaus County, and on November 24, 2009, the case was removed to the U.S. Court for the Eastern District of California, Fresno Division. Plaintiffs allege actuarial negligence against Buck Consultants, LLC ("Buck"), which was a wholly-owned subsidiary of Conduent, for the use of faulty actuarial assumptions in connection with the 2007 actuarial valuation for the Stanislaus County Employees Retirement Association ("StanCERA"). Plaintiffs allege that the employer contribution rate adopted by StanCERA based on Buck's valuation was insufficient to fund the benefits promised by the County. On July 13, 2012, the Court entered its ruling that the plaintiffs lacked standing to sue in a representative capacity on behalf of all plan participants. The Court also ruled that plaintiffs thad adequately pleaded their claim that Buck allegedly aided and abetted StanCERA in breaching its fiduciary duty. Plaintiffs then filed their Fifth Amended Complaint and added StanCERA to the litigation. Buck and StanCERA filed demurrers to the amended complaint. On September 13, 2012, the Court sustained both demurrers with prejudice, completely dismissing the matter and barring plaintiffs from refiling their claims. Plaintiffs appealed, and ultimately the California Court of Appeals (Sixth District) reversed the trial court's ruling and remanded the case back to the trial court as to Buck only, and only with respect to Plaintiff's claim of aiding and abetting StanCERA in breaching its fiduciary duty. This case has been stayed pending the outcome of parallel litigation the plaintiffs are pursuing against StanCERA. The parallel litigation was tried before the bench in June 2018, and on January 24, 2019, the court found in favor of StanCERA, holding that it had not breached its fiduciary duty to plaintiffs. On April 26, 2019, Plaintiffs in the parallel litigation filed an appeal. Nasrawi remains stayed until the

Conduent Business Services, LLC v. Cognizant Business Services, LLC: On April 12, 2017, Conduent Business Services LLC ("Conduent") filed a lawsuit against Cognizant Business Services Corporation ("Cognizant") in the Supreme Court of New York County, New York. The lawsuit relates to the Amended and Restated Master Outsourcing Services Agreement effective as of October 24, 2012, and the service delivery contracts and work orders thereunder, between Conduent and Cognizant, as amended and supplemented (the "Contract"). The Contract contains certain minimum purchase obligations by Conduent through the date of expiration. The lawsuit alleges that Cognizant committed multiple breaches of the Contract, including Cognizant's failure to properly perform its obligations as subcontractor to Conduent under Conduent's contract with the New York Department of Health to provide Medicaid Management Information Systems. In the lawsuit, Conduent seeks damages in excess of \$150 million. During the first quarter of 2018, Conduent approvided notice to Cognizant that it was terminating the Contract for cause and recorded in the same period certain charges associated with the termination. Conduent also alleges that it terminated the Contract for cause, because, among other things, Cognizant violated the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act. Cognizant asserted two counterclaims for breach of contract seeking recovery of damages in excess of \$47 million, which includes amounts alleged not paid to Cognizant under the contract and an alleged \$25 million termination fee. Conduent has responded to Cognizant's counterclaims by denying the allegations. Cognizant's damages claim to \$90 million. Conduent will continue to vigorously defend itself against the counterclaims but the Company is not able to determine or predict the ultimate outcome of this proceeding or reasonably provide an estimate or range of estimate of the possible outcome.

Other Matters:

Since 2014, Xerox Education Services, Inc. ("XES") has cooperated with several federal and state agencies regarding a variety of matters, including XES' self-disclosure to the U.S. Department of Education (the "Department") and the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau ("CFPB") that some third-party student loans under outsourcing arrangements for various financial institutions required adjustments. With the exception of an inquiry the Illinois Attorney General's Office recently commenced, the Company has resolved the investigations the CFPB and several state agencies commenced and continues to work with the Department and the U.S. Department of Justice to resolve all outstanding issues, including a number of operational projects that XES discovered and disclosed since 2014. The Company cannot provide assurance that the CFPB, another regulator, a financial institution on behalf of which the Company serviced third-party student loans, or another party will not ultimately commence a legal action against XES in which fines, penalties or other liabilities are sought from XES. Nor is the Company able to predict the likely outcome of these matters, should any such matter be commenced, or reasonably provide an matters for amounts in excess of current reserves. The Company could, in future periods, incur judgments or enter into settlements to resolve these potential matters for amounts in excess of current reserves and there could be a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations, cash flows and financial position in the period in which such change in judgment or settlement occurs.

Guarantees and Indemnifications

Indemnifications Provided as Part of Contracts and Agreements

Acquisitions/Divestitures:

We have indemnified, subject to certain deductibles and limits, the purchasers of businesses or divested assets for the occurrence of specified events under certain of our divestiture agreements. In addition, we customarily agree to hold the other party harmless against losses arising from a breach of representations and covenants, including such matters as adequate title to assets sold, intellectual property rights and certain income taxes arising prior to the date of acquisition. Where appropriate, an obligation for such indemnifications is recorded as a liability at the time of the acquisition or divestiture. Since the obligated amounts of these types of indemnifications are often not explicitly stated or are contingent on the occurrence of future events, the overall maximum amount, or range of amount of the obligation under such indemnifications. Additionally, under certain of our acquisition agreements, we have provided for additional consideration to be paid to the sellers if established financial targets are achieved within specific timeframes post-closing. We have recognized liabilities for these contingent obligations based on an estimate of the fair value of these contingencies at the time of acquisition. Contingent obligations related to indemnifications arising from our divestitures and contingent consideration provided for by our acquisitions are not expected to be material to our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Other Agreements:

We are also party to the following types of agreements pursuant to which we may be obligated to indemnify the other party with respect to certain matters:

Guarantees on behalf of our subsidiaries with respect to real estate leases. These lease guarantees may remain in effect subsequent to the sale of the subsidiary.
Agreements to indemnify various service providers, trustees and bank agents from any third-party claims related to their performance on our behalf, with the exception of claims that result from the third-party's own willful misconduct or gross negligence.

84

Guarantees of our performance in certain services contracts to our customers and indirectly the performance of third parties with whom we have subcontracted for their services. This includes indemnifications to customers for losses that may be sustained as a result of our performance of services at a customer's location.

Table of Contents

In each of these circumstances, our payment is conditioned on the other party making a claim pursuant to the procedures specified in the particular contract and such procedures also typically allow us to challenge the other party's claims. In the case of lease guarantees, we may contest the liabilities asserted under the lease. Further, our obligations under these agreements and guarantees may be limited in terms of time and/or amount, and in some instances, we may have recourse against third parties for certain payments we made.

Intellectual Property Indemnifications

We do not own most of the software that we use to run our business. Instead, we license this software from a small number of primary vendors. We indemnify certain software providers against claims that may arise as a result of our use or our subsidiaries', customers' or resellers' use of their software in our services and solutions. These indemnities usually do not include limits on the claims, provided the claim is made pursuant to the procedures required in the services contract.

Indemnification of Officers and Directors

Our corporate by-laws require that, except to the extent expressly prohibited by law, we must indemnify our officers and directors against judgments, fines, penalties and amounts paid in settlement and reasonable expenses, including attorneys' fees, incurred in connection with civil or criminal action or proceedings or any appeal, as it relates to their services to our Company and our subsidiaries. Although the by-laws provide no limit on the amount of indemnification, we may have recourse against our insurance carriers for certain payments made by us. However, certain indemnification payments may not be covered under our directors' and officers' insurance coverage. We also indemnify certain fiduciaries of our employee benefit plans for liabilities incurred in their service as fiduciary whether or not they are officers of the Company. Finally, in connection with our acquisition of businesses, we may become contractually obligated to indemnify certain former and current directors, officers and employees of those businesses in accordance with pre-acquisition by-laws or indemnification agreements or applicable state law.

Other Contingencies

Certain contracts, primarily in the Company's Government Services and Transportation segments, require the Company to provide a surety bond or a letter of credit as a guarantee of performance. As of December 31, 2019, the Company had \$568 million of outstanding surety bonds used to secure its performance of contractual obligations with its clients and \$227 million of outstanding letters of credit issued to secure the Company's performance of contractual obligations to its clients as well as other corporate obligations. In general, the Company would only be liable for the amount of these guarantees in the event of default in the Company's performance of its obligations under each contract. The Company believes it has sufficient capacity in the surety markets and liquidity from its cash flow and its various credit arrangements (including its Credit Facility) to allow it to respond to future requests for proposals that require such credit support.

Note 17 - Preferred Stock

Series A Preferred Stock

In connection with the December 31, 2016 separation from our former parent company (Separation), we issued 120,000 shares of Series A convertible perpetual preferred stock with an aggregate liquidation preference of \$120 million and an initial fair value of \$142 million. The Series A convertible preferred stock pays quarterly cash dividends at a rate of 8% per year (\$9.6 million per year). Each share of the Series A convertible preferred stock is convertible at any time, at the option of the holder, into 44.9438 shares of common stock for a total of 5,393,000 shares (reflecting an initial conversion price of approximately \$22.25 per share of common stock), subject to customary anti-dilution adjustments.

If the closing price of our common stock exceeds 137% of the initial conversion price for 20 out of 30 trading days, we have the right to cause any or all of the Series A convertible preferred stock to be converted into shares of common stock at the then applicable conversion rate. The Series A convertible preferred stock is also convertible, at the option of the holder, upon a change in control, at the applicable conversion rate plus an additional number of shares determined by reference to the price paid for our common stock upon such change in control. In addition, upon the occurrence of certain fundamental change events, including a change in control or the delisting of Conduent's common stock, the holder of Series A convertible preferred stock in cash at a redemption price per share equal to the liquidation preference and any accrued and unpaid dividends to, but not including, the redemption date. As a result of the contingent redemption feature, the Series A convertible preferred stock is classified as temporary equity and reflected separately from permanent equity in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Note 18 - Shareholders' Equity

Preferred Stock

As of December 31, 2019, we had one class of preferred stock outstanding. Refer to Note 17 – Preferred Stock for further information. We are authorized to issue approximately 100 million shares of convertible preferred stock at \$0.01 par value per share.

Common Stock

We have 1 billion authorized shares of common stock at \$0.01 par value per share. At December 31, 2019, 17 million shares were reserved for issuance under our incentive compensation plans and 5.4 million shares were reserved for conversion of the Series A convertible preferred stock.

Stock Compensation Plans

Certain of our employees participate in a long-term incentive plan. Our long-term incentive plan authorizes the issuance of restricted stock units / shares (RSU), performance stock units / share (PSU) and non-qualified stock options to employees. All awards for these plans prior to 2017 were made in Xerox stock and therefore converted into Conduent stock effective upon the Separation. Using a formula designed to preserve the value of the award immediately prior to the Separation, all of these awards will be settled in Conduent's common stock and are reflected in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity. Stock-based compensation expense includes expense based on the awards and terms previously granted to the employees.

Stock-based compensation expense was as follows:



86

CNDT 2019 Annual Report

Restricted Stock Units / Shares Compensation expense is based upon the grant date market price. The compensation expense is recorded over the vesting period, which is normally three years from the date of grant, based on management's estimate of the number of shares expected to vest.

Performance Stock Units / Shares: The Company granted PSUs that vest contingent upon its achievement of certain specified financial performance criteria over a three-year period. If the three-year actual results exceed the stated targets, then the plan participants have the potential to earn additional shares of common stock, which cannot exceed 100% of the original grant.

The fair value of PSUs is based upon the market price of Conduent's common stock on the date of the grant. Compensation expense is recognized over the vesting period, which is normally three years from the date of grant, based on management's estimate of the number of shares expected to vest. If the stated targets are not met, any recognized compensation cost would be reversed.

Employee Stock Options: Stock options were issued by a former parent company and were converted to Conduent's common stock upon the Separation. As of December 31, 2019, these options have expired. Conduent has not issued any new stock options.

Summary of Stock-based Compensation Activity

	2019			2	018		2017				
(shares in thousands)	Shares	Weighted Weighted Average Grant Average Grant Date Fair Date Fair Value Shares Value				Average Grant Date Fair			Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value		
Restricted Stock Units / Shares		-									
Outstanding at January 1	2,399	\$	16.90	3,125	\$	16.29	1,961	\$	13.99		
Granted	2,503		12.57	1,246		18.82	1,988		16.75		
Vested	(2,135)		15.54	(1,501)		17.30	(215)		19.98		
Canceled	(1,026)		15.68	(471)		16.62	(609)		15.88		
Outstanding at December 31	1,741		13.07	2,399	-	16.90	3,125		16.29		
Performance Stock Units / Shares											
Outstanding at January 1	4,557	\$	16.76	5,429	\$	16.55	4,926	\$	13.99		
Granted	1,229		13.35	730		18.64	3,933		16.76		
Vested	(1,069)		15.64	(980)		17.12	(1,696)		19.67		
Canceled	(1,120)		16.00	(622)		16.59	(1,734)		17.46		
Outstanding at December 31	3,597		16.17	4,557		16.76	5,429		16.55		

The Company issued 182 thousand Deferred Stock Units (DSU) to non-employee members of the Board of Directors. These DSUs are fully vested and will be issued when the directors leave the Board.

The total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested stock-based awards at December 31, 2019 was as follows (in millions):

Awards	Unrecognized Compensation	Remaining Weighted-Average Vesting Period (Years)
Restricted Stock Units / Shares	\$ 15	1.9
Performance Stock Units / Shares	1	1.0
Total	\$ 16	

CNDT 2019 Annual Report

The aggregate intrinsic value of outstanding RSUs and PSUs awards were as follows (in millions):

Awards	December	31, 2019
Restricted Stock Units / Shares	\$	11
Performance Stock Units / Shares		22

The total intrinsic value and actual tax benefit realized for vested and exercised stock-based awards were as follows:

(in millions)		December 31, 2019 December 31, 2018 December 31, 2017								December 31, 2018							
Awards	Intrinsic /alue	Cash	Received	Та	x Benefit	То	tal Intrinsic Value	Cash	Received		Tax Benefit	1	otal Intrinsic Value	Cash I	Received		Tax Benefit
Restricted Stock Units / Shares	\$ 17	\$	—	\$	4	\$	20	\$		\$	4	\$	3	\$	_	\$	1
Performance Stock Units / Shares	11		_		2		18		_		4		25		_		10
Stock Options	—		—		_		2		2		—		3		6		1

Note 19 – Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Other Comprehensive Loss is comprised of the following:

						Year Ended	Dece	mber 31,				
		2	019			20)18			20	017	
(in millions)	Pre-tax			Net of Tax		Pre-tax		Net of Tax	Pre-tax			Net of Tax
Currency Translation												
Currency translation adjustments, net	\$	3	\$	3	\$	(31)	\$	(31)	\$	35	\$	35
Reclassification of currency translation adjustments on divestitures		15		15		42		42		_		_
Translation adjustments gains(losses)	\$	18	\$	18	\$	11	\$	11	\$	35	\$	35
Unrealized Gains (Losses)												
Changes in fair value of cash flow hedges gains (losses)	\$	1	\$	1	\$	2	\$	1	\$	1	\$	1
Changes in cash flow hedges reclassed to earnings ⁽¹⁾		(1)		_		(1)		_		2		1
Net Unrealized Gains (Losses)	\$	_	\$	1	\$	1	\$	1	\$	3	\$	2
									_		_	
Defined Benefit Plans Gains (Losses)												
Reclassification of divested benefit plans and other	\$	1	\$	(1)	\$	65	\$	62	\$	—	\$	—
Net actuarial/prior service gains (losses)		_		_		_		_		(5)		(4)
Actuarial loss amortization/settlement ⁽²⁾		—		_		_		_		2		2
Other gains (losses) ⁽³⁾		—		—		_		_		(4)		(3)
Changes in Defined Benefit Plans Gains (Losses)	\$	1	\$	(1)	\$	65	\$	62	\$	(7)	\$	(5)
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	\$	19	\$	18	\$	77	\$	74	\$	31	\$	32
							_				_	

88

Reclassified to Cost of sales - refer to Note 12 – Financial Instruments for additional information regarding our cash flow hedges.
 Reclassified to total net periodic benefit cost.
 Primarily represents currency impact on cumulative amount of benefit plan net actuarial losses and prior service credits in AOCL.

CNDT 2019 Annual Report

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss (AOCL)

Below are the balances and changes in AOCL⁽¹⁾:

(in millions)	Currency Translation Adjustments		Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges		enefit Pension tems	Total
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$ (426)	\$	2	\$	(1)	\$ (425)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	3		1		—	4
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss	 15		_		(1)	14
Net current period other comprehensive income (loss)	 18		1		(1)	18
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$ (408)	\$	3	\$	(2)	\$ (407)
(in millions)	Currency Translation Adjustments		Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges		enefit Pension Items	Total
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$ (437)	\$	1	\$	(58)	\$ (494)
Reclassification of amounts impacted by Tax Reform	—		—		(5)	(5)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	(31)		1		—	(30)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss	42		_		62	104
Net current period other comprehensive income (loss)	11		1		62	74
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$ (426)	\$	2	\$	(1)	\$ (425)
(in millions)	icy Translation ljustments		sses) on Cash Hedges		Benefit Pension Items	Total
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$ (472)	\$	(1)	\$	(53)	\$ (526)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	35		2		(5)	32
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss	 —		_		—	 _
Net current period other comprehensive income (loss)	 35		2		(5)	 32

Balance at December 31, 2017

(1) All amounts are net of tax. Tax effects were immaterial.

CNDT 2019 Annual Report

(494)

(58) \$

1 \$

89

\$

(437) \$

Note 20 - Earnings per Share

We did not declare any common stock dividends in the periods presented.

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share of common stock:

		Year Ended December 31, 2019 2018								
(in millions, except per share data. Shares in thousands)		2019		2018		2017				
Net Income (Loss) per Share:		(1.00.0)		(11.0)						
Net income (loss)	\$	(1,934)	\$	(416)	\$	177				
Cash dividend paid - preferred stock		(10)		(10)	<u> </u>	(10				
Adjusted Net Income (Loss) From Continuing Operations Available to Common Shareholders		(1,944)		(426)		167				
Net income (loss) from discontinued operations		_		—		4				
Adjusted Net Income (Loss) Available to Common Shareholders	\$	(1,944)	\$	(426)	\$	171				
Weighted average common shares outstanding		209,318		206,056		204,007				
Basic Earnings (Loss) per Share:										
Continuing operations	\$	(9.29)	\$	(2.06)	\$	0.82				
Discontinued operations		—		—		0.02				
Basic Earnings (Loss) per Share	\$	(9.29)	\$	(2.06)	\$	0.84				
Diluted Earnings (Loss) per Share:										
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	\$	(1,934)	\$	(416)	\$	177				
Accrued dividends on preferred stock		(10)		(10)		(10				
Adjusted Net Income (Loss) From Continuing Operations Available to Common Shareholders		(1,944)		(426)		167				
Net income (loss) from discontinued operations		_		_		4				
Adjusted Net Income (Loss) Available to Common Shareholders	\$	(1,944)	\$	(426)	\$	171				
Weighted average common shares outstanding		209,318		206,056		204,007				
Common shares issuable with respect to:										
Stock options		_		_		195				
Restricted stock and performance units / shares		_		_		2,591				
8% Convertible preferred stock		_		_		-				
Adjusted Weighted Average Common Shares Outstanding		209,318		206,056		206,793				
Diluted Earnings (Loss) per Share:										
Continuing operations	\$	(9.29)	\$	(2.06)	\$	0.81				
Discontinued operations		—		_		0.02				
Diluted Earnings (Loss) per Share	\$	(9.29)	\$	(2.06)	\$	0.83				
The following securities were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share as they were eithe	r contingently issuable sh	ares or shares that if	included wo	uld have been anti-dilu	tive (share	s in thousands):				
Stock Options	_ ,	_		_		· -				
Restricted stock and performance shares/units		_		_		2,568				
Convertible preferred stock		_		_		5,393				
Total Anti-Dilutive Securities		_		_		7,96				

CNDT 2019 Annual Report

Note 21 – Related Party Transactions

During the third quarter of 2019, Carl C. Icahn and his affiliates (shareholders) increased their ownership interest in the Company. In the normal course of business, the Company provides services to, and purchases from, certain related parties with the same shareholders. The services provided to these entities included those related to human resources, end-user support and other services and solutions. The purchases from these entities included office equipment and related services and supplies. Revenue and purchases from these entities were included in Revenue and Costs of services / Selling, General and administrative, respectively, on the Company's Consolidated Statements of Income (Loss).

Transactions with related parties were as follows:

	Year Ended December 31,									
<u>(in millions)</u>	2019	2018	2017							
Revenue from related parties	\$ 33	\$ 45 \$	51							
Purchases from related parties	\$ 46	\$ 41 \$	43							

The Company's receivable and payable balances with related party entities were not material as of December 31, 2019 and 2018.

ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE None

ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Management's Responsibility for Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the integrity and objectivity of all information presented in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. The consolidated financial statements were prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and include amounts based on management's best estimates and judgments. Management believes the consolidated financial statements fairly reflect the form and substance of transactions and that the financial statements fairly represent the Company's financial position and results of operations.

The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors, which is composed solely of independent directors, meets regularly with the independent registered public accountants, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, the internal auditors and representatives of management to review accounting, financial reporting, internal control and audit matters, as well as the nature and extent of the audit effort. The Audit Committee is responsible for the engagement of the independent registered public accountants. The independent registered public accountants and internal auditors have access to the Audit Committee. **Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

The Company's management evaluated, with the participation of our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as of December 31, 2019, the end of the period covered by this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Based on this evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this Annual Report on Form 10-K. our disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that information we are required to disclose in the reports that we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms relating to Conduent Incorporated, including our consolidated subsidiaries, and was accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including the principal executive officer and principal financial officer, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our principal executive officer, principal financial officer and principal accounting officer, we have conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting based on the framework in "Internal Control - Integrated Framework" (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

Based on the above evaluation, management concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2019.

The effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2019 has been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report which appears in Part II, Item 8 of this Form 10-K.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In connection with the evaluation required by paragraph (d) of Rule 13a-15 under the Exchange Act, there was no change identified in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the last fiscal quarter ended December 31, 2019 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION

On February 25, 2020, the Company's Board of Directors appointed Clifford Skelton to serve as the Company's Chief Executive Officer. Mr. Skelton served as Interim Chief Executive Officer since August 6, 2019 and Chief Operating Officer between June 2019 and August 2019. In connection with such appointment, the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors set the salary of Mr. Skelton at \$750,000 per annum. Mr. Skelton will be eligible to participate in the Company's Annual Performance Incentive Plan ("APIP") at a target level of 125% of his salary with a potential payout range between zero and 200% of target. Mr. Skelton will also be eligible to participate in the Company's Long Term Incentive Plan ("LTIP"), which is payable in equity. His LTIP target annual award is \$3,000,000.

The Letter Agreement, which sets forth the compensation and other terms of Mr. Skelton's appointment, is attached as Exhibit 10.6(e)(ii) to this Report and incorporated by reference. Other than the terms set forth in the Letter Agreement, Mr. Skelton's employment terms remain the same as set forth in the letter agreements between the Company and Mr. Skelton dated May 21, 2019 and filed as Exhibit 10.6(h) on Form 8-K dated May 28, 2019 and dated August 6, 2019 and filed as Exhibit 10.6(j) on Form 8-K dated August 7, 2019, which are incorporated by reference.

The information required by Items 401 and 404 of Regulation S-K and filed in Item 5.02(c) on Registrant's Form 8-K dated May 28, 2019 is incorporated herein by reference.

PART III

ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The information regarding our Executive officers required by Item 10 of Part III is set forth in Item 1 of Part I "Business–Information About Our Executive Officers." The information regarding directors is incorporated herein by reference to the section entitled "Proposal 1 - Election of Directors" in our definitive Proxy Statement (2020 Proxy Statement) to be filed pursuant to Regulation 14A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, for our 2020 Annual Meeting of Stockholders. The Proxy Statement is expected to be filed within 120 days after the end of our fiscal year ended December 31, 2019.

The information regarding compliance with Section 16(a) of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 is incorporated herein by reference to the section entitled "Delinquent Section 16(a) Report" of our 2020 Proxy Statement.

The information required by this Item regarding the Audit Committee, its members and the Audit Committee financial experts is incorporated by reference herein from the subsection entitled "Committee Functions, Membership and Meetings" in the section entitled "Proposal 1 - Election of Directors" in our 2020 Proxy Statement.

We have adopted a code of ethics applicable to our principal executive officer, principal financial officer and principal accounting officer (Finance Code of Conduct). The Finance Code of Conduct can be found on our website at: https://www.conduent.com/corporate-governance/ethics-and-compliance/. Information concerning our Finance Code of Conduct can be found under "Corporate Governance" in our 2020 Proxy Statement and is incorporated here by reference.

ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The information required by this Item included under the following captions under "Proposal 1 - Election of Directors" in our 2020 Proxy Statement is incorporated herein by reference: "Compensation Discussion and Analysis", "Summary Compensation Table", "Grants of Plan-Based Awards in 2019", "Outstanding Equity Awards at 2019 Fiscal Year-End", "Option Exercises and Stock Vested in 2019", "Pension Benefits for the 2019 Fiscal Year", "Nonqualified Deferred Compensation for the 2019 Fiscal Year", "Potential Payments upon Termination or Change in Control", "Summary of Annual Director Annual Compensation, "Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation" and "Compensation Committee". The information included under the heading "Compensation Committee Report" in our 2020 Proxy Statement is incorporated herein by reference; however, this information shall not be deemed to be "soliciting material" or to be "filed" with the SEC or subject to Regulation 14A or 14C, or to the liabilities of Section 18 of the Exchange Act.

ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

Information required by this Item regarding security ownership of certain beneficial owners and management and securities authorized for issuance under equity compensation plans is incorporated herein by reference to the subsections entitled "Ownership of Company Securities," and "Equity Compensation Plan Information" under "Proposal 1 - Election of Directors" in our 2020 Proxy Statement.

ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS, RELATED TRANSACTIONS AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE

Information required by this Item regarding certain relationships and related transactions is incorporated herein by reference to the subsection entitled "Certain Relationships and Related Person Transactions" under "Proposal 1 - Election of Directors" in our 2020 Proxy Statement. The information regarding director independence is incorporated herein by reference to the subsections entitled "Corporate Governance" and "Director Independence" in the section entitled "Proposal 1 - Election of Directors" in our 2020 Proxy Statement. **ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL AUDITOR FEES AND SERVICES**

The information required by this Item regarding principal auditor fees and services is incorporated herein by reference to the section entitled "Proposal 2 - Ratification of Election of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm" in our 2020 Proxy Statement.

PART IV

ITEM 15. EXHIBITS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

(a)

1. Index to Financial Statements filed as part of this report:

- Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm;
- Consolidated Statements of Income (Loss) for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2019;
- Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2019;

- Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2019 and 2018;
- Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2019;
- Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2019;
- Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements; and

2.

- All other schedules are omitted as they are not applicable, or the information required is included in the financial statements or notes thereto. .
- Financial Statement Schedules:
 - Schedule II-Valuation and Qualifying Accounts for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2019. .
- 3. The exhibits filed herewith are set forth in the exhibit Index included herein.

(b) Management contracts or compensatory plans or arrangements listed that are applicable to the executive officers named in the Summary Compensation Table which appears in Registrant's 2020 Proxy Statement or to our directors are preceded by an asterisk (*).

SCHEDULE II

Valuation and Qualifying Accounts

For the three years ended December 31, 2019

(in millions)	ce for Losses:	at	Balance t beginning of period		Additions charged to expense ⁽¹⁾⁽⁴⁾	cha	Amounts (credited) arged to other income atement accounts ⁽²⁾	an	eductions d other, net coveries ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾		Balance at end of period	
2019	Accounts Receivable	\$	1	\$	3	\$	_	\$	(2)	\$	2	,
		φ	T	Φ	3	Φ	—	φ		φ	2	-
2018	Accounts Receivable		2		_		—		(1)		1	L
2017	Accounts Receivable		7		(1)		—		(4)		2	2
Tax Valu	ation Allowance:											
2019	Tax Valuation		44		38		_		(10)		72	2
2018	Tax Valuation		35		17		_		(8)		44	ŧ
2017	Tax Valuation		24		16		_		(5)		35	j

Account Receivables/Contract Assets: additions charged to expense represent bad debt provisions relate to estimated losses due to credit and similar collectibility issues. (1)

(2) (3)

Account Receivables/Contract Assets: additions charged to expense represent bad debt provisions relate to estimated losses due to credit and similar collectibility issues. Account Receivables/Contract Assets: Deductions and other, net of recoveries primarily relates to receivable and contract asset write-offs, but also includes reclassification to other balance sheet accounts, the impact of foreign currency translation adjustments to receivables and contract assets. Tax Valuation: tax valuation allowance are primarily relate to origin so carryforwards, tax credit carryforwards and deductible temporary differences for which we have concluded it is more-likely-than-not that these items will not be realized in the ordinary course of operations. (4)

ITEM 16. FORM 10-K SUMMARY

None

EXHIBIT INDEX

Document and Location

Exhibit No.	
2.1	Separation and Distribution Agreement, dated as of December 30, 2016, by and between Xerox Corporation and Conduent Incorporated.
	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K dated January 3, 2017. (See SEC File Number 001-37817).
3.1	Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Registrant as of December 23, 2016.
	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 23, 2016. (See SEC File Number 001-37817).
3.2	Amended and Restated By-Laws of Registrant as amended through December 31, 2016.
	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 23, 2016. (See SEC File Number 001-37817).
4.1(a)	Indenture, dated as of December 7, 2016, among Conduent Finance, Inc., Xerox Business Services, LLC, the Guarantors named therein and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee.
	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 9, 2016. (See SEC File Number 001-37817).
4.1(b)	First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of January 9, 2018, among Conduent Finance, Inc., Xerox Business Services, LLC, the Guarantors named therein and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee.
	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1(a) to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q dated August 8, 2018. (See SEC File Number 001- 37817).
4.1(c)	Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 1, 2018, among Conduent Finance, Inc., Xerox Business Services, LLC, the Guarantors named therein and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee.
	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1(b) to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q dated August 8, 2018. (See SEC File Number 001- 37817).
4.1(d)	Third Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 1, 2018, among Conduent Finance, Inc., Xerox Business Services, LLC, the Guarantors named therein and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee.
	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1(c) to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q dated August 8, 2018. (See SEC File Number 001- 37817).
4.1(e)	Fourth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 1, 2018, among Conduent Finance, Inc., Xerox Business Services, LLC, the Guarantors named therein and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee.
	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1(d) to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q dated August 8, 2018. (See SEC File Number 001- 37817).
4.1(f)	Fifth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of July 12, 2018, among Conduent Finance, Inc., Xerox Business Services, LLC, the Guarantors named therein and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee.
	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K dated July 12, 2018. (See SEC File Number 001-37817).
4.2	4.2 Description of Securities.
10.1(a)	Credit Agreement, dated as of December 7, 2016, among Conduent Incorporated, Xerox Business Services, LLC, Affiliated Computer Services International B.V., Conduent Finance, Inc., the Lenders from time to time party thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent.
	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 9, 2016. (See SEC File Number 001-37817).
10.1(b)	Amendment No. 1 to Credit Agreement, dated as of April 1, 2017, among Conduent Incorporated, Conduent Business Services, LLC (f/k/a Xerox Business Services, LLC), Affiliated Computer Services International B.V., Conduent Finance, Inc., the Lenders from time to time party thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. as Administrative Agent.

96

CNDT 2019 Annual Report

	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K dated April 11, 2017. (See SEC File Number 001-37817).
10.1(c)	Amendment No. 2 to Credit Agreement, dated as of October 10, 2017, among Conduent Incorporated, Conduent Business Services, LLC, (f/k/a Xerox Business Services, LLC), Affiliated Computer Services International B.V., Conduent Finance, Inc., the Lenders from time to time party thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. as Administrative Agent.
	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K dated October 10, 2017. (See SEC File Number 001-37817).
10.1(d)	Amendment No. 3 to Credit Agreement, dated as of June 28, 2018, among Conduent Incorporated, Conduent Business Services, LLC (f/k/a Xerox Business Services, LLC), Affiliated Computer Services International B.V., Conduent Finance, Inc., the Lenders from time to time party thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. as Administrative Agent.
	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K dated June 28, 2018. (See SEC File Number 001-37817).
10.1(e)	First Incremental Agreement, dated as of January 3, 2017, among JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent and Xerox Business Services, LLC.
	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1(b) to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K dated March 10, 2017, (See SEC File Number 001- 37817).
10.3(a)	Tax Matters Agreement, dated as of December 30, 2016, by and between Xerox Corporation and Conduent Incorporated.
	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K dated January 3, 2017. (See SEC File Number 001-37817).
10.3(b)	Employee Matters Agreement, dated as of December 30, 2016, by and between Xerox Corporation and Conduent Incorporated.
	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K dated January 3, 2017. (See SEC File Number 001-37817).
10.3(c)	Intellectual Property Agreement, dated as of December 30, 2016, by and between Xerox Corporation and Conduent Incorporated.
	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K dated January 3, 2017. (See SEC File Number 001-37817).
10.4(a)	Joinder Agreement to Agreement, dated December 31, 2016, among Conduent Incorporated, Xerox Corporation, Icahn Partners Master Fund LP, Icahn Partners LP, Icahn Onshore LP, Icahn Offshore LP, Icahn Capital LP, IPH GP LLC, Icahn Enterprises Holdings L.P., Icahn Enterprises G.P. Inc., Beckton Corp., High River Limited Partnership, Hopper Investments LLC, Barberry Corp., Jonathan Christodoro and Carl C. Icahn.
	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 to Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K dated January 3, 2017. (See SEC File Number 001-37817).
10.4(b)	Agreement, dated January 28, 2016, among Xerox Corporation, Icahn Partners Master Fund LP, Icahn Partners LP, Icahn Onshore LP, Icahn Offshore LP, Icahn Capital LP, IPH GP LLC, Icahn Enterprises Holdings L.P., Icahn Enterprises G.P. Inc., Beckton Corp., High River Limited Partnership, Hopper Investments LLC, Barberry Corp., Jonathan Christodoro and Carl C. Icahn.
	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 to Registrant's Amendment No. 1 to Form 10 dated August 15, 2016. (See SEC File Number 001-37817).
10.5(a)	Exchange Agreement dated October 27, 2016 by and among Darwin A. Deason, Conduent Incorporated and Xerox Corporation.
	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.14 to Registrant's Amendment No. 5 to Form 10 dated October 28, 2016. (See SEC File Number 001-37817).
10.5(b)	Shareholders Agreement dated December 18, 2018 by and between Darwin Deason and Conduent Incorporated.
	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 18, 2018. (See SEC File Number 001-37817).
	nt contracts or compensatory plans or arrangements listed below that are applicable to the executive officers named in the Summary Compensation Table r in the Registrant's 2020 Proxy Statement or to our directors are preceded by an asterisk (*).
*10.6(a)(i)	Registrant's Performance Incentive Plan dated as of December 15, 2016 ("PIP").
	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 to Registrant's Registration Statement No. 333-215361 dated December 29, 2016. (See SEC File Number 001-37817).

```
Table of Contents
```

*10.6(a)(ii)	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement 2018 under the PIP, dated as of October 1, 2017.
	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6(a)(vii) to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q dated May 9, 2018. (See SEC File Number 001- 37817).
*10.6(a)(iii)	Form of Performance Stock Unit Award Agreement 2018 under the PIP, dated as of October 1, 2017.
	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6(a)(viii) to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q dated May 9, 2018. (See SEC File Number 001- 37817).
*10.6(a)(iv)	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement 2019 under the PIP.
	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6(a)(ix) to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K dated February 28, 2019. (See SEC File Number 001- 37817).
*10.6(a)(v)	Form of Performance Stock Unit Award Agreement 2019 under the PIP.
	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6(a)(x) to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K dated February 28, 2019. (See SEC File Number 001- 37817).
*10.6(b)(i)	Registrant's Equity Compensation Plan for Non-Employee Directors dated as of December 15, 2016 ("ECPNED").
	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.4 to Registrant's Registration Statement No. 333-215361 dated December 29, 2016. (See SEC File Number 001-37817).
*10.6(b)(ii)	Form of Agreement under the ECPNED.
	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6(b)(ii) to the Registrant's Annual Report on From 10-K dated March 10, 2017. (See SEC File Number 001- 37817).
*10.6.(c)	Registrant's Executive Change in Control Severance Plan dated as of April 25, 2017.
	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K dated August 28, 2017. (See SEC File Number 001-37817).
*10.6(d)	Letter Agreement dated June 10, 2016 between Xerox Corporation and Ashok Vemuri regarding compensation arrangements.
	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.2 to Xerox Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K dated June 14, 2016. (See SEC File Number 001-04471).
*10.6(d)(i)	Separation Agreement dated June 4, 2019 between Conduent Incorporated and Ashok Vemuri
	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K dated June 4, 2019. (See SEC File Number 001-37817).
*10.6(e)	Letter Agreement dated May 21, 2019 between Conduent Incorporated and Clifford Skelton regarding compensation arrangements.
	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6(h) to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K dated May 28, 2019. (See SEC File Number 001-37817).
*10.6(e)(i)	Letter Agreement dated August 6, 2019 between Conduent Incorporated and Clifford Skelton regarding compensation arrangements.
	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6(j) to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K dated August 7, 2019. (See SEC File Number 001-37817).
*10.6(e)(ii)	Letter Agreement dated February 25, 2020 between Conduent Incorporated and Clifford Skelton regarding compensation arrangements.
*10.6(f)	Letter Agreement dated July 22, 2016 between Xerox Corporation and J. Michael Peffer regarding compensation arrangements.
	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.12 to Registrant's Amendment No. 4 to Form 10 dated October 21, 2016. (See SEC File Number 001-37817).
*10.6(f)(i)	Separation Agreement dated November 5, 2019 between Conduent Incorporated and J. Michael Peffer.
*10.6(g)	Letter Agreement dated September 6, 2016 between Xerox Corporation and Brian Webb-Walsh regarding compensation arrangements.
	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.13 to Registrant's Amendment No. 4 to Form 10 dated October 21, 2016. (See SEC File Number 001-37817).
*10.6(h)	Letter Agreement dated May 15, 2019 between Conduent Incorporated and Mark S. Brewer.
*10.6(i)	Letter Agreement dated November 5, 2019 between Conduent Incorporated and Michael Krawitz.

98

CNDT 2019 Annual Report

Table of Contents

*10.6(j)	Separation Agreement dated January 13, 2020 between Conduent Incorporated and Jeffrey Friedel.
21.1	List of subsidiaries of Registrant.
23	Consent of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP.
31(a)	Certification of CEO pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a).
31(b)	Certification of CFO pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a).
32	Certification of CEO and CFO pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350 as adopted pursuant to §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase.
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase.
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase.
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase.
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Linkbase.
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101).

99

CNDT 2019 Annual Report

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

CONDUENT INCORPORATED

/s/ CLIFFORD SKELTON

Clifford Skelton Chief Executive Officer

February 26, 2020

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the date indicated.

Signature	Title
Principal Executive Officer:	
/s/ CLIFFORD SKELTON	Chief Executive Officer and Director
Clifford Skelton	
Principal Financial Officer:	
/s/ BRIAN WEBB-WALSH	Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
Brian Webb-Walsh	
Principal Accounting Officer:	
/s/ MARIO A. POMPEO	Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer
Mario A. Pompeo	
ISI NICHOLAS GRAZIANO	Director
Nicholas Graziano	
IS/ KATHY H. VICTOR	Director
Kathy H. Victor	
/s/ SCOTT LETIER	Director
Scott Letier	
/s/ COURTNEY R. MATHER	Director and Chairman of the Board
Courtney R. Mather	
/s/ JESSE LYNN	Director
Jesse Lynn	Director
/S/ MICHAEL A. NUTTER	Director
	Director
/S/ MARGARITA PALÁU-HERNÁNDEZ Margarita Paláu-Hernández	Director
-	Director
/S/ VIRGINIA M. WILSON Virginia M. Wilson	Director

CNDT 2019 Annual Report

DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES

References to "we" or "our" herein are, unless the context otherwise indicates, only to Conduent Incorporated.

Description of Capital Stock

The following is a summary of information concerning our capital stock. The summaries and descriptions below do not purport to be complete statements of the relevant provisions of our Restated Certificate of Incorporation and our Amended and Restated By-Laws, and are entirely qualified by these documents.

Authorized Capital Stock

Our authorized capital stock consists of 1,000,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, and 100,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share.

Common Stock

Dividends

Holders of shares of our common stock are entitled to receive dividends when, as and if declared by our Board of Directors (the "Board") at its discretion out of funds legally available for that purpose, subject to the preferential rights of any preferred stock that may be outstanding. The timing, declaration, amount and payment of future dividends will depend on our financial condition, earnings, capital requirements and debt service obligations, as well as legal requirements, regulatory constraints, industry practice and other factors that our Board deems relevant.

Voting Rights

The holders of our common stock are entitled to one vote for each share held of record on all matters submitted to a vote of the shareholders.

Fully Paid

The issued and outstanding shares of our common stock are fully paid and non-assessable. Any additional shares of common stock that we may issue in the future will also be fully paid and non-assessable.

Liquidation Rights

Subject to the preferential liquidation rights of any preferred stock that may be outstanding, upon our liquidation, dissolution or winding-up, the holders of our common stock will be entitled to share ratably in our assets legally available for distribution to our shareholders.

Preemptive Rights

The holders of our common stock do not have preemptive rights or preferential rights to subscribe for shares of our capital stock.

Transfer Agent and Registrar

Computershare Trust Company, N.A. is the transfer agent and registrar for our common stock.

-1-

Listing

Our common stock is traded on the Nasdaq Global Select Market under the trading symbol, "CNDT."

Preferred Stock

Our Restated Certificate of Incorporation authorizes our Board to designate and issue from time to time one or more series of preferred stock without shareholder approval. Our Board may fix and determine the designation, relative rights, preferences and limitations of the shares of each such series of preferred stock.

Series A Convertible Perpetual Preferred Stock

The following is a summary of the terms of our Series A Convertible Perpetual Preferred Stock ("Series A Preferred Stock"). This summary is not meant to be complete and is qualified by the description of the Series A Preferred Stock in our Restated Certificate of Incorporation, which establishes the designation, relative rights, preferences and limitations relating to the Series A Preferred Stock. You are urged to read the Restated Certificate of Incorporation carefully in its entirety.

Shares Issued

In connection with our December 31, 2016 spin-off from Xerox Corporation, we issued 120,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock with an aggregate liquidation preference of \$120,000,000 and an initial fair value of \$142,000,000.

Dividends

Cash dividends are payable quarterly on the Series A Preferred Stock when, as and if declared by our Board, out of any funds legally available for the payment of dividends, on a cumulative basis, at a rate per year equal to 8.0% of the liquidation preference.

If we do not pay dividends in full on any dividend payment date, cash dividends will be payable, on a cumulative basis, at a rate per year equal to 8.0% of the sum of the liquidation preference and the amount of accrued and unpaid dividends as of the most recent dividend payment date, and the shares of the Series A Preferred Stock will share ratably in the payment of dividends in accordance with the sums that would be payable on those shares if all dividends were declared and paid in full. In addition, if we do not pay dividends in full on any dividend payment date, our ability to declare or pay dividends on or redeem, purchase or otherwise acquire our common stock or any preferred stock ranking on a parity with or junior to the Series A Preferred Stock, will be subject to certain restrictions. In accordance with our Restated Certificate of Incorporation, the holders of Series A Preferred Stock will also have the right to appoint two members of our Board if six full quarterly dividend periods (whether or not consecutive) are in arrears. The right of the holders of Series A Preferred Stock to appoint two members of our Board will cease when all arrearages in dividends have been paid and dividends for the current quarterly dividend period have been paid.

Conversion

Each share of Series A Preferred Stock may be converted at any time, at the option of the holder, into 44.9438 shares of our common stock, subject to customary anti-dilution adjustments. In addition, the holder has the right to convert, under certain circumstances, each share of Series A Preferred Stock into shares of our common stock at an increased conversion rate. We have the right, at our option, to cause any or all of the Series A Preferred Stock to be converted into shares of our common stock at the then applicable conversion rate if the closing price of the common stock exceeds a certain threshold for 20 trading days over a 30-day trading day period, as specified in our Restated Certificate of Incorporation.

-2-

Redemption

Upon the occurrence of certain fundamental change events, the holders of Series A Preferred Stock have the right to require us to redeem any or all of the Series A Preferred Stock in cash at a redemption price per share equal to the liquidation preference and any accrued and unpaid dividends to, but not including, the redemption date.

At any time on or following the fifth anniversary of a transfer by the holders of Series A Preferred Stock to a person other than a permitted transferee, we have the option to redeem any or all of such transferred shares of Series A Preferred Stock in cash at a redemption price per share equal to the fair market value of such redeemed shares and any accrued and unpaid dividends to, but not including, the redemption date.

Liquidation

In the event we voluntarily or involuntarily liquidate, dissolve or wind up our affairs, the holders of Series A Preferred Stock will be entitled to receive the liquidation preference per share plus an amount equal to accrued and unpaid dividends, if any, before any distribution to the holders of our common stock. If the amounts payable with respect to Series A Preferred Stock are not paid in full, the holders of Series A Preferred Stock will share ratably in any distribution of assets based upon the aggregate liquidation preference for all outstanding shares for each series. After the holders of shares of Series A Preferred Stock are paid in full, they will have no right or claim to any of our remaining assets.

Voting Rights

Except as may be required by applicable law and as described below, the consent of the holders of at least two-thirds of the shares of Series A Preferred Stock at the time outstanding, voting separately as a class, is necessary to permit, effect or validate:

- · the authorization of, or any increase in the authorized amount of, any class of stock ranking prior to the Series A Preferred Stock;
- the amendment, alteration or repeal of any of the provisions of our Restated Certificate of Incorporation or Amended and Restated By-laws (whether, directly or indirectly, by merger, consolidation or otherwise) which would affect adversely any right, preference, privilege or voting power of the Series A Preferred Stock or of the holders thereof; and
- our voluntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up, or the sale, lease or conveyance (other than by mortgage) of all or substantially all of our property or business, or our consolidation, merger or other business combination with or into any other person, except any such sale, lease or conveyance (other than by mortgage) of all or substantially all of our property or business or consolidation or merger or other business combination wherein none of the rights, preferences, privileges or voting powers of the Series A Preferred Stock or the holders thereof are adversely affected.

The holders of Series A Preferred Stock have no voting rights with respect to our consolidation, merger or other business combination with or into any other person, or sale, lease or conveyance (other than by mortgage) of all or substantially all of our property or business, if:

- to the extent we are not the surviving person in such transaction, the holders of Series A Preferred Stock will receive the stock of the entity surviving such transaction or to whom all or substantially all of our property or business is sold, leased or conveyed, as the case may be, and such stock shall have voting powers, preferences and relative, participating, optional or other special rights as nearly equal as possible to those provided in our Restated Certificate of Incorporation; and
- upon conversion of the Series A Preferred Stock or the stock of the person surviving such transaction or to whom all or substantially all of our property or business is sold, leased or conveyed, as the case

-3-

may be, issued in accordance with such event, the holders of Series A Preferred Stock will receive certain securities, cash or other property in connection with such reorganization event.

Certain Provisions of Our Restated Certificate of Incorporation, Amended and Restated By-Laws and New York Law

Restated Certificate of Incorporation and Amended and Restated By-Laws

Certain provisions in our Restated Certificate of Incorporation and our Amended and Restated By-Laws summarized below may be deemed to have an anti-takeover effect and may delay, deter or prevent a tender offer or takeover attempt that a shareholder might consider to be in its best interests, including attempts that might result in a premium being paid over the market price for the shares held by shareholders. These provisions are intended to enhance the likelihood of continuity and stability in the composition of our Board and in the policies formulated by our Board and to discourage certain types of transactions that may involve an actual or threatened change of control.

Blank Check Preferred Stock

Our Restated Certificate of Incorporation authorizes our Board to designate and issue, without any further vote or action by the shareholders, shares of preferred stock at any time or from time to time in one or more series and, with respect to each such series, to establish the number of shares to be included in each such series, and to fix the designation, relative rights, preferences and limitations of the shares of each such series, including, but not limited to, the voting rights (if any) of the series and any other relative rights, preferences and limitations of that series. The ability to issue such preferred stock could discourage potential acquisition proposals and could delay or prevent a change in control.

Special Meetings of Shareholders

Our Amended and Restated By-Laws provides that each of the Chairman of the Board, the Board or the Secretary, at the request of the holders of record of not less than 20% of the outstanding shares of our common stock, is able to call a special meeting of shareholders. No shareholder is permitted to propose the removal of directors or the election of directors at a shareholder-called special meeting, other than a single shareholder, or "group" of shareholders who have filed as such under Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act with respect to their ownership of our common stock, that owns at least a majority of our outstanding common stock. For a shareholder to call a special meeting, the shareholder(s) must comply with the requirements set forth in our Amended and Restated By-Laws, including giving notice to our Secretary, which notice must include the information described in "Requirements for Advance Notification of Shareholder Nomination and Proposals" below.

Requirements for Advance Notification of Shareholder Nominations and Proposals

Under our Amended and Restated By-Laws, shareholders of record may nominate persons for election to our Board or bring other business constituting a proper matter for shareholder action only by providing proper notice to our Secretary. Proper notice must be timely; for annual meetings of shareholders, notice must generally be given not less than 120 days nor more than 150 days prior to the first anniversary of the date our proxy statement was released to shareholders in connection with the previous year's annual meeting, and for special meetings of shareholders, notice must generally be given not less than 120 days nor more than 150 days prior to the date of the special meeting. Proper notice must include, among other information, the name and address of the shareholder giving the notice and any material interest the shareholder has in the business desired to be brought before the meeting, certain information relating to each person whom such shareholder proposes to nominate for election as a director, a brief description of any other business (including the text of any resolutions proposed for consideration, and in the event that such business includes a proposal to amend the Amended and Restated By-Laws, the text of the proposed amendment) and the reason for conducting such business at the meeting, the name of each person with whom the shareholder is acting in concert and any other information requested in our Amended and Restated By-Laws, including any update or supplement described therein.

-4-

Filling Vacancies; Removal of Directors

Our Restated Certificate of Incorporation and Amended and Restated By-Laws provide that any Board vacancy, including a vacancy resulting from an increase in the number of directors, may be filled solely by the affirmative vote of a majority of the directors then in office, even if less than a quorum of the Board exists. Additionally, our Restated Certificate of Incorporation and our Amended and Restated By-Laws provide that no director of our Board may be removed from office without cause. These provisions make it more difficult for shareholders to take an action opposed by our Board.

New York Anti-Takeover Statute

Section 912 of the New York Business Corporation Law generally provides that a New York corporation may not engage in a business combination with an interested shareholder for a period of five years following the interested shareholder's stock acquisition date. Such a business combination would be permitted where it is approved by the board of directors before the interested shareholder's stock acquisition date, or within 30 days thereafter, if a good faith proposal regarding a business combination is made in writing.

Covered business combinations include certain mergers and consolidations, dispositions of assets or stock, plans for liquidation or dissolution, reclassifications of securities, recapitalizations and similar transactions. An interested shareholder is generally a shareholder owning at least 20% of a corporation's outstanding voting stock.

In addition, New York corporations may not engage at any time with any interested shareholder in a business combination other than: (i) a business combination approved by the board of directors before the stock acquisition, or where the acquisition of the stock had been approved by the board of directors before the stock acquisition; (ii) a business combination approved by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the outstanding voting stock not beneficially owned by the interested shareholder at a meeting for that purpose no earlier than five years after the stock acquisition; or (iii) a business combination in which the interested shareholder pays a formula price designed to ensure that all other shareholders receive at least the highest price per share that is paid by the interested shareholder and that meets certain other requirements. Pursuant to Section 912(d) of the New York Business Corporation Law, we have elected to opt out of these provisions, and the restrictions described above do not apply to any business combination involving us.

Limitation on Liability of Directors and Indemnification of Directors and Officers

Our Amended and Restated By-Laws provide that except to the extent expressly prohibited by law, we will indemnify any person, made or threatened to be made, a party in any civil or criminal action or proceeding, including an action or proceeding by or in our right to procure a judgment in its favor or by or in the right of any other corporation of any type or kind, domestic or foreign, or any partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan or other enterprise, which any of our directors or officers served in any capacity at our request, by reason of the fact that he or enterprise, in any capacity, against judgments, fines, penalties, amounts paid in settlement and reasonable expenses, including attorneys' fees, incurred in connection with such action or proceeding, or any appeal therein; *provided* that no such indemnification shall be required with respect to any settlement unless we shall have given its prior approval thereto. Such indemnification shall include the right to be paid advances of any expenses incurred by such person in connection with such action, suit or proceeding, consistent with the provisions of applicable law. In addition to the foregoing, we are authorized to extend rights to indemnification and advancement of expenses to such persons by (i) resolution of the shareholders, (ii) resolution of the directors or (iii) an agreement, to the extent not expressly prohibited by law.

Under Section 722 of the New York Business Corporation Law, a corporation may indemnify its directors and officers made, or threatened to be made, a party to any action or proceeding, except for shareholder derivative suits, if the director or officer acted in good faith, for a purpose that he or she reasonably believed to be in or, in the case of service to another corporation or enterprise, not opposed to the best interests of the corporation, and, in addition, in criminal proceedings had no reasonable cause to believe his or her conduct was unlawful. In the case of shareholder derivative suits, the corporation may indemnify a director or officer if he or she acted in good faith for a

-5-

purpose that he or she reasonably believed to be in or, in the case of service to another corporation or enterprise, not opposed to the best interests of the corporation, except that no indemnification may be made in respect of (i) a threatened action, or a pending action that is settled or otherwise disposed of, or (ii) any claim, issue or matter as to which such individual has been adjudged to be liable to the corporation, unless and only to the extent that the court in which the action was brought, or, if no action was brought, any court of competent jurisdiction, determines, upon application, that, in view of all the circumstances of the case, the individual is fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnity for the portion of the settlement amount and expenses as the court deems proper.

Any individual who has been successful on the merits or otherwise in the defense of a civil or criminal action or proceeding will be entitled to indemnification. Except as provided in the preceding sentence, unless ordered by a court pursuant to Section 724 of the New York Business Corporation Law, any indemnification under the New York Business Corporation Law as described in the immediately preceding paragraph may be made only if, pursuant to Section 723 of the New York Business Corporation Law, indemnification is authorized in the specific case and after a finding that the director or officer met the requisite standard of conduct by the disinterested directors if a quorum is available, or, if the quorum so directs or is unavailable, (i) the board of directors upon the written opinion of independent legal coursel or (ii) the shareholders.

The indemnification rights provided in our Amended and Restated By-Laws are not exclusive of any other right to which persons seeking indemnification may otherwise be entitled.

As permitted by New York law, our Amended and Restated By-Laws authorize us to purchase and maintain insurance to protect any director, officer, employee or agent against claims and liabilities that such persons may incur in such capacities.

Exclusive Forum

Our Restated Certificate of Incorporation provides that unless we consent in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, any state or federal court located in New York County in the State of New York will be the sole and exclusive forum for (i) any derivative action or proceeding purportedly brought on behalf of us, (ii) any action or proceeding asserting a claim of breach of a fiduciary duty owed by any of our current or former directors, officers or other employees or shareholders to us or our shareholders, (iii) any action or proceeding asserting a claim arising pursuant to any provision of the Business Corporation Law of the State of New York or our Restated Certificate of Incorporation or Amended and Restated By-Laws (with respect to each, as may be amended from time to time), or (iv) any action or proceeding asserting a claim otherwise governed by the internal affairs doctrine.

Certain Provisions of the Icahn Agreement

We are party to an Agreement, dated January 28, 2016, with Xerox Corporation and the Icahn Group (the "Icahn Agreement"). Among other things, the Icahn Agreement provides that (i) our Board will be annually elected; (ii) any "shareholder rights plan" adopted by our Board not ratified by shareholders within 135 days of its taking effect, will automatically expire; (iii) our shareholders have the ability to call special meetings on the terms to be set forth in our governing documents at the request of holders of 20% of the outstanding shares of our common stock who meet certain requirements with respect to advance notice, required disclosures and permitted matters and other matters (except that business at such shareholder-called meetings will generally not include the removal or election of directors); (iv) except as required by law, our governing documents do not impose minimum voting requirements greater than a majority of the outstanding shares of our common stock; (v) we elect not to be governed by Section 912 of the New York Business Corporation Law; (vi) we do not adopt or approve change-of-control provisions in plans benefiting or agreements with directors, officers or employees (including equity plans and change-of-control severance agreements) with ownership triggers below 50%; (vii) we abide by certain procedures, specified in the Icahn Agreement, concerning diligence requests from certain over-bidders; and (viii) we are incorporated under the laws of the State of New York. Our obligations with respect to the matters in clauses (iii) through (viii) of the immediately preceding sentence will only remain in place so long as the "Icahn Group" (those parties listed on Schedule A to the Icahn Agreement) has beneficial ownership of at least 4.9% of our outstanding "Voting Securities" (as such term is defined in the Icahn Agreement). February 25, 2020 Mr. Clifford Skelton c/o Conduent 100 Campus Drive, Suite 200 Florham Park, NJ 07932

Dear Cliff:

I am pleased to present to you modified terms to your compensation.

Reference is made to the offer letter, dated May 21, 2019, between Conduent Incorporated ("Conduent") and you (the "Offer Letter"), to the promotion letter, dated August 6, 2019, between Conduent and you (the "Promotion Letter"). This letter modifies certain terms of the Offer Letter and Promotion Letter as follows:

1. The following sections of the Offer Letter will be replaced in their entirety, effective as of the date hereof: Annual Base Salary

Your revised base salary for this position will be paid in accordance with Conduent's ordinary payroll practices for executives, at the annualized rate of \$750,000.

Annual Performance Incentive Plan

You will be eligible to participate in the Annual Performance Incentive Plan (APIP) at an annual target level of 125% of base salary ("Target") with a potential payout range of zero to 200% of your Target. Unless specifically noted in the plan document or required by law, only those participants actively employed with Conduent on the date individual bonuses are paid will be eligible to receive a bonus. Details of this plan are contained in the APIP documentation which will be provided separately.

Long-Term Incentive Plan

You will be eligible to participate in Conduent's Long Term Incentive Program ("LTIP"), as may be amended from time to time. Grants are typically made in April and, in accordance with the Conduent Incorporated Performance Incentive Plan (or any successor plan that is operative at the time), are subject to the terms and conditions approved by the Compensation Committee and set forth in individual award agreements each year.

Your LTIP target annual award, subject to annual approval by the Compensation Committee, shall be \$3,000,000. Participation, eligibility requirements, and the form of equity or other incentive instrument, are reviewed annually and subject to change.

2. The Promotion Letter is modified, effective as of the date hereof, (A) to strike the following words: "on an interim basis until the Board of Directors (the "Board")

February 25, 2020 Clifford Skelton

designates a permanent CEO" from the second paragraph thereof, and (B) to strike paragraphs 3 and 4 thereof.

Except for those sections of the Offer Letter and Promotion Letter specifically modified hereby, the provisions of each shall continue to apply and are not modified by this letter. Sincerely,

Christerery,

Conduent Inc.

I agree to and accept this change:

/S/ Clifford Skelton Clifford Skelton February 25, 2020 Date

SEPARATION AGREEMENT AND GENERAL RELEASE

This Separation Agreement and General Release (this "Agreement") is entered into by and among Conduent Business Services, LLC, its parent, subsidiaries, subdivisions and affiliates, (collectively, "Conduent" or "Company"), and J. Michael Peffer ("Employee").

Introduction. The Company and Employee have agreed on the terms of the separation of Employee's employment with the Company including payment of salary and benefits as described below through June 30, 2020 ("Salary and Benefits Continuation End Date"). Employee's last day of active employment (" Last Day of Active Employment") is December 31, 2019 and on such date he shall be deemed (with further action by the parties) to have resigned from all offices, titles, positions and appointments of the Company. It is agreed and understood between the parties that Employee will no longer report to work or be required to perform any of his regular job duties and responsibilities after November 18, 2019 ("Notice Date"), provided however, Employee will make himself available during normal business hours through December 31, 2019 to address questions, provide guidance on pending matters and take such other actions as may be reasonably necessary to help ensure a smooth transition. In consideration of the mutual promises contained in this Agreement, the Company and Employee agree as follows:

- Pay and Salary Continuation. Employee will be paid his same bi-weekly salary rate after his Notice Date through and including his Last Day of Active Employment. Employee will receive salary continuation commencing on January 1, 2020 at the same bi weekly salary rate and continuing through and including his Salary and Benefit Continuation End Date. The Company shall withhold from such payments all applicable payroll taxes and other authorized deductions. The payments to be made under this Agreement shall be deemed to be wages in lieu of notice during the applicable benefit year in the event that the Employee files a claim for unemployment benefits. Employee understands that the Company will not make any payments until all Company property in the Employee's possession or control is returned to the Company.
- 2. Benefits Continuation. Employee will receive the same level of benefits in effect as of his Notice Date through his Last Day of Active Employment and will continue to make the same level of any employee contributions towards such benefits through his Last Day of Active Employment. Employee will only receive health and welfare benefits at employee rates, subject to and conditioned upon Employee's payment of the applicable employee premium contributions set for 2020, through and including his Salary and Benefits Continuation End Date OTHER THAN: Short-term Disability, Long-term Disability, and 401(k) Savings Plan. Employee agrees and acknowledges that after his Notice Date, he will no longer be eligible for any benefits under the Conduent Change in Control Severance Plan (CIC) and in the event of any conflict between this Agreement and the CIC, this Agreement shall control. Employee further agrees and acknowledges that after his Last Day of Active Employment, he will no longer be eligible for any evecutive perquisites.

Separation Agreement And General Release/J. Michael Peffer

Initials:

_PAGE1

PAGE2

- 3. Equity and 2019 Bonus. The vesting of Employee's equity awards (including restricted stock units and performance share awards) shall be determined in accordance with the terms and conditions of the applicable equity plan documents. In the event of a conflict or discrepancy between this Agreement and any equity plan document, the applicable equity plan document shall control. Employee understands and acknowledges that the vesting of his equity awards is contingent upon Employee's execution and non revocation of this Agreement containing a full release of all claims. Employee and Company agree that the reason for Employee's separation is not for Cause (as defined in the applicable equity plan documents) and that Employee will not vest in any awards while receiving salary and benefits continuation. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in the 2019 Annual Performance Incentive Plan, Employee agrees and acknowledges that he will not be eligible to receive any bonus for 2019.
- 4. Confidentiality. Employee shall keep confidential all confidential or proprietary information known to his concerning any matters affecting or relating to the business, operations, and financial affairs of the Company which are of a special or unique nature, regardless of whether any such information is labeled or otherwise treated as confidential, material, or important. Unless the Company files this Agreement as a matter of public record with the Securities Exchange Commission, the contents of this Agreement shall not be disclosed, released or communicated by Employee to any person, other than Employee's spouse, tax advisor or legal counsel, and to the extent necessary to enforce any of the terms of this Agreement.
- 5. Release and Covenant Not to Sue. As a material inducement to the Company to enter into this Agreement, Employee hereby irrevocably and unconditionally releases, acquits and forever discharges and covenants not to sue the Company and each of the Company's owners, stockholders, predecessors, successors, assigns, agents, directors, officers, employees, representatives, attorneys, divisions, subsidiaries (and agents, directors, officers, employees, representatives and attorneys divisions, subsidiaries (and agents, directors, officers, employees, representatives and attorneys of such divisions, subsidiaries and affiliates) and all persons acting by, through, under or in concert with any of them (collectively "Releases"), or any of them, from any and all charges, complaints, claims, liabilities, obligations, promises, agreements, controversies, damages, actions, causes of action, suits, rights, demands, costs, losses, debts and expenses (including attorneys' fees and costs actually incurred) of any nature whatsoever, known or unknown ("Claim" or "Claims"), which Employee now has, owns, or holds or which Employee at any time previously had, owned or held against each of the Releases, including, but not limited to, (a) all Claims of Age Discrimination under the Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967 or any similar state statute; (b) all Claims under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974; (c) all employment or discrimination Claims under the statuets of the State of New Jersey or any other state; (d) all Claims of unlawful discrimination based on age, sex, race, religion, national origin, handicap, disability, equal pay or any other basis; (e) all Claims of wongful discharge, retailiation, breach of any implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing; and (f) all Claims related to Employee's employment with the Company, breach of privacy, fraud, and breach of any implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing; and (f) all Claims related to Employee's employment with the Company, including but

Separation Agreement And General Release/J. Michael Peffer

Initials:

PAGE3

wages, salary, overtime compensation, bonuses, commissions, severance pay, supplemental unemployment benefit pay, vacation pay, or other compensation or benefits arising out of Employee's employment with the Company. Employee covenants and agrees not to bring any judicial action or action under the Conduent Dispute Resolution Plan (the "Plan") against any of the Releases with respect to any such Claim or Claims and warrants that no such Claim or Claims have been filed. For the avoidance of doubt, the preceding two sentences shall be inapplicable to any claim for indemnification (including advancement of expenses) related to his service as an officer or director of the Company, arising at law or equity or the governing instruments (e.g., Articles of Incorporation or Bylaws) of the Company or arising under any policy of insurance maintained by the Company for the benefit of its directors and officers under which Employee is or may be an insured. By signing this Agreement, however, **Employee is not waiving any rights or claims arising after the date on which reporting possible violations of a federal or state law or regulation to any governmental agency or entity, or participating in any proceedings or investigations with the federal, state or local government agency or entity responsible for enforcing such laws. Employee is not required to notify the Company that he has made such reports or disclosures.**

- No Admission. This Agreement shall not in any way be construed as an admission by the Company of any illegal act whatsoever against Employee or any other person, and the Company specifically disclaims any liability to Employee or any other person, on the part of itself, its employees, or its agents.
- 7. No rehire. Employee acknowledges and understands that for a period of six months following his Termination Date, he is not eligible to be rehired by the Company as an employee or retained as a contractor or consultant.
- 8. Cooperation in Legal Matters. Employee agrees that he will assist and cooperate with the Company in connection with: a) the defense or prosecution of any claim that was asserted against, or by, the Company while Employee was employed with Company; b) any ongoing or future investigation, or any dispute or claim of any kind involving the Company, including any proceeding before any arbitral, administrative, judicial, legislative, or other body or agency, the facts of which arose during Employee's employment with Company; and c) any requests made by the Company related to Employee's duties and work product while employed by the Company, including preparing for and testifying honestly in any proceeding to the extent that such claims, investigations or proceedings relate to services performed or required to be performed by Employee. pertinent knowledge possessed by Employee, or any act or omission by Employee. Employee understands that cooperation as described in this paragraph means voluntary participation in all stages of adversarial proceedings, investigations, and the like, and includes testifying where requested by Company. Employee further agrees to execute and deliver any documents that may be reasonably necessary to carry out the provisions of this Paragraph.
- 9. Representations of Employee. Employee represents and agrees (a) that he was advised by the Company in writing by this Agreement to consult with an attorney of his

Separation Agreement And General Release/J. Michael Peffer

Initials:

choice prior to signing this Agreement; (b) that the Company has afforded Employee **no less than twenty-one (21) days** to consider whether to execute this Agreement, and during that time Employee has had this Agreement in his possession; (c) that Employee has taken full advantage of this 21-day consideration period or has purposely waived his right to do so; (d) that Employee has consulted or has had sufficient opportunity to discuss with any person, including an attorney of his choice, all provisions of this Agreement, that Employee has carefully read and understands it, that Employee is competent to execute this Agreement, and that Employee is contering into this Agreement knowingly and voluntarily without reliance upon any statement or representation of any person or parties released, or their representatives, concerning the nature and extent of the damages and/or legal liability therefore; (e) that Employee has not assigned or transferred, or proposed to assign or transfer, to any person or entity, any Claim or any portion thereof or interest therein; (f) that the compensation and/or benefits provided to Employee does not rely and has not relied upon any representation or statement made by any of the Releases or by any of the Releases' agents, representatives or attorneys with regard to the subject matter, basis or effect of this Agreement or otherwise. Employee shall indemnify and hold each and all of the Releases harmless from and against any and all loss, cost, damage, or expense, including, without limitation, attorneys' fees, incurred by Releases, or any of them, arising out of any breach of this Agreement by Employee or the fact that any representation made by Employee was false when made.

- 10. Miscellaneous. It is the parties' intention that all provisions of this Agreement be enforced to the fullest extent permitted by law. If, however, any provision of this Agreement is held to be illegal or unenforceable, such provision shall be severable and the remaining provisions of this Agreement shall remain in full force and effect. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New Jersey. This Agreement contains the entire understanding and agreement between the Company and Employee with respect to the subject matter of this Agreement and supersedes all prior oral or written agreements between the parties with respect to that subject matter. However, this Agreement supplements, rather than supersedes, any of Employee's duties regarding non-competition, non-solicitation, confidentiality and trade secrets under law or contract. Any action regarding the enforceability of this Agreement or any other cause of action relating to or arising under this Agreement shall be subject to the Plan.
- 11. Withdrawal of Offer. Employee understands that if he has not signed this Agreement on or before the forty-fifth (45th) calendar date following the date on which Employee received this Agreement for review and consideration, it shall be automatically withdrawn by the Company without further notice or action by the Company, and this Agreement shall not be effective or enforceable.
- 12. Revocation. It is expressly agreed that for seven (7) days following execution of this Agreement by Employee, Employee may revoke this Agreement by contacting Nancy K. Jagielski in writing at <u>nancy. jagielski@conduent.com</u> or 1702 N. Collins Blvd, Suite

Separation Agreement And General Release/J. Michael Peffer

Initials:

PAGE4

260, Richardson, Texas 75080. It is further expressly agreed by the parties that this Agreement shall not become effective or enforceable until the seven (7) day revocation period described above has expired, after which time this Agreement shall be deemed effective and enforceable.

PLEASE READ CAREFULLY THIS AGREEMENT INCLUDES A RELEASE OF ALL KNOWN AND UNKNOWN CLAIMS

/S/ J. MICHAEL PEFFER J. Michael Peffer November 5, 2019

Separation Agreement And General Release/J. Michael Peffer

Initials:

PAGE5

May 15, 2019

Mr. Mark S. Brewer

Dear Mark:

I am pleased to offer you the position of Chief Operating Officer-Transportation, Conduent Inc. ("Conduent"), reporting to me. Your work location will be 12410 Milestone Center Drive, Germantown, MD. Your expected start date is June 10, 2019.

Annual Base Salary

Your starting base salary for this position will be paid bi-weekly, one week in arrears, at the annualized rate of \$400,000.

Annual Performance Incentive Plan

You will be eligible to participate in the Conduent Transportation Annual Performance Incentive Plan ("APIP") at an annual target level of sixty 60% of your base salary with a potential payout range of zero to two hundred percent (200%) of your target. For the 2019 calendar year, any payout under the APIP will be prorated based on the length of your employment with Conduent during 2019 and based on business and individual performance, per plan rules.

Long-Term Incentive Plan

You will be eligible to participate in Conduent's Long-Term Incentive Plan ("LTIP") with a target award of \$350,000. For your 2019 award, the grant date is estimated to be on or about June 28, 2019. This award will be split evenly between Restricted Stock Units (RSU) and Performance Stock Units (PSU).

Cash Sign-On

You will also receive a cash sign-on award of \$100,000, payable as follows:

- \$50,000 payable as soon as practicable following your 30-day anniversary with Conduent, and
- \$50,000 payable as soon as practicable following your six-month anniversary with Conduent.

You must be actively employed with Conduent on the dates these payments are made to be eligible to receive payment. If you voluntarily terminate your employment with Conduent or Conduent terminates your employment *for Cause* at any time in the twelve (12) calendar months following receipt of the initial award, you agree and understand that you will be required to pay the entire net amount of the sign-on award to Conduent at the time of your separation.

PAGE1

Mark S. Brewer May 15, 2019

Benefits

We are pleased to offer you a comprehensive benefits package, including medical, dental, vision care, disability income protection, accident insurance, and life insurance. You are eligible for coverage on your first day of employment.

You will be eligible for paid vacation totaling four weeks annually, accrued throughout the year.

You will be eligible for severance under the Executive Severance Policy. Severance benefits under this policy are equivalent to 13 weeks of your base salary, paid in a lump sum. A copy of the Executive Severance Policy is attached.

You are also covered under the Conduent Business Travel Expense Policy for Grade 12 executives. A copy of the policy is attached.

For Cause Definition

The term "for Cause" as used in this letter shall mean any one or more of the following reasons for termination: (i) your failure to follow the directions of your manager provided such directions are not inconsistent with your job duties and/or with applicable law; (ii) your performance of any act of fraud, dishonesty, misappropriation or embezzlement, or other similar willful misconduct while conducting business on behalf of Conduent or executing upon your job duties and responsibilities; (iii) your conviction of any felony or a crime involving moral turpitude (including pleading guilty or no contest to such crime or a lesser crime which results from plea bargaining); (iv) your performance becomes impaired due to alcohol or substance abuse and you refuse to seek treatment; (v) your performance of any act which injures or reasonably could be expected to injure the reputation, brand, business or business relationships of Conduent; and (vi) your violation of any Conduent policy, including, but not limited to, policies prohibiting sexual harassment, retaliation, discrimination, and violence.

Other Conditions

It is our sincere hope and belief that our relationship will be a beneficial one, however, Conduent does not offer employment on a fixed term basis. Unless otherwise prohibited by law, this letter should not be considered in any manner as a proposed contract for employment for any fixed term, as your employment will be "at will." That is, either you or Conduent can terminate this relationship at any time, with or without cause or notice. In addition, Conduent may change any term or condition of your employment at will; with or without cause or notice.

This offer of employment is contingent upon the receipt of a waver of non-competition agreements with current or prior employers, if any. This offer is also contingent upon the successful completion of a pre-employment background check (criminal, credit etc.) which will require your execution of a background screening consent. Additionally, your employment is contingent on your execution of Conduent Employee Confidentiality, Non-Solicitation and Intellectual Property Non-Compete Agreement. Lastly, you will be required to present documents necessary to complete an 1-9 Form. Human Resources will contact you to make an appointment with an 1-9 verifier prior to your scheduled start date.

This offer will remain in effect until May 20, 2019.

Mark, I am delighted you are joining the Conduent Transportation leadership team and look forward to your significant contributions and success.

PAGE2

Mark S. Brewer May 15, 2019 Sincerely,

/S/ John M. Slattery Chief Executive Officer, Transportation Conduent Inc.

November 5, 2019

/S/ MARK S. BREWER Mark S. Brewer

PAGE3

Mark S. Brewer May 15, 2019

November 5, 2019

Michael Krawitz

Dear Michael:

I am pleased to offer you the position of Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary of Conduent Incorporated ("Conduent"), reporting to Cliff Skelton, Chief Executive Officer. The expected start date is November 18, 2019, and although your personal/physical base location will be Miami Florida, your work location will normally be at corporate headquarters or other appropriate Conduent locations as needed. This offer is contingent upon the approval of Conduent's Board of Directors.

Annual Base Salary

Your starting base salary for this position will be paid bi-weekly, one week in arrears, at the annualized rate of \$450,000. Your salary will be reviewed annually, and any changes will require the approval of the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors.

Annual Performance Incentive Plan

You will be eligible to participate in the Annual Performance Incentive Plan ("APIP") for 2020 at an annual target level of 70% of base salary with a potential payout range of zero (0) to two hundred percent (200%) of your target. Your final award will be based on company and individual performance.

Executive Long-Term Incentive Plan

You will be eligible to participate in the Long-Term Incentive Plan ("LTIP") for 2020 with a target award of \$735,000 at grant date. Grants are typically made in April and, in accordance with the Conduent Incorporated Performance Incentive Plan (or any successor plan that is operative at the time), are subject to the terms and conditions approved by the Compensation Committee and set forth in individual award agreements each year.

Signing Award

You will also be eligible to receive a signing grant of \$200,000. This special award will consist exclusively of restricted stock units and be granted as soon as practicable following your start date. Subject to the terms and conditions of your award agreement, the restricted stock units will vest ratably in equal installments over a three (3) year period.

November 5, 2019 Michael Krawitz - Page 2 of 3

Benefits

We are pleased to offer you a comprehensive benefits package, including medical, dental, vision care, disability income protection, accident insurance, life insurance, and 401(k) Savings Plan. You are eligible for coverage on your first day of employment. You are also eligible to participate in the Flexible Vacation Plan.

As a Corporate Officer at Conduent, you will be eligible for financial and tax planning (up to \$15,000 per year); an annual physical exam through Conduent's preferred provider; and annual credit monitoring through Conduent's preferred provider (up to \$350 per year).

You will be eligible for severance under the Executive Severance Policy. You will be covered as a participant under the Conduent Incorporated Executive Change in Control Severance Plan, subject to the approval of the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors.

SEC Reporting Requirements

As a Corporate Officer, you will be subject to Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") reporting requirements and rules.

Other Conditions

It is our sincere hope and belief that our relationship will be a beneficial one, however, Conduent does not offer employment on a fixed term basis. Unless otherwise prohibited by law, this letter should not be considered in any manner as a proposed contract for employment for any fixed term, as your employment will be "at will." That is, either you or Conduent can terminate this relationship at any time, with or without cause or notice. In addition, Conduent may change any term or condition of your employment at will; with or without cause or notice.

You acknowledge, covenant, agree, warrant and represent that: (1) you are not a party to any contract, nor are you subject to, or bound by any commitment, restrictive covenant, or agreement, order, judgement, decree, law, statute, ordinance, rule, regulation or other restriction of any kind or character, which either would or purports to, prevent or restrict you from entering into and performing your obligations under this offer letter free of any limitations, (ii) you are free to enter into the arrangements contemplated herein, (iii) you are not subject to any agreement or obligation that would limit your ability to act on behalf of Conduent or any of its subsidiaries, and (iv) your termination of your existing employment, your entry into the employment contemplated herein and your performance of your duties in respect thereof, will not violate or conflict with any agreement or obligation to which you are subject. In particular, you will not use or disclose any information in violation of any agreement or which you are behalf of conduent or any of ismutrations, you have delivered to Conduent true and complete copies of any currently effective employment agreement, non-competitive agreement or similar agreement to which you are subject.

This offer is contingent upon the successful completion of a pre-employment background check (criminal, credit etc.) which will require your execution of a background screening consent. Additionally, your employment is contingent on your execution of Conduent Employee

November 5, 2019 Michael Krawitz - Page 3 of 3

Confidentiality, Non-Solicitation and Intellectual Property Non-Compete Agreement. Lastly, you will be required to present documents necessary to complete an 1-9 Form. Human Resources will contact you to make an appointment with an 1-9 verifier prior to your scheduled start date.

This offer will remain in effect until November 11, 2019. Please notify me of your acceptance and ensure that all requirements are met before we finalize your start). All originals should be returned to me and if you have any questions, please feel free to contact me at (973) 526-7151.

Michael, I am delighted you are joining the Conduent leadership team. I look forward to your significant contributions and success.

Sincerely,

/S/ JEFFREY FRIEDEL Chief People Officer Conduent Inc.

November 5, 2019

/S/ MICHAEL KRAWITZ Michael Krawitz

SEPARATION AGREEMENT AND GENERAL RELEASE

This Separation Agreement and General Release (this "Agreement") is entered into by and among Conduent Business Services, LLC, its parent, subsidiaries, subdivisions and affiliates, (collectively, "Conduent" or "Company"), and Jeffrey Friedel ("Employee").

Introduction. The Company and Employee have agreed on the terms of the separation of Employee's employment with the Company including payment of salary and benefits as described below through July 24, 2020 ("Salary and Benefits Continuation End Date"). Employee's last day of active employment ("Last Day of Active Employment") is January 10, 2020 and his termination will be effective as of January 24, 2020. It is agreed and understood between the parties that Employee will no longer report to work or be required to perform any of his regular job duties and responsibilities after his Last Day of Active Employment, provided however, Employee will make himself available during normal business hours through January 24, 2020 to address questions, provide guidance on pending matters and take such other actions as may be reasonably necessary to help ensure a smooth transition. In consideration of the mutual promises contained in this Agreement, the Company and Employee agree as follows:

1. Salary Continuation. Employee will receive salary continuation commencing on January 25, 2020 at the same bi-weekly salary rate and continuing through and including his Salary and Benefit Continuation End Date. The Company shall withhold from such payments all applicable payroll taxes and other authorized deductions. The payments to be made under this Agreement shall be deemed to be wages in lieu of notice during the applicable benefit year in the event that the Employee files a claim for unemployment benefits. Employee understands that the Company will not make any payments until all Company property in the Employee's possession or control is returned to the Company.

2. Benefits Continuation. Employee will receive benefits, subject to and conditioned upon Employee's continued premium contributions, that were in effect for the Employee on his Last Day of Active Employment through and including his Salary and Benefits Continuation End Date OTHER THAN: Short-term Disability, Long-term Disability, and 40l(k) Savings Plan. Employee further agrees and acknowledges that after his Last Day of Active Employment, he will no longer be eligible for any executive perquisites.

3. Equity and 2019 Bonus. The vesting of Employee's equity awards (including restricted stock units and performance share awards) shall be determined in accordance with the terms and conditions of the applicable equity plan documents. In the event of a conflict or discrepancy between this Agreement and any equity plan document, the applicable equity plan document shall control. Employee understands and acknowledges that the vesting of his equity awards is contingent upon Employee's execution and non revocation of this Agreement containing a full release of all claims. Employee and Company agree that the reason for Employee's separation is not for Cause (as defined in the applicable equity plan documents) and that Employee will not vest in any awards while receiving salary and benefits continuation. Notwithstanding any provision to the

Separation Agreement and General Release/Jeffrey Friedel

Initials:

PAGE1

PAGE2

contrary in the 2019 Annual Performance Incentive Plan, Employee agrees and acknowledges that he will not be eligible to receive or be paid any bonus for 2019.

4. **Confidentiality.** Employee shall keep confidential all confidential or proprietary information known to his concerning any matters affecting or relating to the business, operations, and financial affairs of the Company which are of a special or unique nature, regardless of whether any such information is labeled or otherwise treated as confidential, material, or important. The contents of this Agreement shall not be disclosed, released or communicated by Employee to any person, other than Employee's spouse, tax advisor or legal counsel, and to the extent necessary to enforce any of the terms of this Agreement.

Release and Covenant Not to Sue. As a material inducement to the Company to enter into this Agreement, Employee hereby irrevocably and unconditionally releases, 5 acquits and forever discharges and covenants not to sue the Company and each of the Company's owners, stockholders, predecessors, successors, assigns, agents, directors, officers, employees, representatives, attorneys, divisions, subsidiaries, affiliates (and agents, directors, officers, employees, representatives and attorneys of such divisions, subsidiaries and affiliates) and all persons acting by, through, under or in concert with any of them (collectively "Releases"), or any of them, from any and all charges, complaints, claims, liabilities, obligations, promises, agreements, controversies, damages, actions, causes of action, suits, rights, demands, costs, losses, debts and expenses (including attorneys' fees and costs actually incurred) of any nature whatsoever, known or unknown ("Claim" or "Claims"), which Employee now has, owns, or holds or which Employee at any time previously had, owned or held against each of the Releases, including, but not limited to, (a) all Claims of Age Discrimination under the Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967 or any similar state statute; (b) all Claims under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974; (c) all employment or discrimination Claims under the statutes of the State of New Jersey or any other state; (d) all Claims of unlawful discrimination based on age, sex, race, religion, national origin, handicap, disability, equal pay or any other basis; (e) all Claims of wrongful discharge, retaliation, breach of any implied or express employment contract, negligent or intentional infliction of emotional distress, libel, defamation, breach of privacy, fraud, and breach of any implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing; and (t) all Claims related to Employee's employment with the Company, including but not limited to all Claims related to unpaid wages, salary, overtime compensation, bonuses, commissions, severance pay, supplemental unemployment benefit pay, vacation pay, or other compensation or benefits arising out of Employee's employment with the Company. Employee covenants and agrees not to bring any judicial action or action under the Conduent Dispute Resolution Plan (the "Plan") against any of the Releases with respect to any such Claim or Claims and warrants that no such Claim or Claims have been filed. By signing this Agreement, however, Employee is not waiving any rights or claims arising after the date on which reporting possible violations of a federal or state law or regulation to any governmental agency or entity, or participating in any proceedings or investigations with the federal, state or local government agency or entity responsible for enforcing such laws. Employee is not required to notify the Company that he has made such reports or disclosures.

Separation Agreement and General Release/Jeffrey Friedel

Initials:

PAGE3

6. No Admission. This Agreement shall not in any way be construed as an admission by the Company of any illegal act whatsoever against Employee or any other person, and the Company specifically disclaims any liability to Employee or any other person, on the part of itself, its employees, or its agents.

7. No rehire. Employee acknowledges and understands that for a period of six months following his Termination Date, he is not eligible to be rehired by the Company as an employee or retained as a contractor or consultant.

8. **Cooperation in Legal Matters.** Employee agrees that he will assist and cooperate with the Company in connection with: a) the defense or prosecution of any claim that was asserted against, or by, the Company while Employee was employed with Company; b) any ongoing or future investigation, or any dispute or claim of any kind involving the Company, including any proceeding before any arbitral, administrative, judicial, legislative, or other body or agency, the facts of which arose during Employee's employment with Company; and c) any requests made by the Company related to Employee's duties and work product while employed by the Company, including preparing for and testifying honestly in any proceeding to the extent that such claims, investigations or proceedings relate to services performed or required to be performed by Employee, pertinent knowledge possessed by Employee, or any act or omission by Employee. Employee understands that cooperation as described in this paragraph means voluntary participation in all stages of adversarial proceedings, investigations, and the like, and includes testifying where requested by Company. Employee further agrees to execute and deliver any documents that may be reasonably necessary to carry out the provisions of this Paragraph.

9. Representations of Employee. Employee represents and agrees (a) that he was advised by the Company in writing by this Agreement to consult with an attorney of his choice prior to signing this Agreement; (b) that the Company has afforded Employee no less than twenty-one (21) days to consider whether to execute this Agreement, and during that time Employee has had this Agreement in his possession; (c) that Employee has taken full advantage of this 21-day consideration period or has purposely waived his right to do so; (d) that Employee has consulted or has had sufficient opportunity to discuss with any person, including an attorney of his choice, all provisions of this Agreement, that Employee has carefully read and understands it, that Employee is competent to execute this Agreement, and that Employee is entering into this Agreement knowingly and voluntarily without reliance upon any statement or representation of any person or parties released, or their representatives, concerning the nature and extent of the damages and/or legal liability therefore; (e) that Employee has not assigned or transferred, or proposed to assign or transfer, to any person or entity, any Claim or any portion thereof or interest therein; (f) that the compensation and/or benefits provided to Employee pursuant to this Agreement exceeds any compensation and/or benefits to which Employee may be entitled; and (g) that in executing this Agreement, Employee does not rely and has not relied upon any representation or statement made by any of the Releases or by any of the Releases' agents, representatives or attorneys with regard to

Separation Agreement and General Release/Jeffrey Friedel

Initials:

the subject matter, basis or effect of this Agreement or otherwise. Employee shall indemnify and hold each and all of the Releases harmless from and against any and all loss, cost, damage, or expense, including, without limitation, attorneys' fees, incurred by Releases, or any of them, arising out of any breach of this Agreement by Employee or the fact that any representation made by Employee was false when made.

10. **Miscellaneous.** It is the parties' intention that all provisions of this Agreement be enforced to the fullest extent permitted by law. If, however, any provision of this Agreement is held to be illegal or unenforceable, such provision shall be severable and the remaining provisions of this Agreement shall remain in full force and effect. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New Jersey. This Agreement contains the entire understanding and agreement between the Company and Employee with respect to the subject matter of this Agreement and supersedes all prior oral or written agreements between the parties with respect to that subject matter. However, this Agreement supplements, rather than supersedes, any of Employee's duties regarding non-competition, non-solicitation, confidentiality and trade secrets under law or contract. Any action regarding the enforceability of this Agreement or any other cause of action relating to or arising under this Agreement shall be subject to the Plan.

11. Withdrawal of Offer. Employee understands that if he has not signed this Agreement on or before the forty-fifth (45th) calendar date following the date on which Employee received this Agreement for review and consideration, it shall be automatically withdrawn by the Company without further notice or action by the Company, and this Agreement shall not be effective or enforceable.

12. **Revocation**. It is expressly agreed that for seven (7) days following execution of this Agreement by Employee, Employee may revoke this Agreement by contacting Nancy K. Jagielski in writing at <u>nancy_jagielski@conduent.com</u> or 1702 N. Collins Blvd, Suite 260, Richardson, Texas 75080. It is further expressly agreed by the parties that this Agreement shall not become effective or enforceable until the seven (7) day revocation period described above has expired, after which time this Agreement shall be deemed effective and enforceable.

PLEASE READ CAREFULLY. THIS AGREEMENT INCLUDES A RELEASE ALL KNOWN AND UNKNOWN CLAIMS.

/S/ JEFFREY FRIEDEL Jeffrey Friedel January 13, 2020

Separation Agreement and General Release/Jeffrey Friedel

Initials:

PAGE4

SUBSIDIARIES OF CONDUENT INCORPORATED

The following companies are subsidiaries of Conduent Incorporated as of December 31, 2019. Unless otherwise noted, a subsidiary is a company in which Conduent Incorporated or a subsidiary of Conduent Incorporated holds 50% or more of the voting stock. The names of other subsidiaries have been omitted as they would not, if considered in the aggregate as a single subsidiary, constitute a significant subsidiary:

Name of Subsidiary	Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization
Conduent Care Management, Inc.	Arizona
Conduent Healthy Communities Corporation	California
Conduent Asset Management Group, LLC	Delaware
Conduent BPO Services, LLC	Delaware
Conduent Workers Compensation Holdings, Inc.	Delaware
Conduent Defense, LLC	Delaware
Conduent EDI Solutions, Inc.	Delaware
Conduent Education Loan Services LLC	Delaware
Conduent Global, Inc.	Delaware
Conduent Health Administration, Inc.	Delaware
Conduent Human Resources Services, LLC	Delaware
Conduent Lending, Inc.	Delaware
Conduent Medical Claims Management Solutions, LLC	Delaware
Conduent Middle East, Inc.	Delaware
Conduent TradeOne Marketing, Inc.	Delaware
Conduent Securities LLC	Delaware
Conduent Care Solutions, LLC	Delaware
Conduent Card Service LLC	Delaware
Conduent Finance, Inc.	Delaware
Conduent Education Industry Services, LLC	Delaware
Conduent Payment Integrity Solutions, Inc	Delaware
Conduent Public Health Solutions, Inc.	Delaware
Conduent ParkIndy, LLC	Delaware
Conduent Health Assessments, LLC	Delaware
The National Abandoned Property Processing Corporation	Delaware
Conduent Business Services, LLC	Delaware
Conduent Education Services, LLC	Delaware
Conduent Education Solutions, LLC	Delaware
Conduent European Funding LLC	Delaware
Conduent Export LLC	Delaware
Conduent Federal Solutions, LLC	Delaware
Conduent Mortgage Services, Inc.	Delaware
Conduent Credit Balance Solutions, LLC	Delaware
Conduent State Healthcare, LLC	Delaware
Conduent Healthcare Knowledge Solutions LLC	Florida
Conduent Transport Solutions, Inc.	Georgia
Conduent Wireless Data Services (Operations) Inc.	Idaho
Conduent Human Services, LLC	Indiana
Conduent Healthcare Information Services, Inc.	Indiana
Conduent Image Solutions, Inc.	Louisiana

Conduent Commercial Solutions, LLC	Nevada
Conduent Patient Access Solutions, LLC	New Jersey
Conduent Compliance & Risk Consulting Corporation	New York
Conduent State & Local Solutions, Inc.	New York
Conduent Performance Improvement Solutions, Inc.	Oregon
Conduent Customer Care Solutions, Inc.	Oregon
Conduent HR Services, LLC	Pennsylvania
	-
Conduent Healthcare Data Management, Inc.	Tennessee Texas
Conduent Securities Services, Inc. ACS Welfare Benefit Trust	Texas
Conduent Legal & Compliance Solutions, LLC	Texas
Mercury Fund II, Ltd.	Texas
Conduent Business Process Optimization Services, Inc.	Texas
Conduent WDS Global—Texas, Inc.	Texas
Conduent Heritage, LLC	Virginia
Conduent Learning Services, Inc.	Washington
Conduent Wireless Data Services North America Inc.	Washington
Conduent Care and Quality Solutions, Inc.	Wisconsin
Eagle Connect Sh.p.k.	Albania
Voice Star Sh.p.k.	Albania
Consilience Software Australasia Pty Ltd	Australia
Conduent Business Services (Australasia) PTY. LTD.	Australia
Wireless Data Services PTY Limited	Australia
Affiliated Computer Services Austria GmbH	Austria
Affiliated Computer Services International (Barbados) Limited	Barbados
Conduent (Belgium)	Belgium
ACS Transportation Services Participacoes Ltda	Brazil
Conduent Servicos de Terceirizacao de Processos de Negocios Ltda.	Brazil
Conduent Consultoria e Servicos de Recursos Humanos Ltda	Brazil
Conduent do Brasil Servicos de Call Center Ltda.	Brazil
Conduent Business Services Canada, Inc./Services D'affaires Conduent Canada Inc.	Canada
ACS Road Technology Services (Beijing) Co. Ltd.	China
Affiliated Computer Services (Tianjin) Co., Ltd.	China
ML Colombia S.A.	Colombia
Conduent Czech Republic s.r.o.	Czech Republic
Affiliated Computer Services (Fiji) Limited	Fiji
Conduent Business Process Solutions (France) SAS	France
Conduent Business Solutions (France) SAS	France
Affiliated Computer Services of Germany GmbH	Germany
ACS Holdings (Germany) GmbH	Germany
Invoco Holding GmbH	Germany
Invoco Business Solutions GmbH	Germany
Invoco Communication Center GmbH	Germany
Invoco Customer Service GmbH	Germany
	Connary

Invoco Markeling & Verties GramtGermanyInvoco Mutaniesias GramtHGermanyInvoco Mutaniesias GramtHGermanyInvoco Savies Center GramtHGermanyInvoco Savies & Salas GramtHGermanyInvoco Technical Service Center GramtHGermanyInvoco Technical Service Center GramtHGermanyInvoco Technical Service GramtHGermanyInvoco Technical Service GramtHGermanyACS EPS (Ghana) LinitedGermanyConduct Business Services de Guatemala, Sociedad AnonimaGuatemalaACS EPS (Ghana) LinitedHong KongConduct Business Solutions (Fong Kong) LinitedHong KongConduct Business Solutions (Fong Kong) LinitedIndiaConduct Business Solutions (Fong Kong) LinitedIndiaConduct Business Solutions (Fong Kong) LinitedIndiaConduct Business Solutions (Fong Kong) LinitedJamaicaConduct Business Solutions (Fong Kong) LinitedMataConduct Business Solutions (Fong Kong) LinitedMata<	Invoco Helpline GmbH	Germany
Invoco Multimotia GmbHGermanyInvoco Sales GmbHGermanyInvoco Sales GmbHGermanyInvoco Sales GmbHGermanyInvoco Sales GmbHGermanyInvoco Technical Service GmbHGermanyInvoco Technical Service GmbHGermanyCondumt Business Services do Guatemala, Sociedad AnonimaGuatemalaCondumt Business Services do Guatemala, Sociedad AnonimaGuatemalaCondumt Business Services do Guatemala, Sociedad AnonimaGuatemalaCondumt Business Services do Guatemala, Sociedad AnonimaHong KongCondumt Business Services do Guatemala, Sociedad AnonimaGuatemalaCondumt Business Services do Guatemala, Sociedad AnonimaHong KongCondumt Business Services do Guatemala, Sociedad AnonimaGuatemalaCondumt Business Services do Guatemala, Sociedad AnonimaItalyCondumt Business Services do Guatemala, Sociedad AnonimaItalyCondumt Business Services do Guatemala, Sp.A.ItalyCondumt Business Solutions Italia, Sp.A.JamaicaCondumt Business Solutions (Inmied)JamaicaCondumt Business Solutions (Inmied)JamaicaCondumt Business Solutions (Inmied)JamaicaCondumt Solutions (Inmied)JamaicaCondumt Solutions (Inmied)JamaicaCondumt Solutions (Inmied)MelasiaCondumt Solutions (Inmied)MelasiaCondumt Solutions (Inmied)MelasiaCondumt Solutions (Inmied)MelasiaCondumt Solutions (Inmied)MelasiaCondumt Solutions (Inmied)Melasia <td></td> <td></td>		
Invox Subias GmbHGermanyInvoxos Subas GmbHGermanyInvoxos Sales GmbHGermanyInvoxos Services & Sales GmbHGermanyInvoxos Technas Services GmbHGermanyACS-BFS (Shana) LimitedGermanyACS-BFS (Shana) LimitedGermanyConduct Business Services Gubatenala, Sociedad AnonimaGuatenalaACS Inis Solutions Hong Kong LimitedHong KongConduct Business Services India LIPIndiaConduct Business Services India LIPIndiaConduct Business Services India LIPIalyConduct Business Services India LIPIalyConduct Business Services India LIP, Sociedad AnonimaJamaicaConduct Business Services India Sp. A.IalyConduct Business Services India Sp. A.IalyConduct Business Services India Sp. A.IalyConduct Business Services India Sp. A.IanaicaConduct Business Services Malaysia Sch. B.JamaicaConduct Business Services Malaysia Sch. B.H.JamaicaConduct Business Services Malaysia Sch. B.H.JamaicaConduct Business Services Malaysia Sch. B.H.MalaysiaConduct Business Services Malaysia Sch. B.H.Mal		-
Invoco Service Carler GmbHGermanyInvoco Service Carler GmbHGermanyInvoco Service Sales GmbHGermanyInvoco Technical Service GmbHGermanyConduent Business Services de Guatemala, Sociedad AnoninaGuatemalaCACS Hars Schlans LimitedHong KongConduent Business Services Indi LIPHong KongConduent Business Services Indi LIPIndiaConduent Business Services Indi S.I.I.ItalyConduent Business Services Indi S.I.I.ItalyConduent Business Services Indi S.I.I.JamaicaConduent Business Services Malysia, S.A.JamaicaConduent Business Services Malysia, S.A.JamaicaConduent Business Services Malysia, S.A.JamaicaConduent Business Services Malysia, S.A.MalysiaConduent Business Services Malysia, S.A. B.A.MalysiaConduent Business Services Malysia, S.B.B.A.MalysiaConduent Business Services Malysia, S.B.B.A.MaltaConduent Business Services Malysia, S.B.B.A.MaltaConduent Business Services Malysia, S.B.C.PeruCondue		
Invoco Service Center GmbHGermanyInvoco Services & Sales GmbHGermanyInvoco Technical Service GmbHGermanyInvoco Technical Service GmbHGermanyACS-BPS (Ghana) LimitedGuatemalaConduent Business Services de Guatemala, Sociedad AnonimaGuatemalaACS Jens Solutions (Hong Kong) LimitedHong KongConduent Business Solutions (Hong Kong) LimitedHong KongConduent Business Solutions (Hong Kong) LimitedItalaConduent Business Solutions (Hong Kong) LimitedItalaConduent Business Solutions (Hong Kong) LimitedItalyConduent Business Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedJamaicaConduent Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedJamaicaConduent Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedJamaicaConduent Business Solutions Itala, S.p.A.LixermbourgConduent Business Solutions Itala, S.p.A.JamaicaConduent Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedJamaicaConduent Business Solutions Itala, S.p.A.LixermbourgConduent Business Solutions Itala, S.p.A.MalaysiaConduent Business Solutions Itala, S.p.A.MalaysiaConduent Business Solutions Itala, S.p.A.MalaysiaConduent Business Services Malaysia Son. Bhd.MalaysiaConduent Business Services Malaysia Son. Bhd.MalaysiaCondue		-
Invoco Services & Sales GmbHGermanyInvoco Technical Service GmbHGermanyACS-BPS (Ghana) LimitedGhanaConduent Business Services de Guatemala, Sociedad AnonimaGuatemalaACS China Solutions Hong Kong LimitedHong KongConduent Business Services India LIPHong KongConduent Business Services India LIPIndiaConduent Teland LimitedItalyConduent Teland LimitedItalyConduent Business Services India LIPItalyConduent Business Services India S.J.A.ItalyConduent Business Services India S.J.A.ItalyConduent Business Services India S.J.A.ItalyConduent Business Services Holdings (Livembourg) S.A.R.LLivembourgConduent Jamaica LimitedJamaicaUnited Call Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedJamaicaConduent Business Services Holdings (Livembourg) S.A.R.LLivembourgConduent Business Services Holdings (Livembourg) S.A.R.LLivembourgConduent Business Services International B.V.MalaysiaConduent Business Services International B.V.MexicoConduent Business Services International B.V.MexicoConduent Holine Holdings B.V.NetherlandsCustomer Holpine Holding B.V.NetherlandsUnamic Holpine Holding B.V.NetherlandsCustomer Holpine Holding B.V.NetherlandsUnamic Holpine Holding B.V.NetherlandsUnamic Holpine Holding B.V.NetherlandsConduent Business Services Philippines, Inc.PeruConduent Business Services Philippin		-
Invoor Dechnical Services GmbHGermanyACS-BPS (Ghana) LimitedGualemalaConduent Business Services de Gualemala, Sociedad AnonimaGualemalaACS China Solutions Hong Kong LimitedHong KongConduent Business Services India LLPIndiaConduent Business Services India LLPIndiaConduent Business Services India LLPIndiaConduent Business Services India LLPIndiaConduent Business Services India LLPItalyNuova Karel Soluzion S.1.1 unpersonaleItalyConduent Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedJamaicaConduent Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedJamaicaConduent Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedJamaicaConduent Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedJamaicaUnited Call Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedMalaysiaARE Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedMalaysiaARE Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedMalaysiaConduent Business Services Holdings (Lucembourg) S.A.R.LWendorConduent Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedMalaysiaARE LIMIEDMelandsConduent Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedMalaysiaARE Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedMalaysiaConduent Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedMalaysiaConduen		
ACS BPS (Ghana) Limited Ghana Conduent Business Services de Guatemala, Sociedad Anonima Guatemala ACS China Solutions (Hong Kong) Limited Hong Kong Conduent Business Services India LLP India Conduent Business Services India LLP Italy Conduent Business Services Meany Services		
Conduent Busines's Services de Guatemala, Sociedad AnonimaGuatemalaACS China Solutions Hong Kong LimitedHong KongConduent Business Solutions (Hong Kong) LimitedHong KongConduent Business Solutions (Hong Kong) LimitedIrelandConduent Business Solutions (Hong Kong) LimitedIrelandConduent Business Solutions (Int. ImpersonaleItalyNuva Karel Solutions Italia, S.p.A.ItalyConduent Solutions (Inanica) LimitedJamaicaConduent Solutions (Inanica) LimitedJamaicaConduent Solutions (Inanica) LimitedJamaicaConduent Solutions (Inanica) LimitedJamaicaConduent Solutions (Inanica) LimitedMalayiaConduent Solutions (Inanica) LimitedMalayiaConduent Solutions (Inanica) LimitedMalayiaConduent Solutions (Intermational B.V.MalayiaConduent Solutions (Intermational B.V.MexicoConduent Solutions (Intermational B.V.MexicoConduent Solutions Holdings B.V.NetherlandsContinuum Global Solutions Holdings B.V.NetherlandsCustomer Heipline Holdings (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsConduent Business Services (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsConduent Business Services (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsConduent Business Services Politips Inc.PeruConduent Business Services Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsConduent Solutions Politips B.V.NetherlandsConduent Business Services Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsConduent Business Services Netherlands) B.V.Netherlands <td></td> <td>•</td>		•
ACS China Solutions (Hong Kong LimitedHong KongConduent Business Solutions (Hong Kong) LimitedIndiaConduent Ireland LimitedIrelandConduent Ireland LimitedIralyConduent Business Services Italy S.I.1ItalyNuova Karel Solutions (Jamiacia) LimitedJamaicaConduent Business Services Italy S.I.1JamaicaConduent Business Services Italy S.I.1JamaicaConduent Business Services Italy S.I.1JamaicaConduent Jamaica LimitedJamaicaUnited Call Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedJamaicaConduent Sultions (Jamaica) Solutions (Jamaica) Solutions (Jamaica)JamaicaConduent Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedJamaicaConduent Business Services Malaysia Solu. Bhd.MalaysiaConduent Business Services Malaysia Solu. Bhd.MalaysiaConduent Solutions de Mexico, S.A. de C.V.MexicoConduent Solutions de Mexico, S. de R.L. de C.V.MexicoConduent Solutions de Mexico, S. de R.L. de C.V.MexicoConduent Solutions de Mexico, S. de R.L. de C.V.MetherlandsConduent Solutions de Mexico, S. de R.L. de C.V.MetherlandsConduent Solutions de Mexico, S. de R.L. de C.V.Metherlands <t< td=""><td></td><td></td></t<>		
Conduent Business Solutions (Hong Kong) LimitedHong KongConduent Business Solutions Ital LPIndiaConduent Business Solutions Ital S.I.I.ItalyNuova Karel Soluzioni S.I.I. unipersonaleItalyConduent Solutions Italia, S.p.A.ItalyConduent Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedJamaicaConduent Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedJamaicaUnited Call Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedJamaicaUnited Call Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedJamaicaUnited Call Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedJamaicaConduent Business Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedMalaysiaConduent Business Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedMalaysiaConduent Business Services Holdings (Luxembourg) S.A.R.L.LuxembourgConduent Business Services Malaysia Sdn. Bhd.MalaysiaConduent Business Services International B.V.MexicoConduent Business Services International B.V.MexicoConduent Busines Bervices International B.V.NetherlandsContinuum Global Soutions Holdings B.V.NetherlandsCustomer Helpine Holdings R.V.NetherlandsCustomer Helpine Holdings B.V.NetherlandsUnamic Holdings B.V.NetherlandsConduent Business Services (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsConduent Business Services (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsUnamic Holdings B.V.NetherlandsConduent Business Services (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsConduent Business Services Philpines, Inc.PeruConduent Business Services Philpines, Inc.PelandConduent Busin		Hong Kong
Conduert Business Services India LLP India Conduert Ireland Limited Ireland Conduent Ireland Limited Ireland Conduent Ireland Services Italy S.r.I. Italy Nuova Karel Soluzioni S.r.I. unipersonale Italy Conduent Jamaica Limited Jamaica Conduent Jamaica Limited Jamaica United Call Solutions (Jamaica) Limited Jamaica Conduent Jamaica Limited Jamaica United Call Solutions (Jamaica) Limited Jamaica Conduent Business Services Malaysia Sdn. Bhd. Malaysia ACS Malta Limited Mala Conduent de Mexico, S. A. de C.V. Mexico Conduent Solutions de Mexico, S. de R.L. de C.V. Mexico Affiliated Computer Services International B.V. Netherlands Conduent Solutions de Mexico, S. de R.L. de C.V. Mexico Affiliated Computer Services International B.V. Netherlands Conduent Solutions de Mexico, S. de R.L. de C.V. Mexico Minawe Groep B.V. Netherlands Unamic Helline Holdings B.V. Netherlands Unamic Helling B.V. Netherlands Una		
Conduent Business Services Italy S.r.l.ItalyNuoxa Karel Soluzioni S.r.l. unipersonaleItalyConduent Business Solutions Italia, S.p.A.ItalyConduent Jamaica LimitedJamaicaConduent Jamaica LimitedJamaicaOntlet Call Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedJamaicaAffiliated Computer Services Holdings (Luxembourg) S.A.R.L.LuxembourgConduent Business Services Malaysia Sdn. Bhd.MalaysiaACS Mata LimitedMalaysiaConduent Generation S.A. de C.V.MexicoConduent Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedMataConduent Solutions S. A. de C.V.MexicoConduent Solutions Holdings B.V.NetherlandsConduent Solutions Holdings B.V.NetherlandsContoure Helpine Holdings (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsCustomer Helpine Holding S.V.NetherlandsUnamic/HCN B.V.NetherlandsConduent Business Services (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsUnamic/HCN B.V.NetherlandsConduent Business Services (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsConduent Business Services (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsConduent Business Services Netherlands) B.V.Netherland		
Nuova Karel Soluzion S.r.l. unipersonaleItalyConduent Solutions (tania, S.p.A.ItalyConduent Solutions (tania, S.p.A.JamaicaConduent Jamaica LimitedJamaicaConduent Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedJamaicaConduent Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedJamaicaConduent Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedLuxembourgConduent Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedMalaysiaConduent Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedMalaysiaConduent Business Services Malaysia Sdn. Bhd.MalaysiaConduent Business Services Malaysia Sdn. Bhd.MexicoConduent Goutions A de C.V.MexicoConduent Goutions Holdings B.V.MexicoContinuum Global Solutions Holdings B.V.NetherlandsContinuum Global Solutions Holdings N.NetherlandsUnamic Holdings (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsUnamic Holding B.V.NetherlandsConduent Business Services (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsMarket Line Peru S.A.C.PeruConduent Business Services Philippines, Inc.PilippinesConduent Business Services Orloand S.p.z.o.PolandACS Solutions Pluta S.p. Z.o.PolandConduent Business Services Romania S	Conduent Ireland Limited	Ireland
Nuova Karel Soluzion S.r.l. unipersonaleItalyConduent Solutions (tania, S.p.A.ItalyConduent Solutions (tania, S.p.A.JamaicaConduent Jamaica LimitedJamaicaConduent Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedJamaicaConduent Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedJamaicaConduent Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedLuxembourgConduent Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedMalaysiaConduent Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedMalaysiaConduent Business Services Malaysia Sdn. Bhd.MalaysiaConduent Business Services Malaysia Sdn. Bhd.MexicoConduent Goutions A de C.V.MexicoConduent Goutions Holdings B.V.MexicoContinuum Global Solutions Holdings B.V.NetherlandsContinuum Global Solutions Holdings N.NetherlandsUnamic Holdings (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsUnamic Holding B.V.NetherlandsConduent Business Services (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsMarket Line Peru S.A.C.PeruConduent Business Services Philippines, Inc.PilippinesConduent Business Services Orloand S.p.z.o.PolandACS Solutions Pluta S.p. Z.o.PolandConduent Business Services Romania S	Conduent Business Services Italy S.r.I.	Italy
Conduent Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedJamaicaConduent Jamaica LimitedJamaicaUnied Call Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedJamaicaAffiliated Computer Services Holdings (Luxembourg) S.A.R.L.LuxembourgConduent Business Services Malaysia Sdn. Bhd.MalaysiaACS Malta LimitedMalaysiaConduent Business Services Malaysia Sdn. Bhd.MexicoConduent Business Services Malaysia Sdn. Bhd.MexicoConduent Business Services International B.V.MexicoConduent Solutions (Jourdent Services International B.V.MetherlandsContinuur Global Solutions Holdings IV.NetherlandsCustomer Helpline Holdings (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsCustomer Helpline Holdings (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsUnamic Holding S.V.NetherlandsUnamic Holding B.V.NetherlandsUnamic Holdings N.V.NetherlandsUnamic Holdings N.V.NetherlandsConduent Business Services (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsConduent Business Services (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsConduent Business Services Philippines, Inc.PeruConduent Business Services Philippines, Inc.PeruConduent Business Services Philippines, Inc.PolandACS Solutions Philippines, Inc.PolandConduent Business Services of Poland Sp. z.o.PolandAffiliated Computer Services of Poland Sp. z.o.PolandACS Solutions Philippines, Inc.PolandConduent Business Solutions of Puerto Rico, Inc.Puerto RicoConduent Business Services Monania S		
Conduent Jamaica LimitedJamaicaUnied Call Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedJamaicaAffiliated Computer Services Holdings (Luxembourg) S.A.R.L.LuxembourgConduent Business Services Malaysia Sdn. Bhd.MalaysiaACS Malta LimitedMaltaConduent de Mexico, S.A. de C.V.MexicoConduent de Mexico, S.A. de C.V.MexicoConduent Solutions de Mexico, S. de R.L. de C.V.MexicoAffiliated Computer Services International B.V.NetherlandsContinuum Global Solutions Holdings R.V.NetherlandsCustomer Helpline Holdings (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsUnamic/HCN B.V.NetherlandsUnamic/HCN B.V.NetherlandsConduent Business Services (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsConduent Business Services Philippines, Inc.PeruConduent Business Services Philippines, Inc.PhilippinesConduent Business Services of Poland Sp. z.o.o.PolandACS Solutions Philippines, Inc.PolandConduent Business Services Romania S.r.I.Puerto RicoConduent Business Services Romania S.r.I.RomaniaConduent Business Services Romania S.r.I.RomaniaConduent Business Services (Naia Pacific) PTE Ltd.SingaporeConduent Curope (Kia Pacific) PTE Ltd.SingaporeConduen	Conduent Business Solutions Italia, S.p.A.	Italy
United Call Solutions (Jamaica) LimitedJamaicaAffiliated Computer Services Holdings (Luxembourg) S.A.R.L.LuxembourgConduent Business Services Malaysia Sdn. Bhd.MalaysiaACS Mata LimitedMataConduent Ge Mexico, S.A. de C.V.MexicoConduent Solutions de Mexico, S. de R.L. de C.V.MexicoAffiliated Computer Services International B.V.NetherlandsContinuum Global Solutions Holdings B.V.NetherlandsCustomer Helpline Holdings (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsUnamic Holding B.V.NetherlandsUnamic Holding B.V.NetherlandsUnamic Holding B.V.NetherlandsUnamic Holding B.V.NetherlandsConduent Business Services (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsConduent Business Services (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsConduent Business Services (Netherlands) B.V.PeruACS Solutions Peru S.A.PeruConduent Business Services (Netherlands) B.V.PeruACS Solutions Peru S.A.PeruConduent Business Services Philippines, Inc.PilippinesACS Solutions Poland Sp. Z.o.PolandACS Solutions Poland Sp. Z.o.PolandACS Solutions Poland Sp. Z.o.Puerto RicoConduent Business Services Romania S.r.I.RomaniaConduent Business Services Romania S.r.I.RomaniaConduent Business Services (Asin Pacific) PTE Ltd.SingaporeConduent Business Services (Asin Pacific) PTE Ltd.SingaporeConduent Rusiness Services (Asia Pacific) PTE Ltd.South Africa <td>Conduent Solutions (Jamaica) Limited</td> <td>Jamaica</td>	Conduent Solutions (Jamaica) Limited	Jamaica
Affiliated Computer Services Holdings (Luxembourg) S.A.R.L.LuxembourgConduent Business Services Malaysia Sdn. Bhd.MalaysiaACS Malta LimitedMaltaConduent de Mexico, S.A. de C.V.MexicoConduent Solutions de Mexico, S. de R.L. de C.V.MexicoAffiliated Computer Services International B.V.NetherlandsContinuum Global Solutions Holdings R.V.NetherlandsCustomer Helpine Holdings (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsUnamic Holding R.V.NetherlandsUnamic Holding B.V.NetherlandsUnamic Holding B.V.NetherlandsUnamic Holding B.V.NetherlandsConduent Business Services (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsConduent Business Services Philippines, Inc.PeruACS Solutions Pent S.A.PeruConduent Business Services Philippines, Inc.PhilippinesConduent Business Solutions of Puerto Rico, Inc.Puerto RicoConduent Business Solutions of Puerto Rico, Inc.Puerto RicoConduent Business Services Romania S.r.I.RomaniaConduent Eusiness Services Manai S.r.I.RomaniaConduent Eusiness Services Manai S.r.I.RomaniaConduent Eusiness Services Manai S.r.I.South ArricaConduent Europe Finance Limited PartnershipSocitandWireless Da	Conduent Jamaica Limited	Jamaica
Conduent Business Services Malaysia Sdn. Bhd.MalaysiaACS Malta LimitedMaltaConduent de Mexico, S.A. de C.V.MexicoConduent Solutions de Mexico, S. de R.L. de C.V.MexicoAffiliated Computer Services International B.V.NetherlandsContnuum Global Solutions Holdings B.V.NetherlandsCustomer Helpline Holdings (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsUnamic Holding S.V.NetherlandsUnamic Holding B.V.NetherlandsConduent Business Services (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsUnamic/HCN B.V.NetherlandsConduent Business Services (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsMarket Line Peru S.A.C.PeruACS Solutions Penu S.A.PeruConduent Business Services Philippines, Inc.PhilippinesConduent Solutions Poland Sp. Z.o.0.PolandACS Solutions Poland Sp. Z.o.0.PolandACS Solutions of Puerto Rico, Inc.Puerto RicoConduent Business Services Romania S.r.I.RomaniaConduent Business Services Romania S.r.I.RomaniaConduent Business Services Romania S.r.I.RomaniaConduent Business Services Romania S.r.I.RomaniaConduent Business Services Romania S.r.I.ScotlandConduent Business Services Romania S.r.I.ScotlandConduent Business Services Romania S.r.I.ScotlandConduent Business Services Romania S.r.I.ScotlandConduent Europe Finance Limited PartnershipScotlandWireless Data Services (Asia Pacific) PTE Ltd.SingaporeConduent Europe Fi	United Call Solutions (Jamaica) Limited	Jamaica
ACS Matta LimitedMattaConduent de Mexico, S.A. de C.V.MexicoConduent Solutions de Mexico, S. de R.L. de C.V.MexicoAdfiliated Computer Services International B.V.NetherlandsContinuum Global Solutions Holdings B.V.NetherlandsCustomer Helpline Holdings (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsUnamic Holding B.V.NetherlandsConduent Business Services (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsConduent Business Services Philippines, Inc.PeruACS Solutions Peru S.A.PeruConduent Business Services Philippines, Inc.PhilippinesConduent Business Services of Poland Sp. z.o.PolandACS Solutions Poland Sp. z.o.PolandACS Solutions of Puerto Rico, Inc.Puerto RicoConduent Business Solutions of Puerto Rico, Inc.Puerto RicoConduent Business Services (Asia Pacific) PTE Ltd.SingaporeConduent Europe Finance Limited PartnershipSingaporeConduent Europe (Asia Pacific) PTE Ltd.South Africa	Affiliated Computer Services Holdings (Luxembourg) S.A.R.L.	Luxembourg
Conduent de Mexico, S. A. de C.V.MexicoConduent Solutions de Mexico, S. de R.L. de C.V.MexicoAffiliated Computer Services International B.V.NetherlandsContinuum Global Solutions Holdings B.V.NetherlandsCustomer Helpline Holdings (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsWilhaave Groep B.V.NetherlandsUnamic Holding B.V.NetherlandsUnamic/HCN B.V.NetherlandsConduent Business Services (Netherlands) B.V.PeruACS Solutions Peru S.A.PeruConduent Business Services Philippines, Inc.PeruConduent Business Services Philippines, Inc.PolandACS Solutions Poland Sp. Z.o.o.PolandACS Solutions Poland Sp. Z.o.o.PolandACS Solutions Poland Sp. Z.o.o.PolandACS Puerto Rico, LLCPuerto RicoConduent Business Solutions of Puerto Rico, Inc.Puerto RicoConduent Business Services (Asia Pacific) PTE Ltd.SolutandConduent Europe Finance Limited PartnershipSocoltandWireless Data Services (Asia Pacific) PTE Ltd.SingaporeConduent (PTY) LTDSouth Africa	Conduent Business Services Malaysia Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia
Conduent Solutions de Mexico, S. de R.L. de C.V.MexicoAffiliated Computer Services International B.V.NetherlandsContinuum Global Solutions Holdings B.V.NetherlandsCustomer Helpline Holdings (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsWilhaave Groep B.V.NetherlandsUnamic Holding B.V.NetherlandsUnamic/HCN B.V.NetherlandsConduent Business Services (Netherlands) B.V.PeruConduent Business Services (Netherlands) B.V.PeruConduent Business Services Philippines, Inc.PeruConduent Business Services Philippines, Inc.PolandACS Solutions Philippines, Inc.PolandACS Solutions Poland Sp. Z.o.O.PolandACS Puerto Rico, LLCPuerto RicoConduent Business Solutions of Puerto Rico, Inc.Puerto RicoConduent Business Services (Namia S.I.I.RomaniaConduent Europe Finance Limited PartnershipScotlandWireless Data Services (Asia Pacific) PTE Ltd.SingaporeConduent (PTY) LTDSouth Africa	ACS Malta Limited	Malta
Affiliated Computer Services International B.V.NetherlandsContinuum Global Solutions Holdings B.V.NetherlandsCustomer Helpline Holdings (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsWilhaave Greep B.V.NetherlandsUnamic/HCN B.V.NetherlandsUnamic/HCN B.V.NetherlandsConduent Business Services (Netherlands) B.V.PeruACS Solutions Peru S.A.PeruConduent Business Services Philippines, Inc.PhilippinesConduent Business Services of Poland Sp. Z.o.O.PolandACS Solutions Poland Sp. Z.o.O.PolandACS Solutions Poland Sp. Z.o.O.PolandACS Puerto Rico, LLCPuerto RicoConduent Business Solutions of Puerto Rico, Inc.Puerto RicoConduent Business Services Romania S.r.I.RomaniaConduent Europe Finance Limited PartnershipScotlandWireless Data Services (Asia Pacific) PTE Ltd.SingaporeConduent (PTY) LTDSouth Africa	Conduent de Mexico, S.A. de C.V.	Mexico
Continuum Global Solutions Holdings B.V.NetherlandsCustomer Helpline Holdings (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsWilhaave Groep B.V.NetherlandsUnamic Holding B.V.NetherlandsUnamic/HCN B.V.NetherlandsConduent Business Services (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsMarket Line Peru S.A.C.PeruACS Solutions Peru S.A.PeruConduent Business Services Philippines, Inc.PhilippinesConduent Business Services Of Poland Sp. Z.o.o.PolandACS Solutions Poland Sp. Z.o.o.PolandACS Solutions of Puerto Rico, Inc.Puerto RicoConduent Business Services Romania S.r.I.RomaniaConduent Business Services (Netherlands) B.V.ScotlandWilleass Services Romania S.r.I.ScotlandConduent Business Services Romania S.r.I.ScotlandConduent Business Services Romania S.r.I.ScotlandConduent Europe Finance Limited PartnershipScotlandWireless Data Services Romania S.r.I.ScotlandConduent (PTY) LTDSouth Africa	Conduent Solutions de Mexico, S. de R.L. de C.V.	Mexico
Customer Helpline Holdings (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsWilhaave Groep B.V.NetherlandsUnamic Holding B.V.NetherlandsUnamic/HCN B.V.NetherlandsConduent Business Services (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsMarket Line Peru S.A.C.PeruACS Solutions Peru S.A.PeruConduent Business Services Philippines, Inc.PhilippinesConduent Solutions Philippines, Inc.PhilippinesACS Solutions Poland Sp. Z.o.o.PolandAffiliated Computer Services of Poland Sp. z.o.o.PolandACS Puerto Rico, LLCPuerto RicoConduent Business Services Romania S.r.I.RomaniaConduent Europe Finance Limited PartnershipScotlandWireless Data Services (Asia Pacific) PTE Ltd.SingaporeConduent (PTY) LTDSouth Africa	Affiliated Computer Services International B.V.	Netherlands
Wilhave Groep B.V.NetherlandsUnamic Holding B.V.NetherlandsUnamic/HCN B.V.NetherlandsConduent Business Services (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsMarket Line Peru S.A.C.PeruACS Solutions Peru S.A.PeruConduent Business Services Philippines, Inc.PhilippinesConduent Solutions Philippines, Inc.PhilippinesACS Solutions Poland Sp. Z.o.o.PolandACS Solutions Opland Sp. Z.o.o.PolandACS Puerto Rico, LLCPuerto RicoConduent Business Services Romania S.r.I.Puerto RicoConduent Business Services Romania S.r.I.ScotlandConduent Europe Finance Limited PartnershipScotlandWireless Data Services (Asia Pacific) PTE Ltd.SingaporeConduent (PTY) LTDSouth Africa	Continuum Global Solutions Holdings B.V.	Netherlands
Unamic Holding B.V.NetherlandsUnamic/HCN B.V.NetherlandsConduent Business Services (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsMarket Line Peru S.A.C.PeruACS Solutions Peru S.A.PeruConduent Business Services Philippines, Inc.PhilippinesConduent Solutions Philippines, Inc.PhilippinesConduent Solutions Philippines, Inc.PolandACS Solutions Poland Sp. Z.o.O.PolandACS Solutions Poland Sp. Z.o.O.PolandACS Solutions Poland Sp. Z.o.O.PolandACS Suerto Rico, LLCPuerto RicoConduent Business Solutions of Puerto Rico, Inc.Puerto RicoConduent Business Services Romania S.r.I.RomaniaConduent Europe Finance Limited PartnershipScotlandVireless Data Services (Asia Pacific) PTE Ltd.SingaporeConduent (PTY) LTDSouth Africa	Customer Helpline Holdings (Netherlands) B.V.	Netherlands
Unamic/HCN B.V.NetherlandsConduent Business Services (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsMarket Line Peru S.A.C.PeruACS Solutions Peru S.A.PeruConduent Business Services Philippines, Inc.PhilippinesConduent Solutions Philippines, Inc.PhilippinesACS Solutions Poland Sp. Z.o.o.PolandACS Puerto Rico, LLCPuerto RicoConduent Business Services Romania S.r.I.Puerto RicoConduent Business Services (Asia Pacific) PTE Ltd.ScotlandVireless Data Services (Asia Pacific) PTE Ltd.SingaporeConduent (PTY) LTDSouth Africa	Wilhaave Groep B.V.	Netherlands
Conduent Business Services (Netherlands) B.V.NetherlandsMarket Line Peru S.A.C.PeruACS Solutions Peru S.A.PeruConduent Business Services Philippines, Inc.PhilippinesConduent Solutions Philippines, Inc.PhilippinesACS Solutions Poland Sp. Z.o.o.PolandAffiliated Computer Services of Poland Sp. z.o.o.PolandACS Puerto Rico, LLCPuerto RicoConduent Business Services Romania S.r.l.Puerto RicoConduent Europe Finance Limited PartnershipScotlandVireless Data Services (Asia Pacific) PTE Ltd.SingaporeConduent (PTY) LTDSouth Africa	Unamic Holding B.V.	Netherlands
Market Line Peru S.A.C.PeruACS Solutions Peru S.A.PeruConduent Business Services Philippines, Inc.PhilippinesConduent Solutions Philippines, Inc.PhilippinesACS Solutions Poland Sp. Z.o.o.PolandACS Solutions Poland Sp. Z.o.o.PolandAffiliated Computer Services of Poland Sp. z.o.o.PolandACS Puerto Rico, LLCPuerto RicoConduent Business Solutions of Puerto Rico, Inc.Puerto RicoConduent Business Services Romania S.r.l.RomaniaConduent Europe Finance Limited PartnershipScotlandWireless Data Services (Asia Pacific) PTE Ltd.SingaporeConduent (PTY) LTDSouth Africa	Unamic/HCN B.V.	Netherlands
ACS Solutions Peru S.A.PeruConduent Business Services Philippines, Inc.PhilippinesConduent Solutions Philippines, Inc.PhilippinesACS Solutions Poland Sp. Z.o.o.PolandACS Solutions Poland Sp. Z.o.o.PolandAffiliated Computer Services of Poland Sp. z.o.o.PolandACS Puerto Rico, LLCPuerto RicoConduent Business Solutions of Puerto Rico, Inc.Puerto RicoConduent Business Services Romania S.r.I.RomaniaConduent Europe Finance Limited PartnershipScotlandWireless Data Services (Asia Pacific) PTE Ltd.SingaporeConduent (PTY) LTDSouth Africa	Conduent Business Services (Netherlands) B.V.	Netherlands
Conduent Business Services Philippines, Inc.PhilippinesConduent Solutions Philippines, Inc.PhilippinesACS Solutions Poland Sp. Z.o.o.PolandACS Solutions Poland Sp. Z.o.o.PolandAffiliated Computer Services of Poland Sp. z.o.o.PolandACS Puerto Rico, LLCPuerto RicoConduent Business Solutions of Puerto Rico, Inc.Puerto RicoConduent Business Services Romania S.r.l.RomaniaConduent Europe Finance Limited PartnershipScotlandWireless Data Services (Asia Pacific) PTE Ltd.SingaporeConduent (PTY) LTDSouth Africa	Market Line Peru S.A.C.	Peru
Conduent Solutions Philippines, Inc.PhilippinesACS Solutions Poland Sp. Z.o.o.PolandAffiliated Computer Services of Poland Sp. z.o.o.PolandAffiliated Computer Services of Poland Sp. z.o.o.PolandACS Puerto Rico, LLCPuerto RicoConduent Business Solutions of Puerto Rico, Inc.Puerto RicoConduent Business Services Romania S.r.l.RomaniaConduent Europe Finance Limited PartnershipScotlandWireless Data Services (Asia Pacific) PTE Ltd.SingaporeConduent (PTY) LTDSouth Africa	ACS Solutions Peru S.A.	Peru
ACS Solutions Poland Sp. Z.o.o.PolandAffiliated Computer Services of Poland Sp. z.o.o.PolandACS Puerto Rico, LLCPuerto RicoConduent Business Solutions of Puerto Rico, Inc.Puerto RicoConduent Business Services Romania S.r.l.RomaniaConduent Europe Finance Limited PartnershipScotlandWireless Data Services (Asia Pacific) PTE Ltd.SingaporeConduent (PTY) LTDSouth Africa	Conduent Business Services Philippines, Inc.	Philippines
Affiliated Computer Services of Poland Sp. z.o.o.PolandACS Puerto Rico, LLCPuerto RicoConduent Business Solutions of Puerto Rico, Inc.Puerto RicoConduent Business Services Romania S.r.l.RomaniaConduent Europe Finance Limited PartnershipScotlandWireless Data Services (Asia Pacific) PTE Ltd.SingaporeConduent (PTY) LTDSouth Africa	Conduent Solutions Philippines, Inc.	Philippines
ACS Puerto Rico, LLCPuerto RicoConduent Business Solutions of Puerto Rico, Inc.Puerto RicoConduent Business Services Romania S.r.l.RomaniaConduent Europe Finance Limited PartnershipScotlandWireless Data Services (Asia Pacific) PTE Ltd.SingaporeConduent (PTY) LTDSouth Africa	ACS Solutions Poland Sp. Z.o.o.	Poland
Conduent Business Solutions of Puerto Rico, Inc.Puerto RicoConduent Business Services Romania S.r.l.RomaniaConduent Europe Finance Limited PartnershipScotlandWireless Data Services (Asia Pacific) PTE Ltd.SingaporeConduent (PTY) LTDSouth Africa	Affiliated Computer Services of Poland Sp. z.o.o.	Poland
Conduent Business Services Romania S.r.l.RomaniaConduent Europe Finance Limited PartnershipScotlandWireless Data Services (Asia Pacific) PTE Ltd.SingaporeConduent (PTY) LTDSouth Africa	ACS Puerto Rico, LLC	Puerto Rico
Conduent Europe Finance Limited PartnershipScotlandWireless Data Services (Asia Pacific) PTE Ltd.SingaporeConduent (PTY) LTDSouth Africa	Conduent Business Solutions of Puerto Rico, Inc.	Puerto Rico
Wireless Data Services (Asia Pacific) PTE Ltd.SingaporeConduent (PTY) LTDSouth Africa	Conduent Business Services Romania S.r.I.	
Conduent (PTY) LTD South Africa	Conduent Europe Finance Limited Partnership	Scotland
	Wireless Data Services (Asia Pacific) PTE Ltd.	51
Conduent Business Services S L Spain		
	Conduent Business Services, S.L.	Spain

Xerox Business Solutions Spain, S.L.	Spain
Conduent Holdings (St. Lucia) Ltd.	St. Lucia
Affiliated Computer Services GmbH	Switzerland
Conduent Business Solutions AG	Switzerland
Continuum Global Musteri Hizmetleri Limited Sirketi	Turkey
Conduent Accounts Receivable Ltd.	United Kingdom
Conduent Business Process Solutions Limited	United Kingdom
Conduent Parking Enforcement Solutions Limited	United Kingdom
Wireless Data Services Limited	United Kingdom

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in the Registration Statements on Form S-8 (No. 333-215361) of Conduent Incorporated of our report dated February 26, 2020, relating to the financial statements, financial statement schedule, and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, which appears in this Form 10-K.

/S/ PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS LLP

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Florham Park, New Jersey February 26, 2020

CEO CERTIFICATIONS

I, Clifford Skelton, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Conduent Incorporated;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light
 of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

February 26, 2020

/s/ CLIFFORD SKELTON

Clifford Skelton Principal Executive Officer

CFO CERTIFICATIONS

I, Brian Webb-Walsh, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Conduent Incorporated;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light
 of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

February 26, 2020

/s/ BRIAN WEBB-WALSH

Brian Webb-Walsh Principal Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION OF CEO AND CFO PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. § 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO § 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Form 10-K of Conduent Incorporated, a New York corporation (the "Company"), for the year ended December 31, 2017, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), Clifford Skelton, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, and Brian Webb-Walsh, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, each hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, to the best of his/her knowledge, that:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ CLIFFORD SKELTON

Clifford Skelton Chief Executive Officer February 26, 2020

/s/ BRIAN WEBB-WALSH

Brian Webb-Walsh Chief Financial Officer February 26, 2020

This certification accompanies this Report pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and shall not, except to the extent required by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, be deemed filed by the Company for purposes of § 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

A signed original of this written statement required by § 906 has been provided to Conduent Incorporated and will be retained by Conduent Incorporated and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.